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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XXV No. 124. BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MAY 27, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

CITY MUTTON STRIKE TO BE CALLED OFF

Egypt Enters League

Formal Admission At Extra-ordinary Session To-day

The League of Nations, Indian Bureau, Bombay, has issued the following note:—

Egypt will be formally admitted to the membership of the League of Nations to-day, May 27th, at an extraordinary session of the Assembly convened for this purpose at the instance of many States' Members of the League.

IN SPIRIT OF COVENANT

A broadcast talk by the Information Section of the League in connection with this subject states:—

"The day on which Egypt enters into the League of Nations will not only set a seal upon the full sovereignty of that country; it will also mark the growth of the influence and authority of the League of Nations. The corner of the world which has, since the earliest days of western history, been considered the key to three Continents will give its undertaking to respect the letter and the spirit of the League Covenant.—A.P.

HOW IT CAME ABOUT

(From A Correspondent.)

The meeting of the Assembly of the League of Nations which will formally admit Egypt as an independent member of the International Community of nations takes place on the 27th inst.

For Egypt, this meeting will mark a second step in the space of three weeks on the road towards the development of her national liberty. On May 8th, Egypt was freed for ever from the system of capitulations and entered into the international community as a free and independent entity. On May 27th, she will take her place among the sovereign States Members of the League of Nations and will find a warm welcome awaiting her there.

HOW IT CAME ABOUT.

How has this all come about? For the last three months, since the 27th February, twenty-four countries have one after another written to the Egyptian Government urging them to make their country a candidate for membership of the League of Nations. Egypt has been assured in advance of her welcome. Here is a list of the countries who wrote to her: Iraq, Switzerland, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Greece, Turkey, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Austria, Union of South Africa, Australia, Colombia, Iran, Afghanistan, Belgium, Hungary, New Zealand, Mexico, Cuba, Chile, Portugal, France, China, East and West, North and South, all continents are welcoming this new Member.

The reply which Egypt made was contained in a letter addressed to the Secretary General of the League of Nations by Wacyf Boutrus Ghali Pacha, the Minister of Foreign Affairs. This letter assured the Secretary General that Egypt had always been very much interested in the work of the League of Nations and even while a non-Member had done her best to assist the League in its work with some special questions. One recalls, in this connection, the excellent aid which Egyptian authorities have always given in the League's campaign against the traffic in opium and other dangerous drugs. The Minister for Foreign Affairs asked the Secretary-General to bring Egypt's candidature for membership before the early meeting of the League Assembly. A second letter, written a few days later, further said that the Egyptian Government had the sincere intention of keeping its international undertakings and promised to accept the regulations established by the League of Nations with regard to military, naval and air forces and armaments.

On the 11th March, the British Government suggested that advantage might be taken of the regular meeting of the Council for the end of May to hold a special meeting of the Assembly. On the 13th March, the Secretary-General followed up this proposal by suggesting that this Assembly might take place on the 26th May. It was upon this date that the Governments Members of the League finally agreed.

Plan To Prop Up Puppet Cabinets

ALL INDIA PARTY TO BE FORMED?

Ministers From 10 Provinces Confer At Simla

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, May 26.

I understand that Provincial Ministers numbering ten present at Simla in connection with the Cattle Conference met together last night at Hotel Ceci and had informal discussion on political matters.

TO PROP UP MINISTRIES

The one idea which appears to have been mooted was the organisation of an All-India Party with a view to prop up Interim Ministries and allied interests.

KHER REPLIES TO JAMNADAS

Lokamanya Would Not Have Allowed Office Acceptance Without Assurances

BELAPUR, May 26.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Leader of the Congress Party in the Bombay Legislative Assembly, addressed a public meeting at Puntamba on Wednesday morning.

Injustice To Tilak

Explaining the political situation, he said it was a misrepresentation of the doctrines of Lokamanya Tilak and an injustice to his memory to say that he would have permitted the acceptance of Ministerships without an assurance.

Reply To Jamnadas

Mr. B. G. Kher asked: "Who could be greater reactionaries, whom Mr. Jamnadas Mehta had said he wished to keep out of power, than Sir D. B. Cooper and Sir S. T. Kambli?

Ministry's Futile Attempt

"It is the duty of every Indian not to hinder the struggle for freedom. The present Ministry has no hold over the public mind and will not succeed in deflecting the loyalty of the people from the Congress by an attractive programme when it has no points of contact with the voters. The Congress following is increasing in spite of the activities of the detractors."—A. P.

IMPERIAL CONFERENCE

Hoare Addresses Delegates On Naval Situation

LONDON, May 26.

Sir Samuel Hoare addressed the principal delegates to the Imperial Conference on the Naval situation at No. 10, Downing Street when Mr. Baldwin presided.

A communique states that after further discussion on the general situation regarding Defence, the meeting adjourned till tomorrow.

Reuter understands that this sitting will be partly devoted to a review of the economic situation. Later on the Conference will discuss Colonial matters.—Reuter.

DERBY FINAL ACCEPTORS

"Steve" To Ride Renardo: Gordon Richards For Pascal

LONDON, May 26.

The following are Derby final acceptors with jockeys:—

CASHBOOK (Jones).
GOYASECOND (Elliott).
FRANKHALS (Simpson).
SOLFO (Lowrey).
SNOWFALL (Perryman).
INGLEFIELD (Maher).
GAINSBOROUGHLASS (Harry-wragg).
LEGRANDDUC (Smirke)
SCARLETPLUME (Sirett).
MIDDAYSUN (Beary).
PASCAL (Gordon Richards).
FAIRFORD (Weston).
THE HOUR (E. Smith).
FULLSAIL (Nevett).
BATTLEROYAL (Packham).
LEKSAR (Semblatt).
RENARDO (Steve Donoghue)
PERIFOX (Patbeasley).

No Jockeys have selected for the following:

HONQUAN, WINNEBAR, SANDSPRITE, LEBAMBINO.—Reuter.

Viceroy To Resign?

LUCKNOW, May 26.

Commenting editorially on Mr. Asaf Ali's statement under the caption "Silence on Olympus" the "Pioneer" says: When the dangers of long range negotiations conducted in public have been so often recognised and acknowledged, it does seem curious that it should be left to Lord Zetland and Mr. Butler to reply to Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress."

The paper further adds: "At the moment there is a feeling in the country that nothing is being done and that the Viceroy has been somehow "sidetracked."

We ourselves have heard from three separate and not ill-informed quarters in the last week that he is at loggerheads with the Secretary of State and is contemplating resignation.—A. P.

PARTING GIFT TO M. P.s

Baldwin Suggests Rising Commoner's Salary By 100 Sterling

LONDON, May 26.

There was a valedictory atmosphere in the Premier's room in the House of Commons to-day when Mr. Baldwin presided over his last Cabinet meeting which mainly discussed the possible parting present to the members of the House of Commons.

It is understood Mr. Baldwin told his colleagues that he felt a rise of salary to the members of the House of Commons was fully justified. The rise probably will be a hundred a year making the members' salaries 500 sterling, costing approximately an additional 60,000 sterling annually.—Reuter.

PROBLEM OF MIXED MARRIAGES

Strong Commission To Investigate

PARYS, May 26.

Addressing a meeting here today the Hon. Mr. Pirow announced that a strong Commission will be appointed to investigate the whole question of mixed marriages. He said that Minister Hofmeyr was just as much opposed to mixed marriages as anybody and just as much opposed to the employment of White girls by Asiatics.

The only difference—a difference similar to many others in all other political parties—was whether the question was soluble by legislation and what form such legislation should take. There was not the least doubt that the whole Cabinet and the whole Opposition would submit what the nation requested them.

For this reason a strong Commission would be appointed to investigate the whole question of mixed marriages.—Reuter.

"PERIFOX" WORKING WELL

LONDON, May 26.

The Derby runner "Perifox" is now working well. To-day he strode out freely and appeared perfectly sound.—Reuter's Special.

Jute Workers' Charge Against Minister

BREACH OF TERMS OF SETTLEMENT

Central Committee Demands Court Of Inquiry

CALCUTTA, May 26.

In a lengthy communication to the press the General Secretary of the All-Bengal Jute Workers Central Strike Committee says that a statement in the name of the Labour Minister directly addressing the jute workers and sontaining baseless allegations against the strike leaders as well as certain objectionable suggestions is being circulated in different languages in the mill area.

BREACH OF TERMS

This, the Committee feels, is in direct breach of both the letter and spirit of the Terms of Settlement agreed to by the Labour Minister as well as the assurances given by him along with the Chief Minister prior to the strike being called off.

MINISTER'S ACTIVITIES

The Committee makes special reference to meetings addressed by the Labour Minister when the strike was still in progress advising them to resume work and says that even the previous bureaucratic Government never worked in the manner in which he has done.

On the contrary during the jute strike of 1929 the Government intervened as mediators and brought about a direct settlement between the employers and workers' representatives.

Referring to the recognition of what is described as "genuine" Trade Unions, the Committee claims that the Union of the jute workers is in a position to mobilise ten to fifteen thousand men in any centre at a moment's notice.

Finally the Committee accuses the Jute Mills Association of not only showing no concern to respect the terms of settlement, but also of denying the charges of victimisation of hundreds of workers, which the Committee is in a position to "prove to the hilt."

"INEVITABLE HAS HAPPENED"

CALCUTTA, May 26.

Questioned as to what happened at the private conference with the Chief Minister last night a prominent official of the Jute Workers' Union stated that members of the Strike Committee pointed out that the inevitable had happened and the Jute Mills Association were apparently trying to back out of the position regarding the assurances given by it, following which the labour leaders were prevailed upon to call off the strike.

PAST EXPERIENCE

Members of the Committee also submitted that their fear that nothing would be done by the Association by way of redressing grievances of the men if the strike was called off had come true. They added that from past experience they had known that employers turned a deaf ear to the grievances of employees unless pressure was brought to bear on them.

HISTORY REPEATING ITSELF.

The present instance was history repeating itself as the Association seemed to think that it would be difficult for the Union to bring out the men for a second time so soon as this. The Chief Minister viewed the situation sympathetically and is reported to have said that it was a case of statement versus statement and the whole thing was a matter for enquiry. He suggested that the Committee should supply concrete cases of victimization to the Government in order to facilitate an enquiry.—A.P.

STRIKE COMMITTEE'S FUTURE PLANS

CALCUTTA, May 26.

It is understood that the All-Bengal Jute Workers Central Strike Committee has not yet decided its future plan of action, but the leaders are visiting the different centres this evening.—A.P.

JUTE WORKERS DEMAND INQUIRY

Victimisation Charge Against Owners

CALCUTTA, May 26.

"The Jute Mills Association far from showing any concern to respect the terms of settlement and the assurance given by Government has the effrontery to come out with a statement denying altogether our charges about the victimisation of hundreds of workers:

We are prepared to prove to the hilt that numerous cases of victimisation are going on and when the Jute Mills Association denies this altogether, it is upto Government now to appoint immediately an impartial enquiry committee to enquire into the matter."

REJOINDER TO OWNERS

This demand is made by the Secretariat of the Central Strike Committee in the course of a press statement issued to-day by way of a rejoinder to the statement made yesterday by the Jute Mills Association categorically denying the allegations of the Victimisation of strikers.

The Strike Committee further demands that a Court of Enquiry should immediately be appointed to enquire into the question of wages and powers of Sardars and overseers in the matter of dismissal and other cases and to have a thorough investigation promised by the Ministry.—United Press.

Fazlul Huq's Statement

CALCUTTA, May 26.

Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Chief Minister, has issued the following statement:—

"I had intended to issue a statement, but now that the Labour Minister is here I don't think it necessary to do so. He is investigating all facts and I understand that he will make a statement in due course.

As regards the report about my

(Continued on page 7 col. 5)

BUTCHERS TO RESUME FROM TO-DAY

MUNICIPALITY TO WITHDRAW CASES

MUTTON STRIKE IN THE CITY HAS VIRTUALLY COME TO AN END.

IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT AT THE MEETING ON WEDNESDAY, BUTCHERS EXPRESSED THEIR RESOLVE TO RESUME WORK FROM TO-DAY (THURSDAY) AND HENCE MUTTON-DEALERS WOULD START SELLING MUTTON FROM FRIDAY.

The promise of withdrawal of remaining cases by Municipal authorities in case strike is called off, immediately seems to have hurried up settlement. No official statement on resumption of work has been issued by the union authorities.

Cases Postponed To Provide Time

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The cases against the meat stallholders for conducting their trade without liecnces from the Municipal Commissioner, were postponed to Thursday by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, on an application made by Mr. R. Clubwalla, the Municipal Solicitor.

It was stated that certain negotiations were going on between the accused in the cases and the Commissioner with a view to end the present dispute. Pending the result of those negotiations he asked for a short adjournment.

No Coal Strike

LONDON, May 26.

There is now every likelihood that the National Coal Stoppage due to begin on May 28 will be averted, the two rival Unions in Nottinghamshire having reached a provisional agreement to amalgamate. The delegate Conference of the Mineworkers Federation will meet in London to-morrow and probably withdraw the National Strike notices.—Reuter's Special.

SUBHAS SUFFERS FROM TONSILLITIS

DALHOUSIE May 26.

Dr. Dharmvir has issued the following bulletin regarding Mr. Subhas Bose's health:

"Since my last bulletin issued a few days ago from here, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose has had an attack of tonsillitis and has to discontinue his walks and stay indoor. This appears to be a recrudescence of the trouble from which he suffered during the last twelve months. It is hoped that this condition will subside in a few days."—United Press.

STOP PRESS

Aga Khan Welcomes Egypt's Entry

GENEVA, May 26.

The Aga Khan welcoming Egypt said to Indian eyes no addition to League would be more significant, for Egypt was the meeting ground between East and West and connecting link between the two.—Reuter.

BUS STRIKE CALLED OFF

LONDON, May 26.

The London busmen will return on Friday. As a result of the Conference at the Ministry of Labour to-night it was announced all bus strikers should report for duty on Friday and they will be reinstated in former employment and the period of strike will not be deemed as break in their service.—Reuter.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 ANNA PER WORD—MINIMUM RE. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the Sentinel at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No. (——) The Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

A Saraswat, bachelor, European qualification, salary over Rs. 400 p.m., desires to marry, no subcaste restrictions. Correspondence must be confidential. Write Box No. 8394, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Educated and Accomplished Bride, virgin or child-widow, age 25-30, for Saraswat in Service, just completed 40, annual income over 1,650. No caste restrictions. Correspondence confidential. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 8407, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Suitable Match for a handsome, healthy, educated Vaish Agrawal boy aged 22 years, of independent means with income of Rs. 2,000 per month. Correspondence strictly confidential. Apply with particulars of status etc., to Box No. 8406, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Smart and Decent Canvassers on liberal terms, pay and commission, to work in Bombay and outside Bombay. Apply with testimonials and recent photo to Box No. 8416, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Typist, retired Station Master, Compositor and Lady Assistant (Apprentice). Write: Royal College, Main Road, Dadar (8409)

Wanted a British Qualified Experienced Medical Man as Resident Medical Officer for Bhatia General Hospital. Apply to Hon. Secretary with copies of certificates. Hindu preferred. (8419)

Wanted energetic Canvassers to sell Silk, Sarees, Shirtings and Suitings cloths and Hosiery for a firm of 22 years' standing. Pay Rs. 150 with extra bonus. Apply sharp to the Gupta Hosiery Mills, registered, Ludhiana. (8389)

47. CASUAL WORK

Part-time Correspondence work in English, either regularly or piecemeal, for firms or individuals, undertaken by an experienced businessman on very reasonable terms. Write Box No. 8404. "Bombay Chronicle."

147. SCHOOLS (UPCOUNTRY)

Wanted—Matriculates for admission into the Overseer Class of The Civil Engineering School, Lucknow, Recognised by the U. P. Government. Applications for July session 1937 are being considered now. Apply for free Prospectus and admission form to the Principal. (5440)

Sheth Lalbhai Dalpatbhai Arts College will be started by the Ahmedabad Education Society on 20th June, 1937, on receipt of Government sanction. This College will run classes with honours in English, Mathematics, Sanskrit, Gujarati, Logic and Philosophy and History and Economics and pass courses in French, Persian and Ardhamagadhi. Students desirous of joining the College should send in their applications to the Principal along with Rs. 5 as earnest money. Forms of application can be had from the College Office on payment of one anna each between 2 and 6 p.m. J. H. Divan, Secretary, Ahmedabad Education Society, 13th May 1937, Shantisadan, Mirzapur Road, Ahmedabad. (5473)

153. CLASSES

Wanted candidates for Telegraph and Station Master class. Allowance Rs. 28. Uniform, passage and quarter free. Service essential. Rules and Entrance form on annas eight. Director, Royal Telegraph and Ry. Duties College, Bombay 14. (8329)

155. TECHNICAL INSTITUTES

Wanted candidates to qualify Civil Engineers by Post. British India Technical College (Deptt. B), Sukkur (Sind). (8361)

158. PROFESSORS

Wanted an Assistant Professor in Mathematics. Minimum qualification 1st Class M.A. or M.Sc. with distinction. Salary Rs. 100-20|2-200. Applications stating age, experience and qualifications should reach the Secretary, Ahmedabad Education Society, Shanti Sadan, Mirzapur Road, Ahmedabad, on or before the 3rd of June. (5530)

271. PLUMBERS

Wanted an Experienced Plumber on monthly salary. Apply with testimonials to Dr. Hakim Erachsha Building, Fort. (8411)

345. COMMERCIAL TRAINING

Expert Individual Tuition in Shorthand, Typewriting, Accountancy, General Commercial Knowledge, Correspondence, Secretaryship, French, German and other languages are taught by New Cine-Phone Method. New term commences from 1st June 1937. Apply Lentin's Commercial College, 33, Meadows Street. (8403)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

MUSLIM UNIVERSITY ALIGARH

NOTICE.

The next Session of the Aligarh Muslim University will commence as follows:—

1. Training College—15th June, 1937.
2. Arts, Science, Law, etc.—1st July, 1937.

The Admissions to the University Classes except B. T. will begin from the 25th June, 1937. The Admission to the B.T. Class will be held on the 15th June, 1937. The last date for receiving applications for admission to the B. T. Class is 25th May, 1937 and for other classes 20th June, 1937. Prospectus giving conditions of admission and expenses, etc. can be had free of charge from the undersigned.

A. E. ZOBAIRI,
Registrar,
Muslim University, Aligarh.
(5451).

Public Notices.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

CHANGES IN RATES AND FARES.

In order that the public may be advised when changes in rates and fares are introduced on the G.I.P. Railway, an announcement will be inserted in this paper from time to time notifying the issue of G.I.P. Rates Circulars, which contain all changes in rates and fares both in local and in through booking with other Railways. 5504.

KHALSA COLLEGE.

MATUNGA (KING'S CIRCLE.)

COLLEGE OPENS on June 21st, teaches First year and Intermediate classes (Arts & Science). Open to all classes and communities Rs. 5,000 reserved for scholarships and concessions. Eminent professoriate with long experience and foreign qualifications. Hostel accommodation provided for ladies and gentlemen. Evening classes also being arranged. Admission already begun. Admission forms and Prospectus can be had from the College office from 9 A.M. to 1 P.M.

KASHMIRA SINGH,
Principal.
5500.

NOTICE.

H.H. THE MAHARANI CHIMNABAI SAHEB GAEKWAD SCHOLARSHIP TRUST FUND.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of the General Hindu Public that the Trustees of the above fund propose to give about 60 scholarships for the year 1937-38 to deserving Hindu Girls, who are studying in High Schools, Arts, Science and Medical Colleges of the Baroda State or in Bombay Presidency (excepting Sind and other Indian States).

The applicants will be required to submit certificates regarding studies, character, attendance, progress and financial condition of parents, etc.

Applications must be in prescribed form, which can be obtained from the Hon. Secretary and must be sent duly filled in by 10th July 1937 addressed to the Hon. Secretary.

Dr. B. C. LELE,
Hon. Secretary,
Trust Fund.

Date 25-5-1937.
Kothi Building, Baroda.

P.S.:—Girls studying in vernacular or anglo-vernacular standards should not apply as no scholarships are awarded to them. (5540)

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. MOTILAL TEJSEY, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 111 Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of Leasehold land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Telang Road in the City and Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, being Plot No. 337 of the Dadar-Matunga Estate of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 667 square yards or thereabouts and forming portion of New Survey No. 856 part and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 272/10 of Matunga Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward No. 7461(2) and Street No. 1028A and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the North-East by Plot No. 348, leased to Savailal Mohanlal and another, on or towards the South-East by the Plot No. 338 agreed to be leased to Chandrakant Thakorelal, on or towards the South-West by a Road 40 feet in width and on or towards the North-West by Plot No. 336 leased to the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd.

Dated this 25th day of May, 1937.

N. C. DALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(5539)

Public Notices.

THE MADRAS CO-OPERATIVE CENTRAL LAND MORTGAGE BANK, LTD
160, Mount Road, Madras.

20-year DEBENTURES bearing interest at 3 per cent per annum payable half-yearly are now issued by the Bank.

The PRINCIPAL of and INTEREST on the DEBENTURES are guaranteed by the GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS. The DEBENTURES are TRUSTEE SECURITIES.

Arrangements have been made to receive and make payments on behalf of this Bank at par in Bombay.

For further particulars apply to the SECRETARY.

(5503).

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client has contracted to purchase from Messrs. MANCHERJI CURSETJI WADIA and JEHANGIR PESTONJI WADIA, the present Trustees of the estate of the late Mr. Cursetji Nowroji Wadia deceased all their right, title and interest as Inamdars under the Deed of Inam Grant, dated the 29th day of May, 1828, made between the Honourable the United Company of Merchants, trading with the East Indies of the one part and Nowroji Jamshedji, Muncherji Jamshedji and Dossabhoy Jamshedji (Master builder) of the other part and all other their right, title and interest in and in respect of the Inam Toka land hereunder written. All persons having any claims against the said property by way of Mortgage, sale, inheritance, gift, lease, lien, charge, use, trust or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of Inami Toka land situate, lying and being at Lalwady Soparibag Road Parel, without the Fort of Bombay in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 12026 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 2539 Cadastral Survey No. 52, Parel, Sewri Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward No. 113 (1A) Street No. 424A and F Ward Nos. 113 (1A), 113(1AB), 113(1AC), 113(1AD), 111(1), 113(4B), 113(4C), 113(4), 113(4A), 113(4E), 113(6) and Street Nos. 424B, 424C, 424D, 424E, 422A, 4DB, 4DC, 4D, 4DA, 424F, 422C and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by Soparibag Road aforesaid, on or towards the West partly by the property of Jam Mills Limited and partly that of the Islam Mills, on or towards the North by the property of the Islam Mills and on or towards the South partly by the property of Anandji Ladha and partly by the property of the said Jam Mills Limited

Dated this 25th day of May, 1937.

MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH HIRALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(5538).

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Devika Rani

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IN

PRATIBHA

A "SHALINI" SUPER HIT

with

DURGA KHOTE, K. DATEY, N. PHATAK, V. PAGNIS in the leading roles

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From SATURDAY Next

at

MAJESTIC

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Love—the eternal touchstone of Human Vanity!

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At the

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Matinee at 2-45. Daily at 5-15, 8, 10-30

MUSLIM MASS CONTACT DRIVE

A. I. C. C. Launches Propaganda Through Urdu Pamphlets

LAHORE: (By Mail).

The All-India Congress Committee has given practical effect to the recent suggestion of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru that an effective method of popularising the Congress ideals among the Muslim masses would be to clear misunderstandings and doubts through the distribution of Congress literature, preferably through the vernaculars, usually Urdu.

A circular from the Congress headquarters sent to all the provincial branches states that the A.I.C.C. Office will, from time to time, forward Urdu publications on behalf of the Muslim contact section of distribution to District and City Congress Committees in the provinces. The Provincial Committees shall inform the central office whether the literature is likely to be helpful in Congress work among Muslims and also to forward suggestions regarding the subject matter of subsequent pamphlets.

DISTRIBUTION OF LEAFLETS.

The A.I.C.C. it is added is preparing a list of persons throughout India who may take up the work of distribution of the literature or otherwise actively interest themselves in popularising Congress work among Muslims. The publications are intended to help them in meeting the different points of view of those whom they will meet.

The Provincial Committees have been asked to furnish addresses of Muslim religious schools and teachers to whom also the pamphlets will be sent.

MISUNDERSTANDING REMOVED

The first such pamphlet which has just been received for distribution deals with the question of the 'lingua franca' of India and an attempt has also been made to remove certain misunderstandings created by Mahatma Gandhi's participation in the Hindi Sahitya Sammelan at Madras, namely that Mahatma Gandhi's participation was in support of replacing Urdu by Hindi. The Pamphlet contains passages from Mahatma Gandhi's speech at the Sammelan explaining that by Hindi Mahatma Gandhi meant Hindustani.—A. P.

JAGDISH MILL STRIKERS HOLD ON

Sequel To Managements "No" To Demands

(From Our Correspondent)

BARODA: May 23.

The strike in the Jagdish Mill continues and the situation is now very critical.

At a meeting of the workers, held yesterday evening, it was announced that the management was not prepared to accede to the workers' demands and hence the question should be fought out on the straight issue.

The Strike Committee is meeting shortly to discuss the whole question. The Prajamandal is ready to help the workers with funds but it desires that the strike should be organised by the workers themselves.

The workers are passing a very pitiable life and the citizens of Baroda are contemplating starting a fund to help the poor strikers.

To-day is the thirty-first day of the strike.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

Khandesh Peasants Demand Revenue Reduction

(From Our Correspondent)

ASODA, June 26.

East Khandesh took a long step forward in its political evolution yesterday for that day for the first time in their history the peasants of East Khandesh assembled in a political Conference of their own to deliberate and decide upon their problems and those of their country in an organised manner.

Mr. J. Bukhari, who presided over the Conference, was given a tumultuous and an enthusiastic reception as he entered the village of Asoda accompanied by his Secretary. Headed by a martial band and flying innumerable National flags, he was led through the village in a huge procession to the open air Pandal where the Conference was to meet. Long before the arrival of the President more than a thousand peasants, hailing from the surrounding villages of Mamurabad, Bhadli, Jamod, Kanalada and several others had foregathered in the pandal anxiously awaiting the arrival of the President and the commencement of the Conference which was the first expression of their vital political needs.

The Chairman of the Reception Committee Mr. Surve welcoming the President informed him in a business-like manner of the numerous problems that were agitating the minds of the peasants of Khandesh and their role in the national struggle on the basis of these problems.

The Conference passed five important resolutions. One called for the immediate reduction by fifty per cent in the Land Revenue, Debt and Rent demand. The next condemned the present ministry and for not convening of the Assembly by the Governors. Yet another dealt with the repressive policy of the Government and called for an immediate release of all political prisoners and the repeal of all repressive legislation. The last one dealt with the fight of the People's Front Government in Spain against the revolt of the Fascists, congratulating it for its heroic resistance and declaring the solidarity of the peasants of Khandesh with the workers and peasants of Spain.

The Conference came to an end at 9-30 p.m. after having sat for four and a half hours with the singing of National Songs and cries of "Inquilab Zindabad."

BOY DECOYED TO CHOWPATTY AND ROBBED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

How successfully a man managed in removing a gold bali from the ear of a minor boy in broad daylight at Chowpatty, was narrated to-day in Girgaum Police Court, when Bhandu Desai stood charged with theft.

It was alleged that the suspect induced him to accompany him upto Chowpatty. There he is stated to have removed the ball from his ear.

Next day, when the accused was passing along Grant Road, uncle of the boy, who had seen the suspect with the boy at Chowpatty, met him. He informed the Police and the accused was put under arrest.

He was ordered to be remanded in Police custody till June 2.

NOTICE TO PHONOGRAM SUBSCRIBERS

With effect from the 1st June 1937, the phonogram subscribers will be able to ring up the Phonogram Section of the Central Telegraph Office, Bombay, from any of the following telephone numbers, which are reserved for the Phonograms:—27281 to 27290.

The old Phonogram numbers 26296 and 26297 will be discontinued from the same date.

Subscribers are, therefore, requested to please note the change and the additional telephone numbers allotted to the Phonogram service.—A.P.

TUBERCULAR CASES

Free Examination Of Sputum

The Executive Health Officer Public Health Department of the Bombay Municipality writes:

With a view to give facilities to the Medical Practitioner for diagnosing Plumonary Tuberculosis cases, sputum of the patients will be examined at the Municipal Laboratory free of charge. The Medical Practitioners intending to send specimen of suptum in such cases are requested to send to the Laboratory, smears of the sputum made on slides and fixed by heat.

Bombay Kannada Sangh Anniversary

The Hon. Secretary writes:—

The Bombay Kannada Sangha which is an organisation of Kannada speaking people of Bombay working for the development of Kannada language, art and culture is celebrating its first anniversary on an all-Karnatak basis on June 6 at Matunga.

His Holiness Jagadgur Sri Sankaracharya (Dr. Kurtukoti) the Patron-President of the Sangha has kindly consented to preside over the function.

Mr. Krishnarao Muduvedkar, the well-known Karnatak leader and scholar will deliver the annual address.

Mr. T. T. Sharma, the editor of "Visva Karnatak", Bangalore, will unveil the portrait of Nataka Siromani, the late A. V. Varadachar, the uncrowned king of Kannada Stage during his life time.

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SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regtd.) Sandhurst Road, Opp. Central Bank, Majestic Building, BOMBAY 4.

3 INJURED IN TRAIN COLLISION

The Divisional Superintendent at Lucknow, E. I. Railway, wires as follows under to-day's date:—

At approximately 5-0 a.m. on May 26, at Nigohan Station a collision occurred between 158 Down Passenger and 620 Down through Goods Train.

Two wagons of the goods train were derailed and the break van completely smashed. The engine of the Passenger train was derailed. The guard of the goods passengers travelling in 158 Down train was injured, two third-class Passenger Train were slightly injured.—A.P.

CONGRESS AND LABOUR

Mr. Roy Defines Attitude To Mass Contact

BOMBAY: Wednesday.

Mr. M. N. Roy was received by the "G" Ward Congress workers at the Ward Office on Tuesday night.

Mr. Roy gave an exposition of the 'mass contact' resolution passed at Faizpur and explained how it could be practically worked out from Congress viewpoint.

He urged the democratisation of the Congress, which, he said, could be achieved by building up and strengthening primary organisations.

Till the present time, said Mr. Roy the congress was only content in addressing the masses from the platform without taking up the concrete programme of the masses.

Primarily it was essential to hold membership meetings at regular intervals to clarify the ideology of the Congress which would be duly reflected in the work.

The Congress should take up the day-to-day struggles of the petty traders, shop-keepers, students, workers and peasants.

Further he said, the Congress should see that its decisions in the various disputes are observed by the parties.

At the end of the discourse a few questions were asked by some of those present.

It was asked as to how his attitude could be applicable in a specific case like that of a dispute between mill workers and a mill-owner who are all in the Congress and whether such an attitude of conciliation would amount to collaboration.

He said that the question did not arise o the Congress platform

With a vote of thanks proposed by Mr. Ishwarbhai Patel, President of the G Ward Congress the function terminated.

Death Sentence Confirmed

Mr. Justice Macklin and Mr. Justice Engineer at the vacation sitting of the Bombay High Court confirmed on Tuesday the sentence of death passed by the Sessions Judge of Nadiad on Khatu Badhar (30) and Babar Sallu (25), two agricultural labourers on a charge of committing the murder of a Police Constable.

WHEN MAN TURNS A BEAST

Chattari On Communal Trouble

LUCKNOW, May 25.

"There are so many evils, political, economic and social in this as in every country that one cannot help feeling genuinely sad about it, but the worst of all are the communal differences and when these communal feelings are excited and become active and violent man is often turned into a beast", says the Nawab of Chhatari, the Premier of the United Provinces in the course of an appeal in connection with the Shia-Sunni riot.

Pointing out the great power and responsibility of the press, the Premier particularly appeals to the vernacular Press to refrain from publishing matter which may excite communal feelings and appeals to the public to help the authorities to maintain the peace of the city.—A. P.

All-India Students Federation

LUCKNOW, May 25.

The second anuual session of the All-India Students Federation will be held in Madras in October. The United Provinces have suggested the names of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose and Mr. S. A. Brelvi for the presidentship.—A. P.

CASE AGAINST SCINDIAS

Alleged Suppression Of Pronote

The Chief Presidency Magistrate commenced to-day the hearing of the case in which Mr. Ardeshir R. Subedar, a shareholder of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., charged Mr. Walchand Hirachand and eight of his co-Directors, Accountant and Auditors of the Company with having concealed a promissory note of the value of Rs. 5 lacs passed by Messrs. Narrottam, Ltd., a subsidiary company of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company, in their favour.

The complainant appeared in person and led his evidence for the prosecution.

He stated that in 1922 eight directors of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company formed a subsidiary company known as Narottam Ltd. with a capital of Rs. 20 lacs, dividend into 100 shares of Rs. 10,000 each. The company later exercised their borrowing powers and, in accordance with a resolution passed on June 15, 1922, the Scindia Steam Navigation Co. agreed to lend Rs. 5 lacs carrying 9 per cent interest against a promissory note.

The complainant said that the directors had suppressed this promissory note and they had concealed it during the proceedings heard in the Court of Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala.

The Magistrate observed that the complainant could not charge the respondents for their failure to produce the Promissory note in Court.

Mr. Velinker for the defence pointed out to the Court that Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala in the course of his judgment had held that no such promissory note as complained of had even existed. The note in question was only contemplated but never passed or executed.

The complainant then called for the resolution of the Board of Directors of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company of June 15, 1922, wherein the company had agreed to lend the money to Narottam Ltd on a promissory note carrying 9 per cent was passed.

Mr. Velinker produced the Minute Book, in which the resolution was recorded.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The story of how one Nathalal Praladji was relieved of Rs. 1,000, while engaged in conversation with a friend of his, was narrated before Mr. D.N.D. Khandalavalla, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court when Tribhuwan Gordhan was placed before the Court on a remand application.

It was stated that the complainant collected Rs. 1,000 from a constituent of his master and was on his way home when one Bachoo Inejaram called him to his room. While the complainant and Bachoo were talking, two friends of Bachoo came into his room and remained there for about 15 minutes.

The complainant left the place soon after and when he examined the pocket in which he had placed Rs. 1,000 he found the whole amount missing. He hurried back to the room of Bachoo and found it locked.

On a complaint made to the Police, inquiries were made, and it was ascertained that Bachoo and one Jairam boarded together with the accused Tribhuwan Jairam is alleged have been seen in possession of 5 or 6 hundred rupee notes on that night. Bachu and Jairam were also seen together in Fort.

Both Bachu and Jairam are absconding and the accused was arrested.

Pending the completion of inquiries, the accused was remanded in custody.

A woman named Gangabai Sonu (35), living at Kurla, complained to her relatives on the 9th May, of giddiness. Immediate medical assistance was summoned and she was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital, the following day.

It was stated by her son at the inquest that the deceased drank liquor with something like milk, along with some persons. Soon after the deceased began to feel giddy.

The jury returned a verdict of accident whilst under the influence of intoxicants.

"The circumstances of this case disclose a lacuna in the Prevention of Gambling Act, namely, that assisting in the operations of gambling in the public street is not made punishable. So that if (as in this case), a person assists such street operations, as by making or preparing calculations of winnings or of hedging or otherwise, without being actually found gaming, he would not (it seems) come within the clutches of this Act. Whether this lacuna is intentional or accidental I am not able to say".

Mr. K. J. Khambata, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court, made this observation yesterday while acquitting Mahadeo Bhawoorao Vichare who was arrested on September 9 last for keeping or using his room as a common gaming house.

Burglary In Accused's House

Evidence showed that a burglary had been committed in Mahadeo's house on the day of his arrest and he had gone to the Maharbowrie Police Station to lodge a complaint against an acquaintance whom he suspected. The latter, it appeared retaliated by levelling the charge in the present case against Mahadeo.

It was eventually disclosed that the burglary had been committed by an entirely different person. He was arrested and convicted.

The Magistrate observed that it was clear that the man who told the Police that Mahadeo was keeping a gaming house, was himself accepting 'satta' bets on the road and Mahadeo had possibly assisted him in preparing accounts. But that did not prove the charge against Mahadeo. He, therefore, ordered the acquittal of the accused.

As no one came forward to claim a sum of Rs. 56 and a glass seized from the building, the court ordered them to be proclaimed.

An inquest was held to-day on the body of Valubai Vallabhdas (35), residing with her husband in a room on the ground floor of Radha Building at Girgaum Road.

She had been admitted into the G. T. Hospital yesterday morning for treatment of burns, where she died subsequently. Her husband was also in the same hospital for treatment of burns which he received while putting out the flames of his wife's sari. Valubai Vallabhdas was striking a match when her sari caught fire, which resulted in serious burns to her body.

It was stated by her husband that he heard shouts of his wife and on his going to her he found her enveloped in flames. While trying to put down the flames, he received burns on his hands, for which he is being detained in the hospital. He added that his wife was slightly deranged in mind. His wife died in the Hospital yesterday morning.

The City Coroner's Jury returned a verdict that death was by shock from extensive burns accidentally sustained.

A verdict of accidental death was returned to-day by the Bombay Coroner's Jury, at the inquest on Janakibai Narayan (30), residing at Bhivpuri Camp, Karjat, who was run over by a rail trolly on Andhra Valley Railway line in the early hours of the 19th instant. She was treated by the Assistant Medical Officer at Bhivpuri Camp and then sent to the J. J. Hospital the same day. The woman died on the 21st May.

Armed with a gaming warrant the Kalachowki Police raided Room No. 21 on the second floor of Padwal's Chawl at Arthur Road, at 10-30 p.m. on Tuesday.

They seized some papers with names and figures and put under arrest two persons found in the room.

The five persons were put up before the Presidency Magistrate, Additional Court, Dadar, to-day. Dhandiba Ramji was charged with being the keeper of a gaming house and the four others, Deoji Laxman Sawala Ganaji, Hari Babaji, and Tukaram Bhiwa were charged with laying sutta bets.

The accused were ordered to be released on bail till June 2.

The owner-driver of a car, who held an expired permit, is alleged to have driven his car negligently and caused injuries to a Muslim boy of 15 last evening.

In asking for the bail order of Abdullabhai Gulam Mohideen, the Mahim Police stated at the Additional Court, Dadar, to-day, that the accused was driving a car No. N-1036, towards Bandra along Lady Jamshedji Road on Tuesday evening. It is stated that the car ran straight into the boy and knocked him down. His right thigh was fractured and he is detained at the K. E. M. Hospital.

The accused was ordered to be released on bail till June 8th.

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Health is too important to risk for the sake of a few annas, so be sure to ask for the genuine MACLEAN BRAND STOMACH POWDER, under that exact name with the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN." It is not sold loose but only in bottles in cartons.

Always remember not to ask vaguely for Macleans. Ask specifically for MACLEAN BRAND STOMACH POWDER.

DON'T TRIFLE WITH YOUR HEALTH. AVOID IMITATIONS

Policy Of Drift In Relief Measures For Bhils

MEMBERS OF CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES DRIVEN FROM PILLAR TO POST?

(From Our Correspondent.)

DOHAD, May 25.

That the policy adopted by Government in conducting the relief works in Panchmahals is undoubtedly the policy of drift and not one started with a view to giving relief to the Bhils of the famine-stricken area, could be seen from the manner in which the works are being managed. At the time of the visit of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, the Finance Minister, to these famine-stricken areas it was decided to construct suitable midday shelters. No adequate number of them have been constructed and those put up are not worth the name as only a few posts with 'Tatas' over them form the shelters where no villagers like to rest they being no better than the open sites.

Other amenities too are most inadequately adopted, on the works area.

CATTLE-LIFTING.

Instances of thefts are reported to have taken place in villages of Nadhelos in Dohad taluka and Rallati in Jhalod taluka, where agricultural cattle about 15 in number have been stolen away by the thieves.

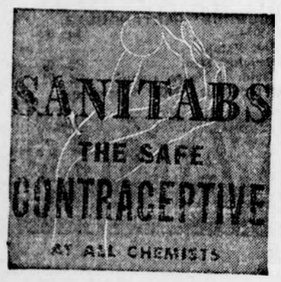
The members of the Co-operative Societies, presumably due to some administrative troubles, are refused 'Takavi' advances by the revenue officers, for the purchase of fodder and Government fodder also is not being supplied to them on the same terms as to other non-members. The revenue officers ask the Society members to approach the Coloperative Societies' authorities for the loans. But such loans have not been sanctioned by Co-operative Societies and hence the trouble. Whatever be the consequence in the controversy between the Co-operative Department and the Revenue Department, the members of the Bhil Co-operative are the direct sufferers. They are reported to be in a fix as to what they should do to save their cattle from dying.

AHRARS AND CONGRESS

MULTAN, May 24.

The Working Committee of the All-India Majlis-i-Ahrar, after prolonged discussions lasting 2 days, unanimously decided to postpone final decision on the question of joining the Congress till the next meeting of the Committee.

Maulana Habibur Rahman, President of the Majlis-i-Ahrar explaining the reason for the postponement, stated that the question of Muslims joining the Congress was of the utmost importance to the entire Muslim community and to the country and could not be so lightly treated as to be decided in a fit of enthusiasm. He appealed to the Muslims to desist from taking a decision in the matter either way in haste, as such problems required cool thinking and serious consideration before coming to a final decision.—A.P.



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It is no longer necessary to suffer from loss of vigour and manhood, weak memory and body, nervousness, impure blood, sickly skin, depression, and poor sleep, because an American Doctor has discovered a quick, easy way to end these troubles.

This discovery is in pleasant, easy-to-take tablet form, is absolutely harmless, does away with gland operations and is bringing new youth and vigour to thousands. It works directly on the glands and nerves, and puts new, rich blood and energy in your veins. In 24 hours you can see and feel yourself getting younger. Your eyes sparkle, you feel alive and full of youthful vigour and power.

And this amazing, new gland and vigour restorer, called Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, is guaranteed. It has been proved by thousands in America and is now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigour and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you merely return the empty package and get your money back. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and the guarantee protects you.

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HAJIPUR KHADI BHANDAR RAIDED

Sequel To Alleged Find Of Bomb

PATNA, May 25.

Something resembling a bomb was discovered this morning at Hajipur town, Muzaffarpur District, in the house of a probationary Sub-Inspector recruited last year, according to official information received here. The police have not yet removed the object, but are keeping a close watch awaiting final conclusion regarding the nature of the substance. Vigorous investigations are going on and the police are reported to have searched the Hajipur Khadi Bhandar in this connection.—A.P.

RELIGIOUS TOLERANCE FIRST

Mahatma's Message To Kerala Students

(From Our Correspondent)

ERNACULAM: (By Mail).

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Ayyar, the Diwan of Travancore, opened the first All-Kerala Inter-Religious Students' Fellowship Conference at Alwaye and Mr. A. A. Paul, General Secretary, Inter-National Fellowship, presided. There was a large gathering including many educationists from all over South India.

Mahatma Gandhi in a message to the Conference said:—

"The thing I would like to say in the forthcoming Inter-Religious Students' Conference is that before they enter upon their deliberations, the students assembled should realise that they meet on a common platform, where all the religions represented by the students are treated with equal respect. If they approach their task with mental reservation, there will be no hard fellowship"

COFFEE ADULTERATION.

The Government of Cochin have decided to bring adulteration of coffee within the purview of the penal provisions of the Prevention of Adulteration Act.

PUNJAB HINDU SABHA'S PROTEST

LAHORE, May 25.

The Executive Committee of the unjab Hindu Sabha to-night under the presidency of Dr. Sir Gokulchand Narang, ex-Minister, adopted a resolution viewing with horror and deepest abhorrence the appeal issued by Acharya Kriplani to celebrate May 28 as Frontier Day.

The resolution further calls upon all fair-minded patriotic Indians to condemn in unmistakable terms the outrages committed by trans-border raiders resulting in plunder, arson, murder and kidnapping of innocent Hindus and Sikh men, women and children, who cannot by any means be held responsible for any policy of the Government.

The Sabha views with great regret the attitude of studied silence adopted by Muslims, particularly the Red Shirt leaders, in not taking any steps to stop or even condemn the outrages committed by their co-religionists.

The Sabha decided to forward the resolutions among others to Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Commander-in-Chief, the G. O. C., Northern Command and the Foreign Secretary of the Government of India.—A.P.

GILGIT CROPS DAMAGED

Sequel To Heavy Downpour

SIMLA, May 26.

Reports of heavy rain and widespread damage have been received from Gilgit, where from the 10th to 16th April, there was six inches of rainfall. In 48 hours, there was four inches of rainfall. This caused damage to roads and irrigation channels, which have completely broken down. For days together no form of transport of travel was possible.

The loss of human life was slight, but damage to cattle and crops was considerable.—United Press.

Monsoon Strong From Comorin To Arakan

POONA, May 26.

Monsoon has been strong from Comorin to Arakin. It has caused widespread thunder rain in Burma, Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Mysore, South-East Madras and Malabar and local thunderstorms in Assam, Bihar and South Hyderabad. The western disturbance has caused local dust or thunderstorms along the North-West Frontier, in Punjab, Kashmir, West United Provinces Hills and North Rajputana.—A.P

Urdu As India's 'Lingua Franca'

(From A Correspondent)

Speaking under the auspices of the Anjuman Taraqi Urdu, Bombay, on "Urdu is easier to learn than other languages", Babu Shiam Lal Asthana Bedil Sandilvi, Vakil High Court, Hyderabad (Deccan), in the course of his speech said, "Urdu is easier to assimilate, easier to learn, easier to write and easier to speak than other languages of the country, being more or less understood in every part of the land. Other languages that have given their names to provinces, as Bengali or Gujarati, Marathi or Pushtu are alien to people of other provinces. But Urdu is inter-provincial.

Urdu is as much a language of the market as of the higher society. Any one can pick up in a week's time the language of the market and can feel at home, better than his own mother language. Europeans deputed to India to learn it even before assuming charge of their duties and can talk with their butlers, dhobies and khansamas. One-eighth of a page of Urdu is enough for a full sheet of English; but Urdu shorthand will take comparatively lesser space than English shorthand.

Urdu being 'an army of words' can trace its origin from different vocabularies—as much from Sanskrit, Gujrati and Marathi as from Persian, Arabic, Portuguese, Spanish and English.

Being easy to learn and easy to read, Urdu is more popular. In Bombay City alone there are over a dozen and a half journals, out of which 5 are dailies

As the easiest language, I urge youngmen and women, to take up Urdu, as the 'lingua franca' of Hindustan.

N. W. Railway Stores Controller Exonerated

Allegations Baseless, Says Inquiry Committee Rep...

In the course of a press communique the Railway Board (Government of India) says:

Last year certain communications regarding alleged irregular practices in connection with the disposal of scrap iron on the North Western Railway reached the Government of India in the Railway Department. They were followed by reference to this matter in certain sections of the press and later by questions in the Lagislative Assembly. As the statements made reflected on the integrity and efficiency of the Stores Department of the North Western Railway, the Government of India appointed a departmental committee to ascertain the facts. This Committee started their inquiry at Lahore on the 30th March 1937 and completed their report on the 7th April 1937.

The following summary is published for general information

THE ALLEGATIONS

The allegations and the inquiry related to the sales of ferrous scrap by the Stores Department during the three years 1934-36 inclusive. The principal transactions in that period were contract for the sale of "export scrap" for three years from September 1934 to a contractor of Lahore and a sale by auction to the same man of cast iron scrap in August 1935.

The accusations that were brought the officers of the Stores Department were briefly that they had caused heavy loss to the Railway Administration and shown undue favour to the successful contractor by—

(1) Accepting his tender which was not the highest;

(2) not calling for fresh tenders when the highest tender was rejected,

(3) allowing him to remove, under cover of his contract, valuable articles which were not export scrap; and

(4) giving him a contract for as long a period as three years.

FULLY JUSTIFIED

In regard to (1), the highest tender was in fact originally accepted and intimation was sent to the tenderer. He, however, then claimed that he was entitled to take away valuable scrap that was not export scrap and his attitude showed that he had no intention of adhering to the terms of the original contract. The Controller of Stores thereupon rejected his demands and forfeited his earnest money, a course of action which in the opinion of the Committee was fully justified

(2) The mere fact that the highest tender was rejected did not make it necessary to call for fresh tenders. But the Committee held that this should have been done when subsequently other tenders withdrew, although they considered it to be doubtful whether this would have affected the result.

RECOGNISED TRADE PRACTICE

(3) During the currency of the contract many questions arose as to what was not export scrap. There are numerous technical difficulties in defining exactly materials for inclusion as export scrap, and in the settlement of a number of disputes on the subject, the Government of India agree with the Committee in holding that the Controller of Stores' decisions were in accordance with recognised trade practice.

In regard to the length of the contract, the Committee point out that the decision to enter into a three year contract must be judged in the light of the circumstances that existed in 1934. There was no reason then t anticipate the recent sharp rise in the value of scrap iron, and price offered was in the conditions then obtaining, a favourable one.

The Committee also investigated the circumstances of the purchase by the same contractor at Karachi early in 1935 of 2,000 tons of cast iron scrap at a rate lower than the market rate. This concessional rate was given to him as a measure of compensation when it was found that he had not enjoyed a rate concession granted over the North Western Railway to another merchant who had bought scrap from the Great Indian Peninsula Railway at Delhi. This decision was taken with the full concurrence of the Agent and was rendered necessary by the action of the Traffic Department, for which the Stores Department was in no way responsible.

IN PUBLIC INTEREST

After the most careful consideration of the Committee's report the Government of India desire to record the conclusion that they are fully satisfied that none of the allegations or insinuations made, in connection with the disposal of scrap, against the honour of the Controller of Stores or of the officers of the North Western Railway Stores Department has the slightest foundation in fact. On the contrary, the general policy followed in this matter and the individual transactions of these officers have been, in the opinion of the Government of India, dictated throughout solely by the fullest regard for the public interest.—A.P.

BIG BLAZE IN AHMEDABAD MILL

AHMEDABAD, May 25.

A devastating fire broke out tonight in the cotton godown of the Bhalkia Mills. A fire brigade is fighting the flames, for four hours, which are not yet brought under control. About 1800 bales of cotton have been burnt so far. Damage is estimated at over Rs. 2,00,000. The fire is still raging.—United Press.

Shaukat Ali At Surat

(From Our Correspondent.)

SURAT, May 26.

Last night in the Jinnah Maidan at Chawk Bazar a meeting of Muslims was held under auspices of the Muslim League. Surat Branch. Maulana Shaukat Ali and Mr. Abdul Raheman Sindhi accompanied by local Muslim leaders attended. The Maulana addressed the meeting and explained the aims and objects of the League and appealed to Muslims to co-operate with the League and to organise themselves. After the address of Mr. Abdul Raheman Sindhi the meeting dispersed late at midnight. Sir A.M.K Delhavi occupied the chair

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSJ 21.53 Mc/s. (13.93 m.), GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m.), GSG 17.79 Mc/s (16.86 m), GSF 15.14 Mc/s. (19.82 m.),

7-45 p.m. Big Ben. 'Swift Serenade.' Tommy Matthews and his Concert Orchestra. Produced by David Porter. 8-15 p.m. Military Band Music. 8-30 p.m. 'A Cornish Notebook.' A talk by A. K. Hamilton Jenkin. 8-45 p.m. Musical Interlude. 8-50 p.m. 'The Empire Follies' in 'London Calling'! With a cast including: Albert H. Grant, Betty Bolton (South African Artist), The Radio Three, and Patricia Hayes. Sketches, lyrics and music by Albert H. Grant. Production by Frederick Piffard. 9-30 p.m. Cricket. M.C.C. Australian XI v. Rest of England. A commentary on the match, by Howard Marshall. From Lord's Cricket Ground, London 9-45 p.m. The News and Announcements, Greenwich Time Signa. at 10-0 p.m. 10-5 p.m. Selection from Grand Opera. 10-30 p.m. Close down.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. Instrumental Selections. 8-30 a.m. Talk (Marathi): 'Woman and her Role.' Arya Mata By Sumatibai V. Naik. 8-45 a.m. Classical Music. 1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates and Announcements. My Ideal Programme. 6-0 p.m. The News in Marathi. 6-5 p.m. Dance Music. 7-0 p.m. To the Bhumijan. A programme arranged for the villager. 8-0 p.m. Somewhere in old Vienna. 8-30 p.m. Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 p.m. Talk (English): A Surprise. 9-15 p.m. The News. 9-30 p.m. Light Classical Music.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

7-0 a.m. AIR Orchestra. Sindh Bhairvi... 7-10 a.m. Kumari Jaswant Kaur. 7-40 a.m. Naghmahae Raqs on Violin and Sarangi. 7-50 a.m. Duet. 'Prem Mandir men ao Radhe.' By Irshad and Aziz. 8-0 a.m. Vilayat Khan. 8-30 a.m. Sarang on Sitar. 8-40 a.m. 1st News (Hindustani). 8-50 a.m. 1st News (English). 6-30 p.m. AIR Orchestra. Maligaura. 6-40 p.m. Vilayat Khan. 7-5 p.m. Bhimplasi on Sarod. 7-10 p.m. Kumar Jaswant Kaur. Classical and Light Music. 7-30 p.m. 'For Villagers Only.' 8-15 p.m. Talk (Hindustano): 'Ready Wit.' No. 1. By Mulla Wahidi. 8-30 p.m. Vilayat Khan 8-40 p.m. Frontier Dance Tune on Sarinda. 8-45 p.m. Kumari Jaswant Kaur. Classical and Light Music. 9-15 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 p.m. Talk (English): 'Current Events. Affairs in the Far East. By Dr. Percival Spear. 10-0 p.m. An Hour of Dance Music.

Gang Which Fired On Train Evades Cordon

TWO KIDNAPPED MEN RETURNED

Sniping On Ghariom Camp & Pickets Near Idak

SIMLA, May 26.

A Communique states that it is reported that the gang, which fired on the train in Pezu Pass on May 24 consisted of 50 men. A Company of the 1/13th Frontier Force Rifles was on the train and replied to the fire. It is believed that 3 of the gang were hit. Our casualties were 2 Indian other ranks killed, and four Indian other ranks wounded. The train arrived at Tank without further incident.

GANG ESCAPES.

A Cordon of Cavalry, Frontier Constabulary and Infantry vas established in the neighbourhood of Bain Pass to intercept the gang, but it is feared that they escaped in the night during violent thunder and dust storms. Troops and constabulary searched the area without result. On the 24th May the First Indian Infantry Brigade reached Ghariom Camp without incident.

Small parties of the enemy were seen in the vicinity of Dandil, and were engaged by artillery and infantry, patrols.

SNIPING NEAR IDAK.

On the night of 25/26th Ghariom Camp was sniped and the piquet near Idak was also fired on. A party attempted to tamper with the water supply at Saidgi, and was driven off by fire from the piquets, which it is believed, one casualty.

KIDNAPPED MEN RETURNED.

Gokalchand and Harnamsingh, who were kidnapped from Paharpur on May 2, were handed over safely at Sorarogha on the evening of May 24. There is nothing to report from South Waziristan.

The following additional details of casualties occurred on May 22 and May 23:—

WOUNDED: Second Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders: Lance-Sergeant N. MacInnes, Lance-Corpl. P. Anderson, Private W. Mcfarlane.—A.P.

EDUCATION IN PUNJAB

Amendment Of Primary Education Act

SIMLA, May 25.

The Associated Press understands that Punjab Government is contemplating an amendment of the Primary Education Act, with a view to extend the period of compulsory education from four to five years. Government believes that the boys do not get sufficient education during the period of four years, and many of them lapse into illiteracy, soon after leaving school. As a corollary, the primary schools curriculum will be increased to five years. Boys at the primary stage will be given a definite bias in favour of agriculture, and from the sixth class, it is proposed to introduce vocational training.

The Education Act will also be amended to assume power to introduce compulsion in case of girls whenever and wherever desirable.—A. P.

MADRAS MINISTRY CONDEMNED

Protest Against Lathi Charge

MADRAS, May 25.

Resolutions strongly protesting against the action of the 'Interim' Ministry in banning the Summer School of Politics and Economics at Kottapattam, emphatically condemning the lathi charge made on the students and demanding the resignation of the 'Interim' Ministry, which was responsible for such action were passed at a public meeting held under the auspices of the Madras Congress Socialist Party this evening at the High Court Beach.—A.P.

New Consul-General At Pondicherry

SIMLA, May 26.

Col. Schomberg, the Consul-General at Pondicherry (French), will be handing over charge shortly to Major C.C.L. Royan, Member of the Political Department.—United Press.

FROM SATURDAY NEXT

INSAF

DARYANI PRODUCTIONS' SUPER SCREEN SUCCESS

Starring: Leela Chitnis

Supported By: YUSUF EFFENDI, INDU, GOPE, OMCAR and others

at WEST END TALKIES

Booking with: GVALANI BROS. Parekh St., Bombay 4.

The New '99' WITH MOULDED CASE Rs. 1.8.

Here is your old friend the '99' Set brought up-to-date. It consists of a new and improved Valet self-stropping razor, strop and three blades in a hygienic moulded case. At only Rs. 1.8, the New '99', which provides the simplest, quickest and most economical method of shaving, is better value than ever before.

'VALET'

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Vaishak Vad 2, 1993
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 16, 1305
Parsi: Adar 24, 1306
Hightide: 0-34; 13-34
Lowtide: 6-36; 19-38
Sunrise: 6h. 2m.
Sunset: 7h. 10m.

S. S. 'Carthage' with English mails of the 13th instant due at 4 p.m.

Saturday, May 29.

S S "Ranpura" sails at 1 p.m.

"E" WARD (BYCULLA) D.C.C.

An urgent meeting of the 'E' Ward (Byculla) District Congress Committee will be held to-day (Thursday) at Committee's office at 9 p.m.

KETKAR'S ART INSTITUTE

Drawing painting and commercial art classes of the Ketkar's Art Institute Girgam Bombay will re-open from the 7th of June 1937 after the Summer Vacation.

M. R. FREE DISPENSARY

"The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road for the week ending 22nd May, 1937 was 381; of these 241 were males and 140 females."

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' UNION

A meeting of the Municipal Workers will be held to-day (Thursday), at Foras Road Garden at 5-30 p.m. to protest against the introduction of Pali System in the Municipal Workshop. Mrs. Mani Ben Mulji, Messrs. R. S. Nimbkar, V. B. Karnik and others will address the meeting.

LECTURE OF SEERATUN-NABI

Under the auspices of Namazi Foj, a public meeting will be held at Mahomedally Road to-day (Thursday), at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) when Gazi Mahmood Dharampal B.A. and Maulana Ahmedally of Lahore will deliver lectures on the above subject. Hakim Saifullah Saheb will preside. Loud-speakers are installed.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL

The Governor of Bombay presided at a Joint Meeting of the Silver Jubilee Fund Advisory Committee and the King George V Memorial Fund Committee at Government House on Wednesday.

The Governor of Bombay attended the 1914-18 Association Coronation Dinner at Green's Restaurant on Wednesday.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Crack-Up" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"O. H. M. S." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"The Good Earth" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"The Vigilantes are Coming" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m
IMPERIAL—"Journey's End" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"President" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PATHE—"Stolen Holiday" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Romeo and Juliet" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m
REGAL—"It's Great To be in College" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Pujarin" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
ROYAL OPERA—"Achhut Kanya" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m

VEENA BROADCAST

There will be a special broadcast recital to-day (Thursday) between 8 and 8-30 a.m. from the Bombay Station by the Mysore Veena Brothers Mr. L. Raja Rao and Mr. L. Gopal Rao,

COMMERCE GRADUATES' ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the above Association, Mr. J. M. Mehta, Hon. Finance Member will deliver a public lecture on Economic Programme of the Bombay Cabinet to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. at the premises of the Association, Wadia Building (4th floor), Dalal Street.

A CORRECTION

We regret that through inadvertence, the photograph of the Agakhan Volunteer and Girl Guides which appeared on page 5 of our Wednesday's issue was described by us as that of Muslim ladies who took part in the meeting held at Sir C. J. Hall on Sunday last to celebrate the Prophet's Birthday.

POSTAL NOTICES

Parcels for Germany direct per s.s. "Treuenfels" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 11 a.m. on 27-5-37.

Superscribed registered and unregistered Mails for Singapore and Japan per s.s. "Mantai Maru" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 and 3-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 27th instant.

Superscribed unregistered Mails for United States of America per s.s. "Pres. Pierce" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3-30 p.m. on Friday the 28th instant.

POSTPONED FOR THE THIRD TIME

Election Of Poona Civic Office-bearers

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, May 25.

For the third time in succession this evening the meeting of the Poona City Municipality, specially convened to elect the President and other office-bearers, for the new year, adjourned without transacting this special business.

At to-day's meeting the general body passed without a note of dissent a resolution congratulating the retiring president Mr. Keshava Rao Bhagat for his work during the past year.

Soon after this as the house was turning its attention to the question of the election of the new President, Mr. Phulambrikar, to whose credit about a score adjournment motions must there be of late, moved that house be adjourned till first of June. The motion was however rejected by the house by 21 to 24 votes.

Then came the resolution recommending that voting on the President's election be made by the ballot system. Hardly had the discussion on the point gone for fifteen minutes when Mr. Phulambrikar was up on his feet again to move for adjournment of the house. It seemed considerable water had flowed down the bridge since Mr. Phulambrikar's last unsuccessful attempt, for this time he was favoured by a tie being created by 23 members voting for and against the motion. The President ran to the rescue of the mover of the motion and turned scales in his favour by casting his vote in favour of the motion.

The meeting accordingly adjourned.

Three Arrests For Alleged Gambling

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, May 25.

Mr. Nadkarni, second sub-inspector of B division raided this evening a shop near the Jogeshwari temple in the Budhwar Peth and arrested three persons for alleged gambling on cotton futures. Some slips and cash also was recovered in the raid.

The Town and Port of Madras have been declared to be free from cholera from May 20.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

TIMINGS AT VIC. TERMINUS.

Following are the timings at Victoria Terminus on and from April 1, 1937:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar & Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30	17 45
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15	20 55
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Deccan Queen (on Mondays only)	10 30	
Deccan Queen (on Fridays only) .		17 15
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	10 55	18 55
Nagpur Express	14 55	21 19
Poona Fast Passenger	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 38	8 15
Allahabad Express ..	20 15	7 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL.

Following are the Mail, Express and Passenger Train timings in force from April 20, 1937, from Bombay Central:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 20
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 40	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 30	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays at Ballard Pier	8 55	
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 20	13 20
Kathiawar Express ..	19 00	8 45
Baroda Passenger ...	21 10	8 55
The Flying Ranee on Monday	9 47	
The Flying Ranee on Saturday		15 10

Fined For Adulterating Butter

Mr. Mahomed Husein, Owner of the shop at No. 7, Bazar Gate Street, was convicted and fined Rs. 50 on May 17, by the Municipal Court of Honorary Presidency Magistrates, Fort, for selling butter adulterated to the extent of 33.6 per cent.

The Punjab Government has decided to organise an exhibition of Arts and Industries from 6th December, 1937 to 22nd January, 1938 in the Minto Park grounds.

HUSBAND TO HANG

High Court Confirms Extreme Penalty For Murder Of Wife

The sentence of death passed on Rupchand Sadashiv Bhavsar by the Sessions Judge of East Khandesh was confirmed by Mr. Justice Macklin and Mr. Justice Engineer at the High Court on Wednesday.

The accused was convicted of killing his wife Parvati on October 10, 1936.

It appeared that the accused led an irresponsible and vagabond life and did not help in the family business. A few days prior to the incident, he developed violent tendencies and his father applied to the police authorities to take steps to control him. Accordingly, a police sub-inspector warned and reprimanded the accused on October 9. The next day the accused attacked his wife with a knife inflicting fatal wounds.

It was alleged by the prosecution that the relations between the accused and his wife were not happy and that he killed her in a fit of desperation when he was reprimanded by the police.

Their lordships, in dismissing the accused's appeal, agreed with the lower Court that this was a brutal and premeditated murder deserving of the extreme penalty of the law.

Mr. RAJAGOPALAN'S RECITAL

Sjt. N. Rajagopalan and party gave a recital on Sunday at Nappoo Hall, Matunga. The artiste is a disciple of "Tiger Varadachariar" and ably follows his master's style in 'alapan' and exposition of ragas. The programme for the day included many popular kirtans and the artiste showed his mastery of Apurva ragas, when he rendered the Kannada Kirtan. In rendering "Thodi, he was refreshingly original in his ideas and struck a new departure on many points. The artiste seems to have made a good study of Hindustani Music and his judicious mixture of 'tans' in rendering Shanmuga priya was much appreciated.

He was ably accompanied by Mr. Krishnaswami (violin) and Mr. Radhakrishnan in Mridangam.

PRESS WORKERS TO CONFER

The General Secretary writes:—

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Lal Bavta Press Kamgar Union was held on Monday, last at 9-0 p.m. at the Union Office, Mr R. R. Pednekar, Vice-President of the Union, presided.

It was decided to hold a Conference of the Bombay Press Workers, for discussing the present situation in which the conditions of the press workers are worsening day by day, the rising cost of living and increasing unemployment while wages remain unpaid for months together despite the Payment of Wages Act etc.

By another resolution acommittee was appointed consisting of Messrs. Lotankar Wakankar, Apte and Khardikar, to make arrangements to hold a preliminary meeting of all press workers and representatives of their different unions, to elect representatives and form a Reception Committee.

The third resolution decided to call the Annual General Meeting of the Union on June 20, to elect a new Managing Committee for the year 1937-38.

JEPSEN CUP HOCKEY

City Armed Police In Semi-Finals

The first quarter finals in the Jepsen Cup Hockey Tournament, the City Armed, Police and Khatau Sports Club fought the issue. The game was rather a one-sided affair with the police having the better of exchanges practically throughout the game. From the bully the police took command and the movement was checked by the Khatau defence, the Khatau forwards got going and Adam, the left inner beat the defence and sent in a sitter which Scott saved. Again the police took command holding Khatau to their area for some time, when Lazarus opened the score for his side. Four minutes later Adam beat Scott off a corner for the equaliser. The police again took up the pressure and Jameson put his side ahead off a corner. Immediately after De Mello, the Khatau right extreme equalised and the interval found both sides on terms.

After the breather, Khatau went to pieces Roane scoring the third point right off the bully, the Police were now definitely on top and a few minutes later Shanker added the fourth, following up Lazarus put in the fifth goal. Rao, the Khatau Custodian played a great game and at one time was responsible for saving a volley of shots—The Police now kept up a heavy pressure over Khatau whose defence though overtaxed, played a sound game to the end. With a few minutes for full time Shanker netted the sixth goal and the game concluded. The Police now enter the Semi-finals.

THE RESULTS.

CITY ARMED POLICE 6
KHATAU S. C. 2

THE TEAMS.

CITY ARMED POLICE:—Scott; Baboo and Jameson; Hamid II, Kader and Mahmud; Hamid I, Roane, Lazarus, Shanker and Abbas.

KHATAU SPORTS:—Rao; Michael and Reuben; Fernandez, Alphonso, and E. De Mello; De Mello, Lobo, Narian, Adam and Gabriel.

UMPIRES:—Messrs. C. Peters and Fairman R.E.

THURSDAY'S GAME.

5-30 p.m. Times of India 'A' vs. Igatpuri Rly: Institute.

Free Copy Of Gita

The Editor, the "Suddha Dharma" and Director, S. D. M. Association, Mylapore, Madras, writes:—

Commencing from 25th May, 1937, i.e., Vaishak Suddha Pournima day, free copies of Suddha Dharma Mandalam edition of Sri Bhagavat Gita (Text in Sanskrit) will be given to those who desire to have a copy. Those that know Sanskrit must affirm so in writing while those that do not required to make a declaration that they would endeavour to learn Sanskrit subsequently. Within India applications should be made enclosing two annas stamps, while outsiders should apply with postal coupons to the value of postage to their country. Residents in Madras, if they so desire, may apply in person and take a copy free.

Santanam Repudiates Law Member's Statement

Hopes To Convince Insurance Select Committee Of Enormity Of Evil Of "Dumping"

LAHORE, May 25.

The Indian Life Assurance Offices' Association has sent a representation to Government on insurance legislations.

Interviewed by the "United Press" Pandit K. Santanam, President, Indian Life Assurance Offices' Association, emphatically denied the allegation of hostility on the part of older and better established Life Insurance Companies to new and rising concerns and stressed the identity of interest binding them both to which fact the Association was fully alive.

The Association would naturally deprecate, the floating of companies on unsound and uneconomic lines and its suggestions for the stopping of rebates and licensing of agents were calculated to prevent that evil. Again the protection against foreign competition demanded by the Association would operate much to the advantage of new companies.

He denied that it would come under the discriminatory provisions of the new Government of India Act but even if it did, competition from colonial as well as foreign companies could be safeguarded and that would in itself be immense at the present time.

"DUMPING" EVIL.

He repudiated the Law Member's statement that dumping was not an established fact and hoped to convince the Select Committee of the enormity of the evil.

The appointment of a non-Indian as Superintendent of Insurance, said Pandit Santanam, would only deepen the discontent and agitation in the country. With an Indian Superintendent and with the change suggested by the Association embodied in the Bill the Pandit had no doubt that the Bill would put insurance business in India, indigenous as well as foreign, on a sound footing and would be a necessary protection to policy-holders.—United Press.

Insurance Legislation Committee

The Indian Mutual Life offices have formed into a Legislation Committee and a draft is being prepared to suggest necessary changes in the Draft Insurance Bill now before the Select Committee. Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramyya has been elected as President, Messrs J. M. Cordeiro, P. C Ray, S. M. Srinivasam and Krishna Prasad Bhargava as Vice-Presidents, and Mr. D. N. Bibhab as Secretary and Mr. P. M. Chaturvedi as Assistant Secretary.

TURNED OUT OF THEIR HOMES

Plight Of Six Kisan Families In Bihar Village

PATNA, (By Mail).

"Searchlight" publishes a report from Nawada in the district of Gaya, that four Kisan families of Pasai, and Nawada including 11 women and 6 children were turned out of their homes, and their belongings had been sold. They are passing their days under trees. Other tenants are also threatened.

Congress leaders as well as Ministers, according to the paper, are requested to come to the rescue of the helpless people.—United Press.

REMOVE DUTY ON NEWSPRINT

Poona Journalists' Demand

POONA, (By Mail).

The Poona Journalists' Association passed a resolution unanimously at a meeting held on Sunday, May 23, under the presidentship of Mr. J. S. Karandikar, urging the Government of India to take prompt steps to relieve the newspaper industry of the heavy burden which the recent enormous rise in the price of the newsprint has imposed upon the industry, by adjusting the import duty on newsprint to the requirements of the difficult situation.

The Association suggests that in view of the national importance of the newspaper, the import duty on newsprint both in reels and sheets be taken off altogether, and that if this be not immediately practicable, measures be taken forthwith to convert the existing 'ad valorem' duty on newsprint into a specific duty and it should be so fixed that its burden should not be higher than what it was before the present rise in prices began.—United Press

CANARA BANK LTD.

Branch Opened At Parel

A branch of the Canara Bank Ltd., was opened on Tuesday at Parel, Mr. B. G. Parelkar, Municipal Corporator, presiding.

Mr. P. Vasudeva Kini, Agent of the Fort office of the Bank, in welcoming the guests, traced the history of the Bank since its inception in 1906, a year of national awakening. With branches spread over all important business centres of the West Coast and in the neighbouring Indian States, the Canara Bank serves to the needs of all classes of people with efficiency and economy. With a view to help the poor and middle classes the Bank has decided to advance loans on jewellery at rates not exceeding 7½ per cent.

Mr. B. G. Parelkar stressed the necessity of having a Bank at Parel, where poor and middle classes chiefly dwell. He instanced hardships caused to the borrowing public by moneylenders and hoped such difficulty could be removed by their taking advantage of this Bank. A redeeming feature of the Bank, he said, was that the reserve funds exceeded, the capital and he concluded by the wishing it every success.

After light refreshments and distribution of 'Pan-Supari' the function came to a close.

Toll Of Small-pox In City

Health of Bombay during week ending 22nd May.

The total mortality 610 was 42 more than that of the last week and the death-rate registered was 27.3 on the Census population of 1931, as against 599 the mortality and the death-rate 26.8 for the 21st week of 1936. The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium was 544 and death-rate 24.3.

Out of the total deaths, 175 were among infants under 1 year of age.

During the week Smallpox caused 40 attacks (including one imported from Santa-Cruz) and 20 deaths. The Cholera and Plague were absent during the week. There were 10 deaths from Typhoid. Cerebro-spinal fever caused 2 attacks and one death.

The number of live births registered during the week was 596 which compares favourably with that for the 21st week of 1936, viz. 562 and 484 the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in the five years (1932-36.)

On Wednesday Mulund Notified Area Committee Members celebrated the Coronation of Their Majesties by giving grains and foodstuffs to the Halalkhores staff.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

That motor accidents took a heavy toll in the suburbs, is proved by the report of District Superintendent of Police Bombay Suburban District. The report which gives the figures from January 1934 to April 30, 1937, shows the total number of accidents during this period to be 1,087, which were responsible for 52 deaths and 867 persons injured. The number of private cars involved in these accidents was 852 while that of public cars was 297.

The numbers of accidents during the year 1934, 1935 and 1936 were 175, 322 and 379 respectively, while accidents from January 1, 1937 to April 30, 1937 came up to 177.

These figures show a rapid increase from 1934 and the following measures to lower the accident toll were tried:—

Various precautionary measures were adopted but were of no avail, for, once cars leave Bombay limits, drivers automatically step on the gas, as if they were on a Brookland track and this results in serious accidents

Seeing the toll of accidents increasing in spite of various methods tried to control it, the District Superintendent of Police insists that Rule 20 of the Bombay Motor Vehicles be strictly enforced I wrote a few days ago that from June 1, 1937 a speed limit of 20 miles per hour is to be enforced on all suburban roads, this speed limit I further understand is to be experimented on for a period of three months in the first instance.

For this purpose various activities are in progress amongst the suburban police force who are to introduce speed traps at important spots. A group of sub-inspectors are at present being given instructions how to use stop-watches. These stop-watches will tell if any car exceeds the speed limit and a constable will at once wave a flag for the car to halt during the day, and at night red flash light will be thrown. The motorist caught breaking this law I understand, will be liable to a maximum fine of Rs. 100 to Rs. 200. So motorists had now better beware.

NIZAM AND FEDERATION

Protest Against Burden Of Excise Duty On Salt And Petrol

HYDERABAD (Dn.), (By Mail).

The 'United Press" understands that among various matters raised by the Hyderabad State in connection with its entry into All-India Federation one is about the collection of excise duty on salt and petrol.

The levy of excise duty on the salt and petrol imported in the Nizam's Dominions, places, it is stated, a burden of nearly Rs. 25 lakhs a year on the people of the State.

According to informed circles the Nizam's Government has taken a strong attitude regarding the matter. As regards the excise revenue of Secunderabad, which, since the days of Raja Chandulal is being appropriated by the Cantonment authorities, the Nizam's Government contends that such appropriation is unjust and should terminate.—United Press.

Indore: The 13th anniversary of Shrimant Baji Rao Peshwa I, the great Maratha hero of the 18th century was celebrated at Raverkhedi on Saturday last under the presidentship of Sardar N. G. Khasgivale, Dewan Khasgi of Holkar State.

Maharashtra Saints Confer

POONA, (By Mail)

The Secretary, Maharashtra Saints Conference, Poona writes:—

Shrimat Balswami, the founder of "Shree Ram Vishram Dham" has arranged to hold a Conference of Maharashtra Saints on May 28, 29, and 30th Mr. M. S. Aney, has been elected President of this Conference. The Conference will be held in the N. M. V. High School.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MAY 27, 1937

CATTLE CONFERENCE

The official All-India Cattle Conference, held at Simla on Tuesday and Wednesday, is perhaps the first of its kind and as such is indicative, let us hope, of some recognition by officials of their duty to cattle and of the essential need for the improvement of India's cattle in improving her agriculture. But the proceedings of the Conference make one sceptical about its doing any real good. In the first place the venue of the Conference was too ill suited to make any co-operation with the public possible. Secondly, it was too official and the Ministers of six provinces had little real representative capacity. Finally, though every official knew that the problem before them was one mainly of finance, that was a point which was least stressed by the Government of India and on which there was no definite resolution. The Viceroy lectured the Conference on the issues involved, assumed an air of originality in making commonplace remarks and light-heartedly made various suggestions without promising any financial assistance from the Central Exchequer. Then a few subjects were discussed in a desultory manner without any definite resolutions being adopted.

Adding Insult To Injury

The Viceroy stated a well-known truth when he said that the ox is the foundation of India's agriculture. "It is impossible," he pointed out, "to overstate the importance to the agriculturists of India of an adequate supply of good working bullocks, for the bullock provides practically the sole source of power available to the cultivator for transport, or for the lifting of irrigation water." It is indeed for these and several other reasons that millions of Indians worship the cow. If in spite of this fact India's cattle have sadly deteriorated during the last many decades, the fault lies more with the Government than with the people. The Viceroy only added insult to injury when he went on to remark that "the great importance of milk production, whether produced by the cow or the buffalo, from the point of view of the country at large as well as from that of the cultivator himself, is not widely recognised." Everyone in India recognises full well the need for the ample production of milk. But in the absence of adequate grazing, veterinary and other facilities it is not easy for one to maintain a cow or a buffalo. Most people are far too poor to purchase adequate quantities of milk or to maintain cows or buffaloes of their own. It is literally true, as the Viceroy himself admits that the average consumption of milk and milk products per head of the population "is too low, more particularly when it is remembered that we are dealing with a country in which the diet of human beings is so largely vegetarian and in which there is therefore a special need for such protective animal foods as milk, ghee and curds." These facts have been known to Government for years past, but what have they done to increase the supply of milk in the country?

The Real Difficulty

The presentation of a few stud bulls and asking people to do likewise and the appointment of various committees for research are hardly enough to solve the cattle problem in India. The Viceroy himself admitted that "unless cows, calves and bullocks are to be fed better than is at present the case, efforts to improve breeding will obviously be of little avail." At present facilities for free or cheap grazing are deplorably few and much of the land that is allowed to waste can well be utilised for raising fodder. This important subject was inadequately discussed at the Conference and finally no resolution seems to have been adopted on it The Viceroy had stated in his inaugural speech that the main object of the Conference was "to consider what practical steps can be taken to secure the better breeding and feeding of Indian cattle." We would like to know what practical measures beyond appointing committees the Government of India and the provincial Governments are going to take to achieve these objects in the light of the proceedings of the Simla Conference. In this connection it is necessary in India to emphasise the fact that it will not be easy for the agriculturist to feed his cattle well so long as he is himself half-starved.

Amazing Impudence

Sometimes the complacent impudence of British Imperialists takes away the breath even of those Indians who are deeply familiar with the ways of British Imperialism. Lord Derby's "strong appeal to India" at the annual meeting of the Empire Cotton Growing Corporation at Manchester is an instance in point. "While," His Lordship thought fit to observe, "we are doing our best to help her agriculturists by taking her cotton, they must do their best by increasing the amount of finished goods they take from this country." Here is a man who, blatantly unware of the fact that India's ancient textile industry was ruined coldbloodedly in the interest of Lancashire, that every effort, fiscal or otherwise, has been made to check the revival of that industry again in the interest of Lancashire, has the temerity to actually suggest that India should feel grateful to Britain for being reduced to the position of supplier of raw material and thankfully to go on acting accordingly. But His Lordship does not stop even at that. He hectoringly declares that "goodwill has got to exist on both sides, not only one." Quite true. And it is because India has realised this that she has made up her mind as to her future destiny.

Trotskyism And Russia

The series of executions of "Trotskyist spies, wreckers and diversionists" and so on, in Russia does not seem to come to an end. The latest has taken place near the Manchukuo border where eleven railway officials have been executed on charges of being Trotskyist renegades and acting under instructions from the Japanese Intelligence Service. Russia is hemmed in on all sides with avowed enemies. She lives—as who will not in the circumstances—in a state of nervous tension and it is only natural that her ruler should excercise the strictest vigilance in the interest of her safety. Nor, of course, is there anything surprising that the Japanese should succeed in corrupting a few officials on the Manchukuo border. But the question is: are the present rulers of Russia not taking a panicky view of the situation? Political trials have included among their victims the high as well as the low and they have embraced all parts of the country from the borders of Poland to those of Manchukuo. And the common crime is Trotskyism. Is it the official case itself that Trotskyism pervades the whole of Russia and in every walk of life?

FUTURE OF PARSIS

Need For Social And Economic Survey

By Dr. B. H. Mehta (Hon. Secretary, Parsi Statistical Bureau).

The coming of the machine and the Industrial revolution radically changed matters. Poverty was no longer the stock disease of a small town, it was a chronic plague that infested large industrial cities. At this time poverty was accompanied by the strenuous labour of the poor for long hours under unbearable conditions. The mills threw out thousands of these unfortunates into the streets, incapaciated for work and injured beyond repair in their body, mind and soul. But this new poverty was no longer to remain silent. Its cry went from door to door, knocked at the gates of Governments, and challenged the organising powers of societies which slumbered in their pathetic and selfish self-content. It now appealed both to the heart of the poet, and to the mind of the scientist.

Poverty set men thinking. They had no power to remedy institutions, but they had learnt to treat disease with care and medicine. As early as 1900 General Booth undertook the now famous London Survey. At that time very few people cared for it. The great value of this memorable work was only fully realised when in 1935 the present huge enterprise of the new London Survey was undertaken by the British Government. It must be known that whenever Surveys have been undertaken, they have invariably been followed by proper and well-thought-out plans for the amelioration of the poverty. The London Survey has been followed by the biggest plan for housebuilding and slumclearance known in British history. In this connection one must also mention the Rowntree Survey and the Liverpool Survey in England, the former being taken by one of the greatest philanthropic capitalists of the world.

Contemporary Surveys

Since 1900 it may be said that America became the home of the Survey idea. Hundreds of Surveys have been planned and carried out, and these have been sponsored by huge Foundations like the Rockfeller, the Russell Sage, the Springfield and the Carnegie and by the many big Universities of the United States. One of the most important social services of the world has been organised in Springfield after completion of the Springfield Surveys. The huge volumes of the Surveys of the New York City are in no way inferior to the ten vital volumes of the London Survey. The Survey of the City of Lvnd is an advance upon the Survey idea where every aspect of human life has been dealt with in its detail, problems have been examined, and far reaching remedies suggested.

Scientific nations like Germans and Russians have taken the greatest advantage of the Survey method in the huge reconstruction activities at the present day. Both these nations, destroyed by war, invasion, revolution and famine have shown their marvellous resurrection in a few years, and most of this has been due to the use of the scientific method of the Survey. One of the greatest examples of the practical views of the Survey is given by Shatsky one of the greatest living educators of the world, who organised his model children institutions after a social and economic Survey of the districts in which the children lived. In India, the Survey idea has mainly attracted rural economists and we have the works of Dr. Mann in Bombay, Mr. Darling in the Punjab, Mr. Jack in Bengal, Prof. Ranga in Madras and the large number of others who tackled the limited problems.

The Congress, has not failed to take kindly to the Survey idea. The economic Surveys of the various villages and talukas carried out under Mr. J. C. Kummarappa of the Gujarat Vidyapith is a proof of our statement

Parsi Survey

The Survey idea did not fall to attract the Parsi community and even in days when few trained persons were available, the late revered Dr. Daji undertook the herculean task, though it is unfortunate that proper use was not made of the most valuable material collected, as a large number of trained men were not available to tabulate and report upon the data. Anyway, the results he had obtained may prove useful to compare the old data with the new, and thus prove beyond doubt in what spheres our community has gone forward and in

(Continued on Page 8 Col. 7.)

After The Coronation

From Our Own Correspondent

Will New Premier Conciliate Congress?

LONDON, May 19
(By Air Mail).

The Coronation of George VI and Queen Elizabeth has come and gone yet the revelries in connection with the Big Event continue to occupy the front pages of the British newspapers. Their Majesties are having drives round the different parts of the town so are other members of the Royal Family. Particularly, the Duke and Duchess of Gloucester are more prominent in the public eye than His Royal Highness's younger brother, the Duke of Kent and his wife.

The movements of the Duke of Gloucester are subject to many interpretations but his presence at the India Office last night at the reception in their honour by His Majesty's Government lent colour to one specific speculation It is suggested that Their Royal Highnesses have been picked up by the British Government to go to India next year as substitutes for Their Majesties, the King and Queen, to attend the Delhi Durbar. Of course, there is a feeling of uncertainty as to the possibility of holding the Durbar in view of the political situation as it is in India of to-day But, I am told, responsible quarters take the view that all will be quiet on the Indian front before long.

Conciliatory Intention

A few days ago I cabled to you that Whitehall is very anxious to come to an understanding with the Congress leaders and with that view I had forecast that on or about the 28th of this month, the next move in the Indian political chess game would be made by the Government. The immediate reaction to this suggestion was that some Europeans, who imagine that their views carry the same weight as that of their erstwhile mouthpiece in London, Mr. Winston Churchill, put their backs up and issued a bombastic manifesto asking the Government to keep the Congress leaders at a respectable distance. However, their advice has been treated with as much respect as were the views of Mr. Winston Churchill when the India Bill was under fire in the House of Commons.

A Likely Move

The more I discuss the Indian political situation the more it comes back to me that the British Government is merely waiting for a psychological moment to make the next move. By the end of this month, the Imperial Conference would almost reach the stage when its deliberations would permit of discussion of other Empire issues by the National Government, which will then be under the leadership of Mr. Neville Chamberlain, who is to succeed Mr. Baldwin on the 28th of May. The new Prime Minister, it is thought, would like to inaugurate his office by some outstanding achievement and the immediate scope for it lies at hand in India, that is to say, by coming to an understanding with the Congress. There is likely to be some movement by the Government about that date to get over the present deadlock in India and so pave the way for an official ceremonial visit to India next year by the Duke and Duchess of Gloucester, as representing the King Emperor.

Indians On Coronation

As for the Indian opinion about Their Majesties' Coronation and the attendant festivities, I had an interesting chat with Mr. Walchand Hirachand. From his sickbed in a London clinic Mr. Walchand told me that an impartial observer will find two important and sad aspects of India's true position in the Empire strikingly represented to-day in London. On the one hand there was the pageantry of the Coronation celebrations and the "turn" provided by the presence of Indian princes and troops, well groomed and punctiliously and picturesquely attired for the occasion, and well-trained and disciplined to perform at the crack of the ringmaster's whip. Their participation in the processions evoked prolonged applause from crowds lining the streets, but even Mr. Lloyd George has had to acknowledge in a recent article that, though some Indians might be present at the Coronation, India remains unrepresented.

Mr. Walchand's Disappointment

On the other hand, Mr. Walchand said, India is in the position of the proverbial skeleton at the feast, so far as the various committees and conferences now meeting in London are concerned She is unwelcome and unwanted, and is expected to aspire to nothing but a crumb that may drop from the Commonwealth table. India's so-called participation in the Imperial Conference, the Imperial Shipping Committee, and the Inter-Imperial Parliamentary Committee is merely an eye-wash, and serves to impose further imperial burdens upon India. But there are no compensating privileges or benefits of an effective or real partnership in the British Commonwealth. On the Imperial Shipping Committee, for instance, which is intended to be representative of the interests of various parts of the Commonwealth, Indian shipping interests have never been even represented, and British shipping interests continue to exploit the machinery of the Committee in the name of the shipping interests of the Em-

(Continued on Page 9 Col. 4.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

EGYPT AND LEAGUE.

Egypt will become a member of the League of Nations from today. It is a doubtful honour. As we had occasion to observe some time ago, the membership may constitute a formal recognition of her theoretically sovereign status. But then the League recognises Iraq and India also! That apart. Egypt can secure no benefits from her membership of the League. Indeed, the history of China and Abyssinia, as also Spain, clearly proves that the honour of being a League member amounts occasionally to a national disaster. Incidentally the League Indian Bureau has communicated the following extract from a broadcast talk on the subject by the information section of the League at Geneva:—

"The day on which Egypt enters into the League of Nations will not only set a seal upon the full sovereignty of that country; it will also mark the growth of the influence and authority of the League of Nations. The corner of the world which has, since the earliest days of western history, been considered the key to three Continents will give its undertaking to respect the letter and the spirit of the League Covenant.

We wonder if the League publicists have lost their sense of humour too!

TIMELY AND TRENCHANT

The Indian Merchants' Chamber has forwarded a very timely and trenchant letter to the Government of India regarding the security and safety of Indian merchants doing business in foreign countries. The recent expulsion of Messrs. Mahomedally and Co. from Abyssinia naturally created the acutest indignation throughout India, and it is but a poor consolation that the Government of India has succeeded in getting some concessions from the Italian Government to facilitate the winding up of the company. As the letter points out, "The fundamental and vital question still remains as to why this firm of long-standing and repute was expelled from that country which they helped to develop." Again the fate meted out to Messrs. Mahomedally and Co. brings into relief the general insecurity of Indian merchants abroad. The Government of India ought, therefore, to be as zealous in protecting the rights of Indian traders in foreign countries as, for example, the British Government is regarding its merchants abroad, even though its efforts may not be backed by the requisite sanctions.

KHANDESH PEASANTS' CONFERENCE.

The first East Khandesh Peasants' Conference has proved an unqualified success. Conferences like this are extremely helpful in ventilating the many grievances of the agriculturists and also in educating them. They are the best means of creating mass contacts and it is to be hoped that the success which has attended the Khandesh Conference will encourage public workers in holding such conferences in every district of the Presidency. In his presidential address Mr. J. Bukhari made an able survey of the progressive deterioration which has been the lot of the Indian ryot during the last century. Apart from the heavy incidence of land revenue, the agriculturist is practically buried under the burden of his accumulated debts, and an immediate moratorium is the obvious desideratum in any scheme of rural uplift. The number of landless labourers has increased tenfold during the last few decades. It is very evident that the peasantry is becoming keenly alive to the many iniquities they suffer from, and it is essential that the resultant mass-awakening be properly utilised to safeguard their interests. The main resolution adopted at the Conference demanded a reduction by fifty per cent. in the Land Revenue, Debt and Rent charges and organisers of such conferences will do well in focussing their attention upon implementing this basic demand without mixing with it extraneous and unessential issues.

GRAVE ALLEGATIONS.

The Enquiry Committee which was appointed by the Punjab Kisan Committee and the Punjab Congress Socialist Party to report upon certain excesses which are alleged to have been committed by the Police upon some villagers of Lyallpur District (Punjab), has made very grave allegations against the Police officers concerned. The Committee which was composed of well-known public workers in the Punjab, conducted its inquiry on the spot and has obviously taken scrupulous care properly to sift and assess the evidence before it, and its report thus cannot be dismissed as an irresponsible indictment. The charges levelled by the Committee are so grave that the Government of the Punjab cannot afford to ignore the matter any longer in its own interests. The so-called Provincial Autonomy, to which the Punjab Premier is never tired of paying his tributes, will be worse than a mockery, if such serious imputations against Government officials are allowed to go unimpugned.

B. B. & C. I. Rly. Passengers' Grievances

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—If was some days back that I read the correspondence in your columns regarding the "Flying Ranee," and I was surprized to read the letter of Mr. B. F. Bharucha in this connection. The views expressed by Mr. Nariman are the faithful reproduction of the grievances of thousands of passengers who travel by the suburban trains. Numerous letters have appeared in your columns but B. B. & C. I. Railway authorities have nothing to redress the grievances of third class passengers. Trains in the morning and evening are so crowded that it is impossible to get a place to stand in the gangways. Unfortunately, great handicap is caused to passengers on Sundays and holidays. It is earnestly desirable that the number of trains should be increased. Bugs, beggars and hawkers' nuisance should meet the immediate attention of the railway authorities. Notices regarding standing near the doorways are more observed in breach, but the blame for this is on the railway authorities

The railway authorities (Suburban) are not particular on the return of deposits on season tickets. An instance out of the many may well serve to illustrate this: A season ticket (Churchgate to Khar) had the date of expiry on 11th May, and according to the conditions of issue it must be given up not later than the day following the date of expiry in case it not to be renewed. 12th May was a Bank holiday but the railway season ticket office have been notified to be open on all days except Sundays. Hence the person concerned went to the Churchgate season ticket office on 12th May at 4 p.m. but it was given out there that office hours on that day had been from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. When approached again on 13th May, the clerk in charge informed that deposit could not be returned as according to rules it should have been returned on 12th—the day following the date of expiry. On application to the General Traffic Manager, a reply regretting inability to refund the deposit on the plea that 'the season ticket office is open from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. on Bank holidays has been received.

This is merely a solitary instance out of thousands. Office hours on Bank holidays are never notified to the public. Is this attitude Sir, justifiable? Will the Passengers and Traffic Relief Association do the needful in the matter?—Yours, etc

KANTILAL.

Khar, May 19.

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WITHOUT COMMENT—

TOKIO, May 26.

Rear-Admiral Okuma aboard the flagship "Yubari" is speeding to Swatow from Port Arthur in connection with an alleged attack by Chinese police on a Japanese Consular policeman.

The Foreign Office spokesman says that the situation is serious.
—Reuter

* * *

We are proud to learn that "India" did take a by no means insignificant part at the meeting of principal delegates of the Imperial conference on the subject of Empire Defence.

Lord Zetland spoke.

And spoke immediately before Sir Thomas Inskip's closing statement

* * *

It was agreed at the meeting to establish a committee to consider questions of mutual interest in the supply and production of munitions, war material, food and feeding stuffs etc.

We recommend Sir William Birdwood or Sir. as India's representative.

* * * *

Mr. Stanley Baldwin spoke about the British Commonwealth as "the greatest political experiment" in his last public speech as Prime Minister.

He couldn't have chosen an apter subject on the eve of passing out into a more or less invisible legend.

* * * *

Could self-interest keep us together? asked Mr. Baldwin

The Maharaja of Baroda and Sir M. Zafrullah, suggests the Junior Colleague, exchanged hurried glances and decided to keep still.

* * * *

Mr. Baldwin confessed that trade did not necessarily mean friendship.

Thanks. Nor do Fiscal, Political, Administrative and military appertenances thereto mean friendship, much less the hypocrisy of trusteeship.

* * * *

When Mr. Baldwin rose to speak the audience sang "For, he is a jolly good fellow."

For he is a jolly funny fellow would have been even better.

* * *

About 700 workers of the weaving department of the Standard Jute Mills, Titaghur have struck work on the question of increase in wages, says an A. P. report.

Now this ought to let Mr. A. K. Fazlul Haq out of a very awkward position, the position in which he had thoughtlessly placed his Chief-Ministership itself in jeopardy.

* * *

However relevant and appropriate it may have been, we very strongly protest against the designation Cattle Conference.

* * *

By the way there is absolutely no truth in the rumour that the Cattle Conference—the name can't be helped now—was a roaring-cum-bleating success.

* *

The first prize at the Conference will most probably go to Bengal but it is consoling to gather from Press reports that the Bombay representative is at least being prominently mentioned.

'Negus' Denounces League

Vision Of Liberated Abyssinia: Goodwishes To Egypt

GENEVA: May 25.

Haile Selassie is not sending a delegation to the League Assembly. He has sent a message to the League stating that no useful purpose would be served by attending the Assembly.

"While expressing good wishes to Egypt and rejoicing in the fact that she has gained complete international independence, I reserve the hope that the League will, one day, obtain the complete liberation of the Ethiopian occupied territory."—Reuter.

POLAND & ABYSSINIA

GENEVA, May 26.

The Abyssinian question has been settled as far as Poland is concerned. The Polish representatives informed the League Assembly of this decision stating that their Government was preoccupied exclusively with future international collaboration within the framework of the League which must base its existence upon realities.

The Mexican delegate strongly opposed any step tending towards the exclusion of the Ethiopian Government.—Reuter

PRESIDENT OF LEAGUE ASSEMBLY

GENEVA, May 26.

Politis (Greece) withdrew his candidature for the presidency of the League Assembly in favour of Twefik Rushiaras, the Turkish Foreign Minister, whose election is now practically certain.—Reuter.

Sino-Japanese Situation Serious

TOKIO, May 26.

Rear-Admiral Okuma aboard the flagship "Yubari" speeding to Swatow from Port Arthur in connection with an alleged attack by Chinese police on a Japanese Consular policeman.

The Foreign Office spokesman says that the situation is serious.—Reuter.

Dominion Goodwishes To Queen Mary

LONDON, May 26.

Queen Mary received the Dominion Prime Ministers, who conveyed the good wishes of the Dominions, the High Commissioners of Canada, Australia and South Africa were also present.—Reuter.

QUEEN MOTHER'S BIRTHDAY

LONDON, May 26.

Queen Mary is 70 to-day.

Shoals of telegrams and letters of congratulations and good wishes from all over the world have been pouring in from an early hour.

She is giving a luncheon to which she has invited members of the Royal family now in London and will attend a state ball at Buckingham Palace to-night at which 2,000 guests will be present.

First Czech Premier Dead

PRAGUE, May 26.

Death has occurred of Dr. Karel Krammar, the first Prime Minister of Czechoslovakia. He played an outstanding part in the Independence movement.—Reuter.

Machine Hits Counterfeiting

SYDNEY.—The invenution of R. J Lyttle makes possible the detection of counterfeit coins by mechanical means. His machine can handle 1,000 coins every 3-1|2 minutes. It counts and bags them, and automatically rejects all coins that are not good.

NORTHERN POWERS CONFER

For Economic Collaboration Between Signatories Of Oslo Convention

THE HAGUE, May 24.

At the invitation of the Dutch Government, a Conference to consider closer economic collaboration between the Oslo Convention signatories opens to-day. The delegates from Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Finland and Belgium have arrived.

It will be recalled that previous Conferences of these powers were of an informal character, but the Governments have now given the delegates full power to reach decisions.—Reuter.

Air Fuel Tank Fireproof

LONDON.—A new gasoline tank for planes, which, it is said, prevents fire breaking out when ships are forced down, has been approved by the British Air Ministry for use in civil aircraft. If the tank proves invulnerable to machine-gun bullets, it will be adopted by the Royal Air Force.

French Labour Victorious

PARIS, May 25.

Following a Conference of delegates of the Seamen's Unions with the French Prime Minister, M Blum, the strikes at Le Havre and Marseilles were settled and work is being resumed to-morrow.

The "Normandie" sails according to schedule.

All the men's claims have been granted including a forty-hour week, paid holidays and the appointment of a Commission to study modifications of the Labour Code.

The agreement will have to be ratified by the Unions but there is no doubt of this.—Reuter.

No Undertaking Yet From Employers

MARSEILLES, May 26.

While the settlement has been accepted in principle the workers have not yet received an undertaking from the employers that there will be no sanctions against the strikers.—Reuter's Special.

PREPARING FOR ANGLO-AMERICAN TRADE AGREEMENT

Runneman's Statement In Commons

LONDON, May 25

Anglo-American negotiations for a trade agreement were dealt with by Mr. Runciman in the House of Commons to-day in the course of the debate on trade.

He said that since he visited America they had been trying to make a foundation on which to build. They had examined the ground, which was a most laborious business for hundreds of scheduled items had to be examined and in each case the difficulties were great owing to business interests concerned.

He was unable to make a statement at present about what was to be done with regard to America's future or indicate the point they had reached.

The Imperial Conference will this week discuss some points directly bearing up on the American negotiations and Anglo-American relations.

The same principle inspired Government and the representatives of the Dominions, namely, to give the impression in America, which they very sincerely felt, that no contribution could be greater, within the functions of Government for the extension of world trade, than an Anglo-American Agreement, but it must be on a sound line.

Mr. Runciman did not doubt that with patience and perseverance they would be able to show that both countries would derive great benefits from the Agreement.—Reuter.

Vines Beat Perry

WEMBLEY, May 25.

Before a crowd of 5,000 Vines beat Perry, 7|5, 6|8. 6|2, 4|6. 6|3.—Reuter.

BIG JOB BEFORE DORET AND MICHELLETI

SHANGHAI, May 26.

Doret and Michelleti have left for Japan.

They have five and a half hours in which to cover 1,100 miles in order to win the 3,000 sterling prize for the first 'plane flying from Paris to Tokio in a hundred hours.—Reuter's Special.

STRIKERS DEFY POLICE

Canton Republican Company To "Stay Shut"

CANTON (Phio), May 26.

Armed with clubs and defying the police five hundred steel workers formed picket lines around the Canton Massilon Plants of the Republican Steel Company employing 11,000 workers.

The Company declare that if the streets are blocked so that the men are unable to come to work, "we stay shut" until the authorities clear the streets and make it possible for the men to return without intimidation.—Reuter.

TRUTH BEHIND SPANISH WAR

Dr. Lohia's Lecture At Socialist Study Class

ALMORA, (By Mail).

With a view to propagating Socialistic doctrines among political workers and make them effective propagandists and organisers, a Study Camp has been opened at Khali high up in the Himalayan region under the auspices of the All-India Congress Socialist Party in a bungalow lent by Mr. R. S Pandit. Prominent Socialist leaders including Mr. Asok Mehta, Mr. Yusuf Meherally, Swami Sampurnanand, Dr. R. M. Lohia and Mr. M. R. Masani are taking a leading part in running the camp. The syllabus drawn up for the present session includes lecture by eminent Socialists on subjects such as the development of Indian National movement; history of British Imperialism; history of Socialist thought; the agrarian problem in India; peace and war; Lenin, Trotsky and Stalin; Marxist theory; Government of India Act and various other subjects.

DR. LOHIA ON SPAIN.

The first lecture was delivered by Dr. R. M. Lohia, Secretary of the Foreign Department, A. I. C. C., his subject being 'Spain.' In the course of his address Dr. Lohia outlined the history of Spain from the time of Spanish Armada and pointed out its international importance by reason of its geographical position. The programme of the Spanish people's front, said Dr. Lohia, which won the elections in 1936, was progressive one capable of fulfilment within the framework of the capitalist system. The present military rising against the popular government was backed by German and Italian Governments. However, a tough fight was offered by the anti-Fascist elements in Spain and the workers and to-day the Government had gained the upper hand and ultimate success could be hoped for.

The lecturer concluding said that the present struggle should be attributed to the clamour of certain vested interests to protect their feudal privileges by suppressing the progressive forces.

GIFT OF NEW CONSTITUTION.

In his address on the 'Government of India Act' Professor Dantwala observed that 'Provincial Autonomy' under the new Constitution had granted the people of the country a tricameral Legislature in which the one-man chamber that is to say, a provincial Governor enjoyed the widest powers.

Messrs. Asok Mehta and Faridul-Haq spoke on 'Socialism' and 'Politics' in the provinces of Delhi and Punjab respectively.—United Press.

Llewellyn For Brokenhill

KISUMU, May 26.

Llewellyn arrived at 10-00 and departed at 10-30 (B.S.T.) to Brokenhill.—Reuter

FIRE AT BHENDI BAZAR

A fire which originated in the shop of Messrs. Mohamed Alli Allibhoy & Co. at Bhendi Bazaar on Wenesday night was extinguished by the City Fire Brigade before much damage could be caused to the contents of the shop.

The firm deals in rubber goods saddles and harnesses. At about 9-30 p. m. smoke was seen issuing out of the ventilators of the shop, and the Fire Brigade was summoned. The Byculla Fire Engine was first on the scene and the firemen broke open the door and promptly set to work. Within half an hour the fire was extinguished. The damage is estimated at about Rs. 10,000.

The cause of the fire is not known. The Maharbhowrie Police were on the scene making inquiries.

AFGHANISTAN FORGES AHEAD

New Road, Aforestation, Crop And 'Phone Plans

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, May 26.

Progressive administration in Afghanistan is reflected in the improvements that are now being effected in her communications. Measures are being taken to repair telephone lines. 340 wooden poles are being purchased for that purpose. The Road between Chaman and Spin Baldak is also being modernised and bridges are rebuilt to suit heavy lorry traffic.

It is also reported that in Kandhar Province two million trees of various kinds have been planted and experiments are in progress for introducing sugarcane among the crops of the country.

CATHOLIC SUPERIOR EXPRESSES REGRET

Sequel To Remarks On Congress President

AHMEDABAD, (By Mail)

Mr. Joagum Nilallouja Superior Catholic Church Ahmedabad has written the following letter on Wednesday last to Mr. Himatlal P. Shukla B.A. LL. B., Pleader, Ahmedabad:—

I wish to thank you most sincerely for the great interest you have taken on behalf of St. Xavier's High School in connection with certain propaganda made by some local papers.

I heartily sympathise with you in your efforts to improve things for the future of your country and we wish to co-operate heart and soul the best we can, forming the minds and hearts of our pupils to make them good faithful citizens in the time to come.

As regards the expression that you say was used by a member of our staff, we all deplore the incident, which may easily take place in a rather familiar talk, even in the class room. But I may say that we are very sorry and that he had no idea whatsoever of offending Pandit Jawaharlal. There has been lots of exaggeration in the comments made by some of the local papers. But you may rest assured, that following the principles of our institution, we shall always keep out of politics, devoting ourselves to the complete education of the boys entrusted to us.

OAKS FINAL ACCEPTORS

LONDON, May 26.

Sculpture; Sunbeat; Naiseborough; Spray; Sweet Content; Selima; Gainsborough Lass; Field Fare; Rockfoil; First Flight; Exhibitionist; Lady of Milan; Solsperanza; Blacklashes and Burlington Lass.—Reuter's Special.

"Viceroy Of India"

MARSEILLES, May 26.

The "Viceroy of India" which was due here from Bombay decided owing to the seamen's strike to go to Ville Franche, where she has arrived.—Reuter's Special.

Brijlal Nehru As Punjab Accountant-General

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, May 26.

It is stated Mr. Brijlal Nehru is likely to go to the Punjab as Accountant-General, when the present incumbent Mr. Bhandari retires this year. K. S. R Rau, Director Army Audit will probably succeed Mr. Brijlal Nehru as Accountant-Gentral of Posts and Telegraphs.

Dr. Schacht Pleads For Franco-German Alliance

PARIS: May 26.

Dr. Schacht after his arrival from Berlin stated: "Germany desires an agreement with France. I hope my conversations in Paris will contribute towards improving the atmosphere leading finally to complete economic and political agreement and entente between two civilisations which we desire."

All the countries must make a common effort for this purpose. We are ready to co-operate with you as with all nations of goodwill and I am certain that the French Government in this matter holds the same view as ourselves."

He added that he had not come to borrow money or make political proposals. The object of his visit was to open German pavilion in Paris Exhibition.

He considered proposals for an International Economic Conference were premature.—Reuter.

DISSEMINATION OF NEWS

Spectacular Technical Advance In Service: Radio On Scene

LONDON, May 26.

An address describing the spectacular technical advance in the dissemination of news throughout the world was given by Sir Roderick Jones before the Empire Press Union this morning. He outlined the progress from pigeon post to the promise of facsimile telegraphy reproducing whole columns within a few minutes and machines which would not only deliver copy, but set it in type.

RADIO AS NEWS CARRIER.

Referring to former British supremacy in international telegraphy, which since the war had been menaced by wireless, Sir Roderick remarked that radio, with its many attempts to break down British quasi-monopoly, threatened so to affect the British Commonwealth particularly in the carriage of world news as to deserve the attention of the Empire Press Union.

PROBLEM FOR EMPIRE PRESS.

Sir Roderick expressed the opinion that growth of radio and its implications were not understood or appreciated yet in British Imperial Circles, but presented the Commonwealth and the Empire Press with a problem of considerable importance. The speaker suggested that within a short time a great bulk of the world news would be exchanged by radio, but this was not detrimental to cables which would probably have to be recognised as superior to wireless for high speed transmission between fixed points, while the radio's main functions would be communication with mobile points and broadcasting multiple distribution news service.—Reuter.

FRENCH AIRMEN'S FORCED LANDING

TOKIO, May 26.

The French Airmen Doret and Micheletti lost their way over Straits of Korea and sent out an S.O.S.

A later message states:—

Doret and Micheletti had a forced landing near Kochi South of Shikoku Island. The former was not badly hurt but the latter was seriously injured. Both have been taken to hospital at Kochi.—Reuter.

Oldest Judge Resigns

LONDON, May 26.

Justice Horridge, the oldest Judge of the Bench, has resigned. He has been appointed a Privy Councillor.—Reuter.

LABOUR CHARGE AGAINST MINISTER

(Continued From Page 1)

threat of resignation I need only say that the Cabinet has been throughout working in perfect harmony and no case has yet arisen for my resignation and I hope will never arise. I passed no orders when I issued a statement previous to the strike being called off, but only indicated the policy subsequently endorsed by the Cabinet, which the Executive Authorities, I find, have all along been faithfully carrying out.

I am sorry that the Committee of the Indian Jute Mills Association has thought fit to contradict the news published in the "Statesman" some time ago that the Indian Jute Mill Association had sent representatives to me. Mr. J. Reid Kay saw me and subsequently some European gentlemen met me during my stay here and discussed the situation with me. I did not come to any definite conclusion on the questions discussed because I did not want to commit myself without consulting the Hon. Labour Minister.

I think it is not of much importance whether the gentlemen, who saw me officially were elected representatives of any association or not."—A. P.

STRIKERS & "BLACK-LEGS" CLASH

15 Persons Arrested

CALCUTTA, May 26.

A riot occurred this morning outside the Keshoram Cotton Mills at Metiabruz. About 40 loyal workers were attacked by a number of strikers and other described as "goondas." Eight loyal workers had to be sent to hospital with injuries as a result of the assault by the strikers and two constables were also assaulted. The police have made 15 arrests in this connection.—A.P.

STRIKERS RESUME WORK

CALCUTTA, May 26.

All the workers of the Standard Jute Mills who struck work yesterday resumed work to-day.—A.P.

Spanish Delegation Rejects Truce Idea

Withdrawal Of Volunteers Supported

GENEVA, May 25.

The Spanish Delegation informed 'Reuter' that they were prepared strongly to support the British proposal for the withdrawal of volunteers.

They declare that there can be no question of an armistice or mediation until the proposal is approved in principle, and if thereafter a temporary truce is necessary to facilitate the withdrawal the question will be considered on its merits.

In the meantime the only proposal they are prepared to accept is that of the withdrawal of volunteers.—Reuter

REBELS SHOOT DOWN FRENCH 'PLANE

Passengers Reported To Be Safe

BILBAO, May 26.

A plane belonging to the Air Pyrenees, a French Line, engaged in the Bayonne-Bilbao service is reported to have been shot down by insurgent planes at Sopelna, a small coastal town, nine miles north of Bilbao. The passengers are reported to be safe.—Reuter.

Pilot And Passengers Injured

BILBAO, May 26.

The pilot and five passengers including a woman were slightly injured in the French airliner.—Reuter's Special.

IMPORTANT POSITION CAPTURED

PARIS, May 26.

Lemona Massif, an important position dominating the approach to Bilbao from Galdacano has been captured by insurgents, according to a message from Victoria.—Reuter.

FREEDOM FOR WAR PRISONERS

LONDON, May 26.

It is officially announced in Salamanca that General Franco has granted liberty to all foreign prisoners of war from the International Brigade now in Salamanca, according to information received in London.—Reuter.

LONDON APPEAL TO SPANISH PARTIES

Plan For Withdrawal Of Foreigners

LONDON, May 26.

The Non-Intervention Committee will specially meet on May 28 to adopt the appeal to the Spanish parties regarding the conduct of the present conflict. The Committee to-day decided to submit a plan to the respective Governments for the withdrawal from Spain of non-Spanish nationals engaged either directly or indirectly in the conflict.—Reuter.

Anarchist Coup In Village

ST. JEAN DE LUZ, May 25.

An Anarchist 'coup d'etat' in the small town of Barbastro is reported by all insurgent broadcasting stations. It is declared that the leaders of the popular front there were executed and an Anarchist d'etatorship has been proclaimed.

It is noted that this reported development coincides with the report of a projected Government offensive in the Huesca-Jaca-Saragossa sector which, by threatening Navarre from the rear, might relieve the pressure on Bilbao.—Reuter.

GOVT. SENDS TROOPS FOR RESCUE

PERPIGNAN, May 25.

It is learnt that the Valencia Government has sent troops to Barbastro where the Anarchists are reported to have executed a hundred leaders of the popular front and to have proclaimed an Anarchist dictatorship.

The troops have been instructed to impose martial law if necessary and to bring those responsible for the rising to trial as quickly as possible.—Reuter.

BIDHAN ROY EXPOSES BENGAL MINISTRY

Says It Can't Find Permanent Solution For Jute Strike

Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy, arrived in Bombay on Wednesday, and is proceeding to Vienna by the Italian boat "Conte Biancamano" to-day (Thursday). Dr. Roy proceeds to London from Vienna. He will go to Moscow later to attend the session of the International Biological Conference as a representative of the Calcutta University. He will return to India by about the beginning of October.

JUTE SETTLEMENT.

Interviewed by a "Chronicle" representative, on the conditions of the Jute workers in Bengal, Dr. B. C. Roy said:

"I feel in the matter of the last jute strike, it is only the Congress Ministry, if it so desires, that could approach the question from a satisfactory point of view.

"A Capitalist Ministry which has to depend for its existence on capitalists cannot possibly find a permanent solution of this question. I had represented the jute areas in the Bengal Legislative Council for nearly six years. I know that there has been no definite attempt made to approach the question from the workers' point of view."

LAND PROBLEM.

Referring to the activities of the present Ministry of Bengal, Dr. Roy said that the Ministers, it appeared, were considering the question of revision of the Land Revenue Settlement and of the release of the Detenus. The Ministers appointed a Committee to examine the problem of Permanent Settlement as well as the measures to be taken in this regard. In his opinion there was no use tinkering with a problem of this character. The Ministers must take up the problem and face the issue boldly.

The land was getting less and less fertile, the tenants were getting poorer and poorer. The Zemindars and the bulk of the intelligentsia whose livelihood depended on their earnings on their land,—and there are 48 lakhs of them in Bengal—were also getting poorer. The indebetedness of the agriculturist was growing heavier. What with apathy, ignorance and economic distress, the lot of the masses was becoming more and more serious as days went by.

PROGRAMME FOR ELECTIONEERING.

Regarding the programme of the Bengal Proja Party (of which Mr. Fazlul Huq, Chief Minister, is the leader), Dr. Roy said:

"I do not think the present Proja Party leaders are convinced regarding the effectiveness of their own programme which they put forward; nor are they conversant with the details of enforcing it.

"On the whole their programme was more or less part of an electioneering campaign and none of the leaders seems to understand the 'Projas'.

"None of the prominent leaders of the Proja Party has taken the trouble to go amongst the masses with a definite programme.

"If they had done so seriously and earnestly the communal question in Bengal would have disappeared."

RESTRAINT ORDER ON HABIBUR REHMAN

DERA ISMAIL KHAN, May 26.

Maulana Habibur Rahman, President, Ahrar-I-Hind, was served to-day with a notice by the Deputy Commissioner of D. I. Khan, restraining him from entering D. I. Khan District for two months.

The notice was served when he was proceeding, at the invitation of Anjuman Taraqi Islam, to celebrate the Holy Prophet's birthday. It is stated that his mission was purely religious and non-political.—United Press.

LATE SIR AUSTEN'S ESTATE

LONDON, May 26.

Sir Austen Chamberlain left a gross estate of 45,044 sterling, net 41,374.—Reuter's Special.

Challenge To Madras Govt.

APPOINT INQUIRY COMMITTEE

Hospital Register Records Kottapattam Outrage, Says Prakasam

MADRAS, May 26.

Mr. Prakasam, president of the Andhra Congress Committee, wires from Bangalore replying to the Government Communique regarding the Lathi charge in connection with the Kottapattam Summer school ban stating that he saw Lathi marks on the back of Mr. Kameshwararao and injuries on some others.

Sympathisers Also Injured

According to reports received by him it was not only those who disobeyed the order that were beaten, but also others who sympathised with the injured.

Hospital As Witness

He concludes: "The Ongole Hospital registers will speak about the injuries to the prisoners."

Challenge To Govt.

Mr. Kaleswarao, Chief Whip of the Congress Party in the Madras Assembly, characterises the Government communique as "a bureaucratic attempt to shield local officials," and challenges the Government to appoint an Enquiry Committee giving an opportunity to the accused as well as the public to adduce evidence to bring to book the perpetrators of the violence.—A. P.

PROF. RANGA'S S. O. S. TO LEADERS

Need Of Defence Fund For Kothapatam Victims

MADRAS, (By Mail).

Prof. N. G. Ranga, President, All-India Kisan Sabha, has to-day addressed a number of letters giving full particulars and details of the police methods at Kothapatam Summer School to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sirdar Vallabhbhai Patel, Rajen Babu, Swami Sahajananda Saraswathi, B. P. L. Bedi, C. Rajagopalachari, President Civil Liberties Union, Bombay, Mr. M. R. Masani.

He has appealed to them all to stand by the 62 brave defenders of civil liberties and independence of cultural and educational institutions and to render financial assistance.

The South Indian Federation of Peasants and Workers, the Andhra Provincial Ryots' Association, the Peasants Protection Committee, the Guntur District Ryots' Association have all joined in protesting against arbitrary police methods against the students and lecturers of the Kothapatam School. Mr. Kummareddy Satyanarayanamurthy, General Secretary of the Andhra Provincial Ryots' Association, has gone to Ongole to make enquiries.

RANGA'S LETTER TO JAWAHAR

Prof. Ranga has sent the following report on the Kothapatam police outrage in the course of his letter to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru:—

I am sorry to report that the Kothapatam School of Economics and Political Science started by the Congress Socialist Party and the Youth League was banned on the 20th instant by the Madras Government under the Criminal Law Amendment Act for the silly reason of its alleged intention to break law and order. I was at Kothapatam when the police came to disperse the school. By that time (6 p.m.) the school session was over. The police started searching camps including mine and subjected our women and others to many indignities, reading family and other private letters in the course of the search. The D. S. P. assured me that the students could try to leave the place by the night of the 21st. I sent a youngman to Madras to move the High Court for an interim injunction and left for Nidubrole. But contrary to all expectations the police ordered the students on the 21st morning to disperse. Our youths expecting that if they had dispersed before the High Court decision was known, the school would finally be destroyed, refused to disperse, whereon they were subjected to a cruel lathi charge.

HEAVY LATHI CHARGE

I have learnt only yesterday morning from five responsible eye-witnesses that the police charged some of our most brilliant comrades and those against whom they had developed some special grudge to a very heavy lathi charge while they were being led to the buses, while they were boarding them and even after they were put into the sub-jail. Many of our comrades were thus beaten, insulted and annoyed.

In all 62 comrades including 15 ladies were thus arrested nearly half of them, excepting women, received injuries. Comrade Satyanarayan, President of the West Godavari Congress Committee, and Comrade Kameswara Rao of the A. I. C. S. P. Executive, both members of the A. I. C. C., have received heavy injuries.

BY-STANDERS BADLY HANDLED

I also learn that even by-standers like Mr. Ghouse Baig Sahaib, President of the D. C. C. and Mr. M. V. Raju, ex-General Secretary of the D. C. C., were badly handled by the police.

In justification of all this the Madras Government says that the school was started for preaching Communistic doctrines. In refutation of their charge I need only inform you that so far the school had only Messrs. A. K. Pillai of the A. I. C. C., Zaheer of your Office, Indulal Yagnik of the All-India Kisan Sabha and myself to lecture to the students and Messrs. Annapurnaiah and Kameswara Rao, A. Satyanarayana Raju of the A. I. C. C. were in charge of the school and all that we had tried to do is to teach the principle of Scientific Socialism and interpret politics and economies from a Socialist point of view.

PLANNED ATTACK

The Madras Government including the Interim Ministry and the Governor have done all this in pursuance of their pledge to fight Communism in the province when they had issued their nineteen-points programme. We had anticipated then that even if they had not tried to achieve anything else they would attack on that pretext our Peasants and Workers' Organisations, and all their creative and constructive institutions. Our anticipation has now come true, and the greatest constructive attempt made by the C. S. P. of our country is now sought to be destroyed on the pretext of a fight against Communism.

NEED OF DEFENCE FUND

I request you to add your word of support to our appeal for funds for the defence of these comrades. I am sure you will do everything else you can to help the cause of the civil liberties that our comrades have chosen so heroically to defend and strengthen their plea that educational institutions ought not to be interfered with by Government.

Mr. B. SEN GUPTA ENTERTAINED

MADRAS, May 26.

Mr. B. Sen-Gupta, Managing Director, United Press of India, was entertained at a tea party given in his honour this afternoon at the Youngmen's Indian Association, which was attended by several journalists of the city including Rao Bahadur G. A. Natesan, Editor, "Indian Review", and Mr. K. S. Kamath, Editor, "Sunday Times."

The Secretary of the Y. M. I. A. Parliament in welcoming Mr. Sen-Gupta referred to the achievements of the United Press.

Mr. Sen-Gupta made a suitable reply.

UNIQUE VICTORY FOR WORKERS

Rajnandgaon Mill Strike Ends After 3 Months And 10 Days

RAJNANDGAON, May 26.

After prolonged negotiations by Mr. R. S. Ruiker, President, Nagpur Provincial Trade Union Congress, with the mill authorities, and the Political Agent and Diwan of Rajnandgaon State, the mill strike involving nearly 3,000 workers, has been settled. The strike lasted for three months and ten days.

TERMS OF SETTLEMENT.

The terms of settlement were approved by Mr. Ruiker and Messrs. Raghobaji and Dubehi Raman, strike leaders. They include: (1) Recognition of the Union, (2) No victimisation of strikers, (3) No assault or abuse of women workers, (4) Redress of other petty grievances, (5) Considerable withdrawal in wage cut introduced in 1936, (6) Reconsideration of wage cut within three months, in case of no settlement of the dispute referred to in the arbitration, by Political Agent.

A decision, acceptable to both parties, was arrived at a huge meeting of workers held on Tuesday, Mr. Ruiker presiding, Addressing the meeting, he explained the terms of agreement and exhorted the workers to accept the terms and resume work.

UNIQUE VICTORY

Mr. Ruiker claimed that the settlement of Rajnandgaon strike was a unique victory of labour, the credit of which was due to the workers' solidarity and the sympathy shown by the Political Agent and the Diwan.

This morning, the workers held huge demonstrations with Red Flags in front of the mill, before they resumed work. Messrs. Ruiker, Raghobaji and Waghmare and Shrimati Bhagirathi Bai, a woman worker led the demonstrations, and the Diwan was present at the mill gate.—United Press.

SHAHABAD DT. KISAN SABHA

Narendra Deo To Preside Over Second Session

PATNA, May 26.

Acharya Narendra Dev has accepted the presidentship of the second session of the Shahabad District Kisan Sabha to be held at Behen on May 29 and 30 next.

A big pandal with an accommodation for 25,000 people is being constructed.—United Press.

Fire In Bhalakia Mill

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, May 26.

Serious fire broke out last night in Bhalakia Mill near Khokhara Mehmadabad in which cotton stock of about Rs. 1-1|2 lakh was completely burnt.

Fire brigade at once arrived and extinguished the fire.

The goods were insured.

RELIEF COMMITTEE FORMED AT LUCKNOW

Murder Outrage Sequel To Personal Enmity

LUCKNOW, May 26.

One Muslim was murdered last night in Mohalla Muftiganj, which caused quite a good sensation in the locality. A police patrol immediately reached the spot and allayed the panic-stricken residents.

Inquiries in official circle show that the cause of the murder was private enmity and had no connection with the recent Shia-Sunni disturbance.

RELIEF COMMITTEE

The Nawab of Chhattari, the Premier, and the Raja of Saleempur, the Education Minister, again visited the affected areas. Through their efforts a Relief Committee has been organised with the Commissioner of Lucknow Division as Chairman, and the Deputy Commissioner as Treasurer and Secretary. Among the members of the Committee are the Rajas of Mahmudabad, Jehangirabad, Nanpura and Pirpur.

The city otherwise had been quiet yesterday and section 144 and the curfew order are still in force.—United Press.

RESTORE COMMUNAL CONCORD

Joint Appeal By Hindu And Muslim Leaders

MADRAS, May 25.

An appeal is being issued by prominent Hindu and Muslim leaders, including Mr. Rajagopalachari, Mr. Jamal Mohamed, Dr. Subbaroyan and others, condemning the Hindu-Muslim trouble in Perambur area and appealing to the people not to be excited despite the recent outrages, but remain calm and restore friendly relations.—A P

CAUSE OF ABBOTABAD TROUBLE

ABBOTTABAD: May 24.

According to a Muslim leader, who visited the scene of the Serri Saleh riot, only half a dozen Hindus have been injured and no Hindu lady was insulted. Factious feeling among local Muslim landlords was responsible for giving a serious turn to the events, which otherwise would have passed peacefully in spite of the coincidence of Id Milad and the idol installation ceremony. A compromise has already been effected. Hindus have agreed not to take a procession on Id Milad days.

Mirwaliullah, member of the Municipal Committee, Abbottabad, Mohd. Sarwar, Tahirkhaili, member of the Frontier Assembly and other prominent Muslims visited the scene of the riot and advised Muslims to maintain peace and resume friendly relation with Hindus The situation is at present under control.

Serai Saleh is a small township, three miles from the Haripur-Hazara Railway station on the Taxila-Havelian branch line of the North Western Railway.—A. P.

YOUTH STABBED

RAJSHAHI, May 26.

Just before midnight on May 25 while a Hindu procession of "Pusparatha" was passing the Rani Bazaar Mosque with music about fifteen Muslims, alleged to be armed, came out of the mosque demanding cessation of music.

The Hindus refusing a youth was stabbed on the head with a knife. The processionists caught and assaulted the assailant who was rescued by the Police and removed to hospital.

The situation is quiet.—A.P.

FRACAS IN BENGAL

RAJSHAHI, May 26.

A communal fracas culminating in a free fight and stabbing occurred at about 12 last night, when it is alleged an attempt was made by some Mahomedans to prevent a Hindu procession with "Pushpa Ratha" and music from proceeding in front of the mosque in Rani Bazaar locality of this town.

Several persons on both sides were injured. About a dozen persons have been taken to police custody in this connection.—United Press.

Drop In Sugar Production

Less Factories And Less Percentage This Year

The first memorandum on the production of sugar refined from 'gur' in India during 1937, issued by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore, estimates the production at 32,300 tons as against 50,067 tons (actual) during 1936, showing a reduction of 28 per cent.

Nine factories are reported to be working this year as compared to 13 in 1936. The total quantity of 'gur' to be melted is estimated at 57.000 tons as against 87,472 tons in 1936.

The percentage recoveries of sugar and molasses during 1937 are expected to be 56.67 and 33.86 respectively as compared with 57.23 and 37.21 respectively in 1936.—A.P.

SHIKARPUR NORMAL

Officials' Appeal To Press

KARACHI, May 26.

The latest telephone message from Shikarpur says that normal conditions have been restored in the town though it continues to be guarded by police pickets. All shops were opened to-day and business was resumed.

District Magistrates of certain districts including Karachi addressed the press and newspapers requesting them to adopt a restrained and temperate note when writing about events at Shikarpur, particularly urging them to avoid publishing any sensational and alarmist news and headlines.

AIR MAIL LEAVES KARACHI

West-bound Imperial Airmail left at 2-20 this afternoon.—A.P.

Danta Princess Weds

(From A Correspondent).

DANTA BHAVANGADH. May 26.

At Danta Bhavangadh, the capital of Danta State, the wedding of the eldest Princess of Danta State took place with Raj Kumar Ramsinghji, the heir-apparent of Khandela, on Wednesday the 19th instant, uniting the two foremost clans of Rajputana—the Parmars and the Sekhawats.

Cattle Improvement Fund For Provinces

SIMLA "NOTES" DEMANDS OF MINISTERS

Separate Budget For Livestock Improvement

SIMLA, May 26.

The Cattle Conference which held deliberations during the past two days under the presidentship of Sir Jagdish Prasad, concluded this afternoon after adopting a number of important resolutions.

The first resolution considers it desirable that in each province, a Cattle Improvement Fund, into which would be paid the donations received for purchase and maintenance of breeding bulls, should be established. There should be a Provincial Cattle Improvement Board with District or Local Committees and there should be the closest possible liaison between several Ministers of Agriculture and such Boards.

The resolution noted the unanimous opinion of Provincial Ministers that the Central Government should make substantial grants to Provincial Cattle Improvement Funds.

Another resolution recommended that with a view to securing a systematic and progressive improvement in grazing areas, Standing Fodder and Grazing Committees should be established in provinces and a Central Committee should be set up by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research.

Another resolution stressed the need for a Livestock Department or Division with a separate budget for livestock improvement work in every province. Eventually it might be necessary to establish a unified department under one Minister embracing plant industry, animal husbandry, marketing of crop and animal products.—United Press.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

SIMLA, May 26.

The Cattle Conference reassembled to-day and concluded its session this afternoon. Three more items on the agenda were discussed.

Mr. Symthies initiated a discussion on the question of improvement of grass lands and better utilisation of waste and surplus land for fodder production, and the steps to be taken in that direction by various appropriate agencies.

Dr. Burns, the agricultural expert of the Imperial Council of agricultural research, and Ministers and representatives of the various Governments participated in the discussion that ensued.

STUDY OF LOCAL CONDITIONS.

The speakers explained the conditions prevailing in their respective parts of the country in the matter of fodder supply and control over grazing lands, and the steps taken at various times in regard to the improvement of grazing, the quality of grass etc.

It was generally felt that they could not come to a single All-India solution at a Conference like the present one, but that the subject would have to be examined carefully by each province to suit local conditions. To obtain adequate control a properly constituted organisation was suggested by the various speakers.

The suggestion was made that as the subject under discussion was at present very largely a matter for investigation and research. It deserved the special and sympathetic consideration of the Imperial Council of agricultural research for the next few years, and the Central Government should seriously consider providing finance. Dr. Burns in particular appealed for scientific planning and co-operation and continuity in whatever schemes were evolved.

The other subject discussed was the possibility of crop planning for increased fodder production, with special reference to leguminous fodders. On the question of the need for increased technical personnel required for livestock improvement work throughout India, Mr. Ware, the expert of the Imperial Council of Agricultural research, explained in detail the proposal to organise a body of stockmen in the countryside. However the difficulty, he said, was finance. He gave figures of veterinary and other staff in various provinces, which, he said, was totally inadequate in view of the immensity of the problem. Furthermore, staff doing livestock improvement work would be able not only to look after disease control among cattle, but also help in the matter of livestock improvement generally. With this object in view they would have to establish a training centre to turn out a useful body of willing and efficient workers to tackle one of the most vital problems of India.—A.P.

FUTURE OF PARSIS

(Continued from Page 6)

what aspects of life we notice the deterioration and degeneration. Mr. Markham, who was invited from England by the Sir Ratan Tata Charity Trust to investigate some problems of the Parsi community rightly complains in his Report about the almost complete absence of information regarding the Parsi community. He suggests the maintenance of up-to-date information at least with regard to the children of the community.

Because I have stated at some length what the Survey idea has been able to achieve, it should not be imagined that we are perpetrating the usual folly of imitating the West. On the contrary experience of America has shown to us the futility of carrying the Survey ideas to unnecessary lengths and channels. It is our resolve to tackle only the most vital problems after deliberation and consultation with experienced workers and leaders of the community Our Parsi Press, with its long experience in problems will no doubt assist us by making useful suggestions to further the aim and utility of the survey.

Appeal For Suggestions

Every member of the Parsi community has the right to share in its well-meaning endeavours, and I request all interested persons to visit our office and see for themselves what we have been able to achieve in a short space of two months. We shall be most willing to hear and carry out helpful suggestions, nothing will inspire us more in our work than the feeling that the community shares the task we have undertaken, and that we have been able to initiate a work where all may co-operate for the benefit of all Our Office at Union Bank Building Apollo Street, is open on week days from 10-30 a.m. to 5 p.m for all interested visitors. May I request our Parsi publicists and writers never to spare their pen in aiding our efforts with helpful suggestions? I may assure them that the hardest of criticism will receive due attention.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

PLANCHET.

Outside the Louvre D' Artagnan divided the gold equally with his friends.

"What shall I do with my share," he asked. Athos advised him to order a good dinner, Porthos to engage a footman, and Aramis proposed a nice mistress.

The dinner was served on the following day at the "Fir Cone," and the footman waited at table. Porthos had engaged him: his name was Planchet and he was from Picardy. He was disappointed when he heard that it was not Porthos he was going to serve, but when he saw D'Artagnan pay the dinner with a handful of gold, he believed his fortune made.

MOUSQUETON.

Mousqueton was the name of Porthos' footman. He was from Normandy and originally was called Boniface, but his master changed this pacific name into the more pithy one of Mousqueton. He was always dressed in a handsome manner, for Porthos knew a smart tailor, who altered all his cast-off clothes for the footman, and who did it exceedingly well. When Porthos passed with a friend before his own windows in the Rue Vieux-Colombier, Mousqueton was always to be seen in one of them in full livery. Porthos then raised his head and pointed, saying: "There I live," but he never invited anybody to go up with him, so that nobody could have any idea of what his appartement was like behind the distinguished facade.

WOMEN'S 'VA SITY E..AM. RESULTS

Below are results of the Examinations held in March and April, 1937, by the Indian Women's University:—

Graduate In Arts

81 candidates appeared for the Examination for the Degree of Graduates in Arts out of whom 52 passed: 12 in IInd Class, 26 in IIIrd Class and 14 in Not Class. Result 64 per cent. The following names are arranged in order of merit.

SECOND CLASS

Chitale Sharada G., Sulakhe Usha W., Parulekar Gangu K., Gandhi Rambhagauri M., Gole Malati R., Gunaji Indumati N., Ghorpade Venu V., Joshi Suman H., Pathak Lalita, L., Bhise Snehalata D., Gupte Kusum P., Madkholkar Shanta G.

THIRD CLASS

Bakshi Vasumati C., Salgarar Ramabai, Trivedi Nalini B., Amin Bhakti G., Mody Kusum T., Kusumgar Sushila, M., Desai Hashmukh A., Bhuskute Narmada P., Bhatt Chandra R., Keswani Ratni K., Gidvani Hardevi T., Nandagiri Indra Devi, Pathak Vidya M., Sheth Labhu A., Shirgaonkar Durga V., Bhide Sindhu, Punvani Parvati B., Gavankar Venu V., Chitale Tara G., Bhatt Rambha J., Parmekar Sumati S., Vaidya Sumati P., Bhatt Sharda M., Sudame Sumati S., Joshi Shakuntala V., Shivdasani Kishni R.

NOT CLASS

Agate Sushila R., Athalye Sushila L., Deo Vimal V., Gangal Shakuntala V., Gokhale Yamu B., Joshi Pramila D., Joshi Saruben K., Makhijani Devi J., Samartha Chandraprabha N., Shah Virbala K., Shivdasani Navnidh R., Thakore Virbala L., Thorat Kamala L., Thosar Sushila G.

AWARD OF PRIZES

(1) Chancellor's Prize and Lokamanya Tilak Marathi Prize to Sharada G. Chitale of the S. N. D. Thackersey College for Women, Bombay.

(2) B. T. Dravid Sanskrit Prize to Gangu K. Parulekar of the S. N. D. Thackersey College for Women, Poona.

(3) N. G. Deshpande English Prize divided equally between Salgarkar Ramabai, Private candidate from Hyderabad Deccan, Gidvani Hardevi T., and Keswani Ratni K., private candidates from Karachi.

(4) Psychology Prize to Rambhagauri M. Gandhi from Calcutta.

Second Year Arts

104 candidates appeared for the Second Year Examination in Arts out of whom 67 passed: 15 in Second Class, 24 in Thrid Class and 28 in Not Class. Results about 65 per cent. The following names are arranged in order of merit.

SECOND CLASS

Datar Shanta V., Desai Shanti P., Marchandani Sundri S., Doctor Urmi S., Munshi Mrudula Manilal, Joshi Kanta N., Dixit Kamal G., Paranjape Kusum D., Bhatt Sadgoon V., Godbole Lila P., Gole Padmavati V., Nayak Rajvibai V., Mehta Kusum M., Hasabnis Shanta P., Rege Tara S.

THIRD CLASS

Paranjape Indu L., Kotnari Kanta D., Vadke Kesar R., Parekh Surya H., Singammal M. A., Desai Chandrakanta M., Dave Prabhavati C., Rege Gulab V., Baxi Harvidya G., Shah Dhiriben D., Dharwada Babiben M., Sathe Vimal V., Parekh Nalini D., Doshi Taramati D., Ranade Suman V., Doctor Sarla S., Majmundar Sumukhi A., Kora Subhadra D., Patel Shanta C., Kirloskar Saraswatibai, Marathe Sharayu V., Deshpande Lila S., Wagh Sushila M., Anjaria Vatsala H.

NOT CLASS

Bakshi Vasumati C., Bhatt Nirmala J., Bhatt Rambha J., Bhise Snehalata D., Bhuskute Narmada P., Chitale Tara G., Dani Mangla S., Dugge Lilavati V., Fadia Shanta N., Ganpule Pramila K., Gaonkar Manjula B. Joshi Shakuntala V., Joshi Suman H., Limaye Thaku M., Manjrekar Hira S., Mitra Renuka, Mody Kusum T., Parchure Indira S., Parmekar Sumati S., Punvani Parpati B., Randive Vimal R., Sabnis Vimal S., Sahasrabudhe Vatsala D., Shah Indumati N., Shirgaonkar Durga V., Tambat Pramodini P., Trivedi Nalini B., Vaidya Sumati P.

Shanta Datar passed the Diploma Examination in Music and Girijaben Trivedi passed the examination for the Diploma in Music. Compulsory Gujrati and Domestic Science.

First Year Arts

87 candidates appeared for the F. Y. A. Examination out of whom 61 passed: 19 in IInd Class, 30 in Third Class and 12 in Not Class. Result 70.11 per cent. The following names are arranged in order of merit.

SECOND CLASS

Parekh Kumud D., Pratinidhi Shailajadevi, Datar Sushila S., Karnik Vimal A. Patel Shanta A., Shende Ambu D., Shah Veena P., Bhambhani Krishna K., Desai Nirmala V., Shah Chandravadi A., Mehta Ramagauri M., Desai Kanta M., Prajapati Shanta G., Chhatrapati Suryabala P., Modi Hira S., Thakore Gulab V., Shah Kalavati V., Gokhale Chhabu G., Chokshi Kanta V.

THIRD CLASS

Parulekar Kusum V., Thakore Sarala V., Adamala Savitri Devi, Shah Kusum S., Sahasrabudhe Padmavati M., Jayavant Gulab G., Mehta Jayabala P., Divekar Shakuntala B., Patel Saroj V., Bhavnani Kala H., Mehta Tanman H., Kanetkar Shakuntala G., Gandhi Bhanumati V., Tolat Taramati T., Kini Ramabai P., Pawar Kamal S., Palnitkar Tara T., Padhye Malati K., Paithankar Vasundhara N., Shroff Kusum C., Singamma M. A., Patgavkar Mohna A., Trivedi Jayantika B., Joshi Krishnabai S., Gokhale Kamala R., Sukthankar Sarla J., Modak Leela G., Wagle Manorama V., Shaligram Vimal K., Siphimlani Vishni M.

NOT CLASS

Desai Jayalaxmi J., Deshmukh Vimal P; Kora Subhadra D; Mahadevia Sharda N; Mazmundar Sumukhi A; Mehta Kusum M; Mehta Padma C; Ranade Suman V; Samtaney Lachmi G; Sathe Vimal V; Shah Dhiriben D; Wakhare Sushila T; Idnani Sati B. Passed the Diploma Examination in Sindhi Compulsory.

AWARD OF PRIZES

(1) G. G. Karmarkar Marathi Prize to Shailajadevi Pratinidhi, private candidate from Ichalkaranji.

(2) Soubhagyavati Banubai Vishvanath Salvekar Domestic Science Prize to Kumud D. Parekh, S.L.U .Gujarat Mahila Pathshala, Ahmedabad.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

236 candidates appeared for the Entrance Examination out of whom 98 passed:— 15 in 2nd class, 30 in 3rd class and 53 in Not class. Result 41 per cent. The following names are arranged in order of merit.

SECOND CLASS

Dhavale Sushila A; Kulkarni Shakuntala Y; Varde Sulochana S; Meisheri Ratanbai P; Lakhia Aruna S; Pandya Jyotsna R; Kirpalani Guli C; Desai Lalita D; Varde Kusum B; Potdar Leela T; Havaldar Bhanumati J; Inamdar Champavati R; Redkar Vrinda R; Sukthankar Vimala V; Parchure Subhadra S.

THIRD CLASS

Desai Indumati N; Makvana Sarah L; Mate Venu N; Munshi Shridevi M; Laiwala Kusum I; Vyas Mangla V; Sule Meenakshi L; Divan Indramati G; Pathak Bhanumati K; Velankar Kashi V; Dave Vasant B; Tinaikar Indu R; Mehta Shreelata T; Mehta Bhanumati P; Shah Kanta R; Kirpalani Popri G; Keswani Ati H; Pimpluskar Mania A; Mukhi Rupwanti K; Mehta Harshida S; Mangaonkar Kamal S; Dhopeshwar Vatsala G; Rege Kusum V; Pai Indumati A; Deshpande Indumati D; Bhat Kusum M; Thadhani Kalavanti L; Deshmukh Pramila B; Samant Shanta R; Dixit Mathura V

NOT CLASSED.

Advani Hari G; Amin Kamala C; Amin Savita R; Asher Malati M; Barve Malati V; Billimoria Piroja B; Chandwani Savitri H; Chokshi Shanta V; Desai Manorama N; Desai Pushpavati K; Deshmukh Prabhavati N; Dharwarkar Shakuntala D; Ginde Sarla R; Godiwala Vidya G; Gokhale Sushila V; Holkar Priyamvadabai Jagtiani Devki J. Joglekar Sushila G. Joshi Ambu K. Joshi Kamala B. Joshi Mandakini V., Joshi Sundara N., Karkhanis Vasumati D., Karnik Indumati S., Kavishwar Veerbala K., Kavthekar Leela M., Khale Vatsala G., Majgaonkar Leela K., Mehta Kunjbala L., Mehta Madhukanta K., Mehta Snehalata T., Mehta Veerbala L., Mhaskar Sundara R., Mukati Rasika G., Pagedar Kumudidi A., Paleja Tamuben J., Parghi Yeshodhara S., Patel Shanta C., Patel Subhadra P., Poflee Nani D., Prabhune Shanta B., Rajsinghani Kalawanti S., Samtani Hasi C., Sanghvi Leelavati, Shah Madhukanta S., Shah Nirmala D., Shah Shanta S., Shah Vidyagauri M., Thakore Hasantika H., Thorat Tara R., Vora Damayanti A., Zaveri Savita B. Vazirani Parpati H.

AWARD OF PRIZES

(1) Gadkari Memorial Marathi Prize to Sulochana S. Varde of the S. N. D. Thackersey Kanyashala., Bombay.

(2) Satyabhamabai Ranade Domestic Science Medal to Dhavale Sushila A. of the S. N. D. Thackersey Kanyashala, Poona.

SCHOOL LEAVING CERTIFICATE

The following students have passed the Secondary School Certificate Examination only:—

Ajaney Khatija C., Badlani Parpati N., Bedekar Dwarkabai. Bhambhani Lilawanti V., Bhatt Labhakunver C., Bhatt Nirmala S., Bhutta Lalita V., Chhungi Gopi I., Dani Chandramati S., Desai Kamala R. Divecha Saraswati A. Doshi Lalita V., Gupte Shakuntala K., Jaisinghaney B., Jani Muktakumari G., Joshi Mainben K., Khemani Kalan G., Kinkhabwala Kusum C., Lahori Hoor K., Mehendale Shanta K., Mehta Bhragumati J., Mehta Chandrabala N., Mehta Malati V., Mehta Navnitkala M. Mehta Vijaya M.

Naik Jaya N., Parkar Sulabha M., Panjawany Lachmi K., Panjawany Sadori K., Sadarangani Jhanvi R., Sanghvi Saraswati O., Shah Anasuya T. Sule Indumati N., Tarkas Kusum C Vadher Jayakunver H., Vakil Tara N., Vyas Dayamuvar G., Shah Chandravati. P.

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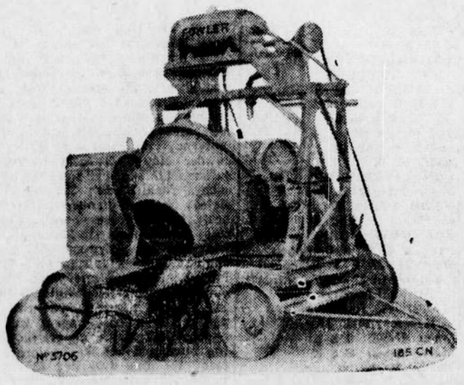

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AFTER THE CORONATION

(Continued from Page 6).

pire. Even outside imperial meetings and conferences, the International Sugar Conference, which has just come to an end, affords a striking example of India's invidious position, for although she is one of the largest producers of sugar, her representation at that Conference was completely ignored. In this way India's highly galling position is thrown into bold and prominent relief.

Seen Through

Another distinguished countryman of ours I met yesterday was Mr. Mathradas Vissanji Khimji, who represents Indian mercantile interests in the Indian Legislative Assembly. It was clear from what he told me that he had not succumbed to the Coronation hysteria. Mr. Mathradas took the view that the costly and the elaborate decorations and parades in London were doubtless justified from the point of view of the National Government. They were intended to work up public feeling in support of the more militaristic policies that are being pursued by the Empire as a whole now and also to make the new King and Queen more popular and familiar figures to the man-in-the-street than they had hitherto been, since so long as the ex-King Edward was on the Throne, the limelight was practically monopolised by him.

Indian Troops

While London crowds go mad with excitement and admiration every time they see the gorgeous turbans and uniforms of our stalwart Indian troops, I have reason to believe that all is not sweet and harmonious in Hampton Court. Hampton Court, as I mentioned sometime ago, is an old Palace on the outskirts of London where our 700 countrymen have been quartered for the duration of their stay in this country. It is practically impossible to get first hand knowledge of the feelings of these men but there is a general feeling that they are far from happy. They are being confined to their quarters, and are only allowed out in shepherded parties taken to see sights or on passes grudgingly given for some special purpose. Nevertheless, some of them were present at the reception given by Sardar Bahadur Sardar Mohan Singh on behalf of the Overseas League and in the course of their conversation that they had with me and some of my friends they gave us more than a hint that they expected to be treated like grown up and responsible men and not like children. They said that they were under the impression—unhappily a mistaken impression—that they were coming to London to celebrate a joyous event and not being brought over here for some grim military duty where their conduct would require to be watched over and disciplined very closely.

Oxford Debate On India

While London crowds were cheering themselves hoarse, glorifying the Empire without knowing what the Empire stands for, the undergraduates of Oxford who presumably will be called upon one day to direct the destinies of the Empire were debating the question of India and deciding that the policies pursued by the National Government were inadequate and harmful. The motion which was rejected by a majority of 63 to 50, at the Oxford Union debate on the day following the Coronation was "that this House regrets the attitude of the Congress Party towards the new Constitution." Not for many months has the Union staged such a lively debate as took place that night and led to the rejection of the motion. The speakers were continuously interrupted from both sides of the House, a procedure which has not been known in the Union for a long time.

The principal speaker in support of the motion was Mr. C. B. Whyte. He stated the case for the new constitution and trotted out the old arguments about the caste system, the position of the monirories, etc., which made it necessary for the system of safeguards and for the special powers vested in the Executive. But the main interest of the debate centred in the speech against the motion of Mr. Daniel Latifi (Muslim) of St. John's. His speech was an excellent one, even judged by the fairly high standard of the Union and it was not a little responsible for the ultimate rejection of the motion. The Indian people, he said, are determined to demand and win the right to direct their own destinies. He attacked the Act on the ground that it gave little self-government to Indians and because of the enormous powers which it gave to the Governors and Governor-General. Another Indian speaker was Mr P. M. Patel, who pointed out that the Indian struggle was one purely for Indian independence by non-violent methods and that only a free India could remain friends with Great Britain.

One noticeable feature of the debate was the large number of young Englishmen who defended the Congress and its leaders. They endorsed the determination of the Indian people to see that the new Constitution is replaced by something more adequate to Indian demand.

SPECIAL POWERS CAN'T BE IGNORED

(Continued from Page 12)

field of general policy which a ministry will wish to pursue."

SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES.

Continuing, the Governor said that the decision that headquarters should not move to Nainital was taken this year primarily on consideration of the special circumstances of the year. He explained firstly that there was an urgent need for economy, and the abandonment of the move offered some saving in expenditure, secondly there was a situation of intense unusual political activity in the Province, which clearly necessitated the Ministers themselves remaining for a large part of the summer in the Plains.

INEVITABLE DECISION.

In these circumstances the decision was natural and almost inevitable. But I think," said His Excellency. "It is reasonable to assume that the whole situation will be considered comprenensively next year by whatever Government is then in office with a view to settling a permanent policy with reference to the conditions arising from the new Constitution."

His Excellency added that the most important new factor was that the Legislature was likely to be in session in Lucknow for some considerable period every year during the Monsoon, and in that case the Headquarters of the Government must clearly, at that time be in Lucknow, and as a considerable portion of the cost of the move to the Hills was represented by travelling allowances, it might perhaps be assumed that if the Secretariat was established in Lucknow during the Monsoon, it would not move to Nainital later."

SECRETARIAT'S DIFFICULTY.

"As regards the hot weather months the Government would have to consider the balance to the public advantage. He agreed that the output of Secretariat work in the Plains would not be as great as normally in the Hills. Officers of the Secretariat were heavily burdened with work, and His Excellency doubted whether they would be able to get through it all in the hot weather months in the Plains unless some addition to the staff was sanctioned, which would mean extra expenditure.

There would also be a tendency for officers to ask for leave during the hot weather months, and this would mean a certain dislocation of work. These considerations would have to be weighed against the saving resulting from discontinuing the present partial move of the Secretariat to the Hills. Apart from this, certain heads of Departments had a privileged recession to the Hills, and it seemed unlikely that the Government would wish to interfere with a practice, which laid no burden on the public finances, and on the whole was conducive to efficiency.

ADVICE TO DEPUTATION.

Concluding the Governor advised the Deputation to elaborate their case and enlist such support for it as they could, and to put it fully before the Government next cold weather, when they would be considering their lines of permanent policy. His Excellency hoped that after these two months he might be able to pay another visit in September. He did not think that Government House was likely to remain deserted throughout the season.—A.P.

Tribute To Memory Of Sir Asutosh Mookerjee

CALCUTTA, May 25.

On the occasion of the thirteenth anniversary of the death of Sir Asutosh Mookerjee, a Memorial Service was held this morning at Chowringhee Square in the vacant space around his statue, which was garlanded.

Sir Manmathanath Mookerjee, former Chief Justice, presided, and songs were sung by a chorus of boys and girls.

A similar service is to be held in the University Building this evening.

The offices of the University are closed to-day.—A. P.

A WORD OF ADVICE

Unfortunately, owing to no special law governing the import and sale of medicines in India, hundreds of unreliable preparations made by firms of no standing are being offered to the public with every conceivable claim, especially for Lost Vitality and Rejuvenation. It is daily becoming more and more difficult for laymen to make the correct choice and avoid the use of all such preparations which are liable to do more harm than good.

We, therefore, beg to inform the public that Okasa is the only Gland-Hormon Tonic used in all civilized countries the world, proof and statistics for which can be given whenever required. Okasa enjoys world-wide reputation for its prompt and sure efficacy in the treatment of Lost Vitality, Neurasthenia, Nerve Weakness and Rundown Conditions of Health. Okasa has withstood the test of time and fulfilled all expectations of the public and the medical profession during a period of over ten years. Okasa is the only preparation which has obtained highest awards at all International Medical Exhibitions, viz: "Grand Prix" with Gold Medals, Paris, 1928; "Cross of Merit" with Gold Medals, Florence (Italy), 1929; "Diploma of Distinction" with Gold Medals, London, 1932.

Owing to the great success of this well-known preparation many attempts are being made in and outside India to imitate this product under various names. Since all the chemical processes employed in preparing Okasa are protected by International and German Federal States Patents, an imitation of this product is impossible. Do not, therefore, make experiments by using unreliable, cheap and unknown preparations offered to you in imitation of this world famous preparation. We request you to use Okasa just for two weeks. The results will be beyond expectations. You will feel years younger, far more healthy, strong and active than ever before.

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Beauty's Self And Sweet and Twenty

Blood full rich and Health in plenty!
Lips and Cheeks of Nature's Shade
That need no artificial aid.
Bright, vivacious, happy, gay,
Her sparkling eyes enhance the day!
Her health, her smiles, her merry trills,
Her beauty comes from Beecham's Pills.

A Nightly Dose Of

Purely Vegetable

Beecham's PILLS

Will Conquer Scores of Daily Ills

Piles Radically Cured

Stops bleeding cures piles at any stage. Recommended by world-known physicians used in hospitals & clinics.

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The safest and quickest remedy for Piles and hemorrhoidal complaints. No need of operation.

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON UNCHANGED

Gold Firm But Silver And Wheat Easy

BOMBAY, May 26.

On Wednesday crossrates ruled quiet.
N. Y. COTTON QUIET.
New York cotton opened steady and thereafter ruled quiet.
GOLD FIRM.
London gold was firm but silver was easy.
WHEAT WEAK.
Wheat was weak on general liquidation. Rubber and Jute were quiet. Base metals were slightly easy.
SECURITIES SLUGGISH.
The London Stock Exchange ruled quiet on lack of speculative support. Giltedged securities were sluggish.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1937
New York, May 26.

Previous closing	12.58
To-day's opening	12.60
Difference	plus 02
To-day's closing	12.58
Difference	Nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1937
Liverpool, May 26.

Previous closing	7.07
To-day's opening	7.03
Difference	—04
To-day's closing	7.03
Difference	—04

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August	Rs. 237
New April May	Rs. 241

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, May 26.

Depression characterised the New York cotton market where prices reacted to favourable weather and crop advices but the decline was somewhat checked by some buying on Japanese Account.

Trading commenced in October option at 12.60 i.e. 2 points higher than previous closing. The market ruled quiet after opening. Weakness of Liverpool induced further realising and the market became somewhat stagnant October touching 12.59.

New York cotton finally closed unchanged at 12.58 for October delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 26.

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (12.78/12.77) 12.68/12.67
October (12.68/12.68) 12.60/12.59
December (12.79/12.79) 12.57/12.56

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool May 26.

American October (7.09)	7.06
American December (7.12)	7.09
Egyptian March (15.70)	10.78
Egyptian May (10.88)	10.85

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, May 26.

Broach cotton for July August delivery moved between Rs. 238-8 and Rs. 237-8. The rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 237-12.

LONDON MARKETS

London, May 26.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA
Indian Pekoe (1-2 1/4) 1-2 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-6 1/4) 1-6 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-3) 1-2 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-2 1/2) 1-10 1/2

JUTE
New Crop May June (£22 1/4 sellers) £22 1/4 sellers.
Dunlop May (£25 1/2 sellers) £25 1/2 sellers.
Lightning May (£24 sellers) £24 sellers

RUBBER
Spot (10 1/16 buyers) 10 1/4 value
Forward July September (10 5/16 buyers) 10 7/16 paid and value

LINSEED
Castorseed Bombay May June (£14 1/16 sellers) £14 sellers
Linseed Calcutta May June (£14 3/4 sellers) £14 3/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata May June (£13 1/8 sellers) £13 3/16 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal May June (£14 1/8 sellers) £14 1/16 sellers.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, May 26.

Liverpool wheat opened with July at 113 and October 105. The market was steady and somewhat above expectations owing to reports of overnight sale of Australian cargo to millers after which the market was narrowly irregular with operators awaiting further weather developments.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, May 26.

Quotations were not received to-day.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)
Delivery Sept. 1937
Bombay, May 26.

	Rs. a. p
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8 5 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 5 0
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8 5 0
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	8 5 6

May delivery was quoted 0-2 lower.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, May 26.

Previous closing	4.94 5/32
To-day's opening	4.94 1/8
To-day's closing	4.94 3/16

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, May 26.

Previous closing	4.94.30
To-day's opening	4.94.20
To-day's closing	4.94.22

FRANC RATE

London, May 26.

Previous closing	110.48
To-day's opening	110.46
To-day's closing	110.48

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 26.

London exchanges opened steady with the sterling dollar quoted at 4.94.20. After being at this level for sometime the market became nervous and irregular on lack of support and the rate fluctuated narrowly keeping stationary at the opening level.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.94.22.

Franc opened at 110.46 and eased a little to 110.59 on lack of speculative support. Business was very meagre.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 110.48

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/28
Paris on Bombay (8.325) 8.345
New York on Bombay (37.33) 37.31
London on Milan (93.92) 93.92
Berlin on Bombay (0.93) 0.93
London on Shanghai (1-2 17/32) 1-2 17/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9 15 to 9/16 per cent) 9/15 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—
Tin (£253 buyers £253 1/4 sellers. Quiet) £252 buyers £252 1/4 sellers. Quiet.
Lead (£24 15/16 buyers £25 sellers. Steady) £24 3/8 buyers No sellers. Easy.
Electrolytic Copper (£65 to £67) £64 1/2 to £66 1/2
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, May 26.

The following cable information was received from London to night

"India bought. China and Speculators sold. Market is quiet.

LONDON SILVER

London, May 26.

	Previous closing Prices	To-day's Prices
Spot	20 3/8d.	20 1/4d.
Forward	20 7/16d.	20 5/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, May 26.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-5 1/2) £7-0-7

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, May 26.
10 p.m.

Silver ready	52	11	0
Silver 1st settlement	52	11	0
Silver 2nd settlement	52	13	6
Gold ready	34	11	0
Gold 1st settlement	34	11	0
Gold 2nd settlement	34	8	0
Sovereigns	22	3	0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, May 26.

Wheat September	5 9 9
Wheat January	5 13 0
Linseed September	8 5 6

The tone was barely steady.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, May 26.

Liverpool wheat May delivery closed at 116 1/4 as against the previous closing rate at 116 1/4

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

London, May 26.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted at Rs. 95-13-0 at 2-0 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 95-14-0.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	95 15 0
Highest	95 15 0
Lowest	95 12 0
Closing	95 14 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, May 26.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 c/o.

INDIAN LOANS

London, May 26.
2-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Loan (£99) £99
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£91 1/2) £92
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£110 1/2) £110 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£113 1/2) £114
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£106 1/2) £106 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£111) £111
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£102 1/2) £102 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-78 (£108 1/2) £108 7/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£76 5/8) £76 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102 1/8) £102 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 5/8) £105 3/4 Ex Div.
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 3/4) £110 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102) £102
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 3/4) £109 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 26.

Very quiet conditions prevailed all around owing to the lack of fresh support. Markets generally were dull and rather irregular apart from home rails

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (16-4 1/2) 16-4 1/2
Marke and Spencer Ordinary (83-7 1/2) 80-0
Hydro Electric (£8 1/2) £8 3/8
Musical Industries (21-6) 21-6
Princhin Johnson (44-9) 44-9
Imperial Chemical (37-7 1/2) 37-9
Woolsworth Ordinary (78-9) 78-9
Realisation 1930 (£94 3/4) £94 3/4
Dunlop Rubber (34-3) 34-3
Unilever Ordinary (43-0) 42-1 1/2
Ford Motors (28-7 1/2) 28-3
Cables and Wireless (£6 1/4) £6 1/4
British American Tobacco (126-3) 126-3
Carreas (£8 5/8) £8 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (155-0) 155-0
P and O S N Company Deferred (33-4 1/2) 32-10 1/2
Distillers (115-0) 114-3
Bredfords Dyers (£8 7/8) £9 1/8
British Celanese (£8 7/8) £8 7/8
J and P Coates Ordinary (46-6) 46-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (54-4 1/2) 54-4 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (10-0) 10-0
Vickers Limited Ordinary (29-4 1/2) 29-4 1/2
Inter Nickels (61-9) 60-9
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (72-6) 72-6
Tata Steel Preference (£106) £106

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-0) 20-0
Donaro Tea (48-9) 48-9
Empire of India (31-3) 31-3

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (41-3) 40-0
Gula Kelampong (43-9) 43-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (38-3) 38-3

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£10 3/4) £10 3/4

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (51-3) 51-3
Burma Corporation (17-6) 17-6
Rio Tintos (20 7/8) 20 1/2
East Rand Proprietors (65-0) 63-9
Rand Mines (£7 1/4) £7 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£13 1/4) £13 1/4
Gedule New (£8 3/4) £8 1/2
New Moddels (£29 7/8) £28 3/4
Sub Nigel (£10 1/2) £10 3/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (34-4 1/2) 33-9
Union Corporation (£8 1/8) £7 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezula Persian (£55) £55
Anglo Iranian (124-4 1/2) 128-1 1/2
Burma Oil (113-1 1/2) 115-0
Musical Eagle (19-7 1/2) 19-7 1/2
Shell Transport (113-9) 114-4 1/2
Royal Dutch (£43) £43 7/8

HUME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£62 1/2) £63 1/4
L and S Ordinary (£33) £33
L N E R Defd (£5 1/4) £5 1/4
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£23 3/4) £23 3/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£126) £124 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£85 3/4) £87

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 26.

To-day's opening rates were as follows:
General Motor (dol 57) dol 56 1/4
N Copper Mining (dol 54 3/8) dol 54 3/4
U S Steel Common (dol 100 1/2) dol 98 1/2
U S Steel Preference (dol 134 1/2) unchanged.

LAST MINUTE IMPROVEMENT IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Good Demand For Home Rails

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
London, May 26.

On the Stock Exchange the settlement of the coal dispute and excellent railway traffics induced good demand for home rails prices whereof moved up appreciably. Elsewhere markets opened very dull but the lost ground was substantially recovered in the last minute improvement.

In commodities wheat eased in sympathy with overseas. Sugar declined owing to liquidation

Wall Street opened irregular tending quietest

JUTE SHARES QUIET

Coals Easier

CALCUTTA, May 26.

Jutes were quiet with limited business. Coals were easier. Teas were dull. Miscellaneous disclosed no special feature. Speculative leaders generally ruled easier. Government securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—Two and threefourth per cent loan 1948/52 100/2, three and a half per cent paper 95/11, three per cent loan 1951/54 101/2, four per cent loan 1960/70 110/11, three per cent U.P. loan 1961/66 96/13.

Banks:—Imperial fully paid 1530.

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan 105, Shahadara Delhi Saharanpur 145.

Cottons:—Kesoram ord 6/14, Kesoram pref 131/8.

Coals:—Bokaro and Ramgur 14/15, Equitable 35, Lakurka 6/8, Rewa 25/1, Samla 2/1, Talcher 2/1, Union 17/10, West Jamuria 12/12.

Jutes:—Albion 233, Belvedere 358, Clive 25/10 small lot, Howrah 52/8, Kamarhatty 532, National 22/12 small lot, Nuddea 44/8 small lot, Standard 284/8 small lot.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 11/6, Consolidated tin 3/4, Rhodesia copper 2/15 cum div, Hukumchand steel 10/8, Indian iron and steel 44/9 Indian B. I. Corporation pref 142, do ordinary 3/14, Dunlop Rubber ord 19 small lot, do second pref 101/8 small lot, Walford transport 2/12, British Burma petroleum 2/12, Bengal paper a pref 134,

Rubber:—Parit Parank 2/45, Tapah 2/45, Indian General Navigation ord 122/8, C Div.

Sugars:—Balrampore 14 odd lots, Crew and Co. 17/2, Kaliti tea 11 .

Debenture:—Three and a half per cent 1935/65 Calcutta Improvement Trust 101/8.—A. P.

KARACHI MARKET REPORT

Karachi, May 26.

To-day's closing quotations:—
Sind cotton July 24/7, Jan. 22/3/6, Panjab July 20/14, Deshi American July 25/13/8, Jan. 25/10/3 quiet Wheat July 30/13/3, Sept. 31/2/3, dull Gram July 22/7/8, Sept. 22/15/9, Toria May 42/0/3, July 42/6/6, Sept. 42/15/9, Cotton Sind May 17, July 17/4/9, Sept. 17/11/9 Jan. 17/9/9.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

Ahmedabad, May 26.

Following are closing quotations of Ahmedabad Share Bazar of May 26:
Aryodaya spinning 208/12, Calico 564/6 Gujarat cotton 31/4, Jubili 188/12, Marsdan 76/4, Motilal Hirabhai 55, Monogram 53/12, Rajanagar 330.

Alexandria Market

Alexandria, May 25

SAKELS—	
July	19.00 plus 44
November	19.38 plus 12
ASHMOUNI—	
June	17.33 —10
August	16.26 —21
GIZA—	
July	18.76 plus 26
November	17.49 —04

Produce Receipts

Bombay, May 26.

	Cwts.
Wheat	31,283
Linseed	14,398
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	195
Gingellyseed	99
Poppyseed	78
Groundnuts	1,900
Castorseed	1,247
Rice	95,925
Myrabollams	1,161
Cottonseed	840
Gram	3,632
Joowar	1,886
Maize	240
Barley	201
Bajree	480
Indian Sugar	7,970
	Tons.
Coal	487

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of May 26.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —000 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.7 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.2 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 91.3 degrees (normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 79.8 degrees 0.6 (below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 69 p.c.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED MAY 26.

At 8-7 a.m local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 86.5 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.02 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.80 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

RESERVE BANK INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ending on the 21st day of May 1937.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES—

	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	14,48,18,000
Notes in circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	190,32,40,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	1,96,33,000
Total Notes issued	206,77,91,000
Total Liabilities	206,77,91,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 60.317 per cent.

ASSETS.—

	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	41,51,58,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,98,000
Sterling Securities	80,30,70,000
Total of A	124,72,26,000
B. Rupee Coin	54,68,41,000
Govt. of India Rupee Securities	27,37,24,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper	Nil
Total Assets	206,77,91,000

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 21st May 1937.

LIABILITIES—

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government x	9,31,29,000
(b) Banks	26,82,79,000
(c) Others	54,19,000
Bills Payable	12,86,000
Other Liabilities	31,54,000
Rupees	47,12,67,000

x Includes £.138,500 held in London on account of the High Commissioner converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee.

ASSETS—

	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	14,48,51,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	67,000
Rupee Coin	6,72,000
Subsidiary Coin	2,97,000
Bills Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	2,68,000
(b) External	Nil
(c) Govt. of India Treasury Bills	Nil
Balances held abroad*	24,47,82,000
Loans and Advances to the Govt.	Nil
Other Loans and Advances	1,90,000
Investments	7,51,65,000
Other Assets	49,75,000
Rupees	47,12,67,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

BLACK FLAGS TO GREET JAMNADAS

Panvel Prepares For Hartal

(From A Correspondent.)
PANVEL, May 25.

The Kolaba District Conference of the Democratic Swaraj Party is to be held on the 29th and 30th instant under the presidentship of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta at Panvel.

The Panvel Taluka Congress Committee has started a week's programme in order to express protest against the "Interim" Ministry. Sjt. B. M. Gupte who presided over the District Conference at Choul near Alibag on the 23rd instant had come to Panvel. accompanied by Sjt. H. M. Joshi. Both of them addressed a crowded meeting under the presidentship of Seth Chapsi Purushottam, President of the Taluka Congress Committee. Both of the speakers congratulated the members of the Municipality for giving a correct lead to the public by refusing to give an address to Mr. Jamnadas Mehta.

It is decided that complete Hartal will be observed on the 29th, the day of the arrival of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta and a procession will be taken out through the city with placards and black flags. Mr. Achutrao Patwardhan, a member of the Congress Working Committee, will come to Panvel to lead the procession. He will also address a public meeting.

Speeches of Messrs. Jedhe and Gadgil are fixed for the 26th, that of Mr. G. V. Mavlankar on the 28th and Sjt. Javdekar on the 27th.

GOODS WAGONS ROLL DOWN LINES

Sequel To Cyclone In Punjab

(From Our Correspondent.)
SIMLA, May 26.

The cyclone which swept the Punjab on Sunday last caused a number of railway wagons to roll down the lines. Seven goods wagons left Mukerian and reached Dasuya which is ten miles away while another stopped half way through. One goods wagon travelled from Lilla station near Khushab to Bhak fourteen miles away.

Patna: It is understood that the Hon'ble Nawab Abdul Wahab Khan, the Finance Minister, Bihar, will proceed to Bombay on June 4 to attend the Finance Ministers' Conference on June 7 and 8.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, May 26.

K Nixon s.s. City of Bedford of 4100 reg tons Capt T P Lige arrived from Birkenhead via Portsaid with general cargo.

Anchor Line s.s. Castalia of 4171 reg tons Capt F M Henderson arrived from Glasgow via Liverpool, Gibraltar, Marseilles, Portsaid, Suez and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

DEPARTURES

B I S N s.s Bankura of 1896 reg tons Capt AA Lewis sailed for Basra via Karachi with passengers and local cargo.

K Nixon s.s. City of Mandalay of 4497 reg tons Capt R C Henderson sailed for Marseilles Dunkerk and Antwerp via Karachi with local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N s.s. Tairea of 3756 reg tons Capt S K Baird sailed for Durban via Mombassa and East and South African Ports with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

N Y K s.s. Tokushima Maru of 3703 reg tons Capt M Suguira sailed for Karachi via Kundla and Bedi Bunder with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following steamers booked for loading on 26-5-37.

S S Ranee (T M) Calicut, Cochin, Negapatam, Madras, Cuddalore and Calcutta.

S S Jalarajan (S C S N) for Karachi

Vessels In Docks

Bombay, May 26.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

1 Royo Maru 3650 Karachi 27-5 M B
2 Lahore 3161 London 3-6 M M
3 London Maru 4414 Karachi 29-5 O S K
5 Tokushima Maru 3703 Karachi 26-5 N Y Kaisha
6 Castalia 4171 Karachi 4-6 Anchor Line
8 Treuenfels 5196 Hamburg 28-5 L Edwards
Jett-Jalajoti 2698 Rangoon 27-5 Scindia S N
9 Mayebashi Maru 4321 Karachi 27-5 N Y Kaisha
12 Bhutan 2312 Japan 26-5 M M
14 Mantai Maru 4259 Japan 27-5 O S K
16 Tairea 3756 Durban 26-5 M M
17 C/Auckland 5288 Colombo N F F F Campbell

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Bankura 1896 P Gulf 25-5 M M
4 Vita 1955 Busra 27-5 M M
5 Hashemi 290 M Coast 26-5 Hassum
6 Indira 278 M Coast 26-5 Malabar Steamship
10-11 Silksworth 2961 Bassein 27-5 Scindia S N

PRINCES DOCK

K Varela 1926 N F N F M M
FROM LONDON
Carthage 27-5-37 P and O S N
Strathnaver 3-6-37 P and O S N
Ranchi 10-6-37 P and O
FROM LIVERPOOL
Clan Murray 31-5-37 James Finlay
City of Guildford 2-6-37 K Nixon
FROM HAMBURG
Watchfels 29-5-37 L Edwards
Vasaland 31-5-37 L Edwards
Wartenfels 6-6-37 L Edward
FROM NEW YORK
New Orleans 8-6-37 L Edward
Pres. Pierce 28-5-37 F F Campbell
FROM CHINA AND JAPAN
Ginyo Maru 30-5-37 N Y K
Victoria Maru 25-5-37 O S K
Somali 6-6-37 P and O
Ranpura 28-5-37 P and O
Tokiwa Maru 15-6-37 N Y Kaisha
Kifuku Maru 9-6-37 O S Kaisha
Conte Biancamano 27-5-37 L Triestino
FROM SYDNEY
Mongolia 5-6-37 P and O S N
FROM BASRA
Barpeta 27-5-37 M M
Vasna 29-5-37 M M
Varsova 5-6-37 M M
Barala 3-6-37 M M
FROM HULL
Serbino 4-6-37 James Finlay
FROM TRIESTE
Gloria Stella 27-5-37 L Triestino
FROM GENOA
Laconia 26-5-37 L Triestino
Conte Rosso 8-6-37 L Triestino
FROM OSLO
Simla 2-6-37 L Edward
FROM KARACHI
Tokushima Maru 31-5-37 O S K
Mayebashi Maru 27-5-37 N Y Kaisha
FROM DURBAN
Karanja 29-5-37 M M
FROM MIRI
British Consul 2-6-37 A I Oil
FROM RANGOON
Naringa 30-5-37 M M
FROM CALCUTTA
Gharinda 26-5-37 M M
Sirsa 30-5-37 M M
Howra 3-6-37 M M
SAILING DATES
FOR LONDON
Rawalpindi 12-6-37 P and O
Mooltan 19-6-37 P and O
Ranpura 29-5-37 P and O
Corfu 26-6-37 P and O
Mongolia 5-6-37 P and O
Lahore 3-6-37 M M
FOR LIVERPOOL
City of Benares 7-6-37 K N
FOR SYDNEY
Strathnaver 3-6-37 P and O
FOR NEW YORK
Press Pierce 28-5-37 F F Campbell
Pres Garfield 25-6-37 F F Campbell
Pres Van Buren 11-6-37 F F Campbell
FOR GENOA
Victoria 17-6-37 L Triestino
FOR CHINA AND JAPAN
Mantai Maru 27-5-37 O S K
Celebes Maru 26-5-37 O S K
Bhutan 25-5-37 M M
Carthage 27-5-37 P and O
London Maru 8-6-37 O S Kaisha
Tokushima Maru 5-6-37 N Y Kaisha
Giyo Maru 11-6-37 N Y Kaisha
Conte Rosso 8-6-37 L Triestino
FOR HAMBURG
Treuenfels 28-5-37 L Edwards
FOR CALCUTTA
Laconia 28-5-37 L Triestino
FOR BASRA
Bankura 26-5-37 M M
Barpeta 2-6-37 M M
Gloria Stella 27-5-37 L Triestino
Vasna 3-6-37 M M
FOR DURBAN
Karanja 9-6-37 M M
FOR KARACHI
Vita 2/-5-37 M M
Watchfels 4-6-37 L Edward
GENERAL LANDING DATES
S S Lahore 24-5-37
S S Bhutan 24-5-37
S S Moncalieu 25-5-37
S S Sonavati 25-537
S S Irrawadi 25-5-37

EXPORTS

S S Lakore for London: 21 bales hemp raw V P Maskat; 25 bales cotton ny V A Save; 42 pcs brass scrap G Gabriel; 923 bags groundnut B Balwant; 2444 bags groundnut S M Rajgor 128 cases bristles B P and Hayley.

For Havre: 668 bags myrabollams C Jivanlal.

For Ghent: 169 bales cotton raw A Clayton.

S S President Pierce for New York: 100 bales carpet wool D Abraham; 565 bags tiea seeds D Abraham; 155 bags sesame seeds D Abraham; 409 bags plantago seeds D Abraham; 84 bags oil seeds D Abraham; 40 bags lallementia seeds D Abraham; 65 bags pistachio nuts M J Mowla; 195 bags gum olibanum N Mulji; 1797 bags gum karaya N Mulji; 523 bags gum karaya D Mavji; 667 bags linseed A Virji; 200 bags mocudan meal B Ardeshir; 155 bags buffalo pickers N A Gena.

For Selonica; 135 bags g nut seed R Shantilal.

For Genoa: 1948 bags castor seed The Oil Seeds Trading; 110 bales cotton raw Italindia Cotton.

For Boston: 65 bales goat skins D Abraham.

For Peramo: 25 bags g nut seed R Shantilal.

For Suez: 25 bales cotton cold piece goods F Shohet; 55 bales c c piece goods (grey sheeting) E D Sassoon; 175 bales c c piece goods (grey shirting) E D Sassoon; 100 bales grey cotton piece goods A Virji; 14 bales grey cotton yarn Sassoon J David.

For Alexandria: 34 bales cotton cold piece goods A Virji; 50 bags apricots R Shantilal; 15 bags grey cotton sheeting R Shantilal; 50 bales cotton grey yarn A H Diab; 117 bales cotton white shirting A H Diab.

For Kingstone: 20 bales grey cotton sheeting R Shantilal.

For Patras: 1211 bags linseed K Devchand

S S Conte Biancamano for Venice: 1948 bags castor seed Oil Seeds Trading

For Istanbul: 75 bales grey cotton yarn Sassoon J David.

For Tamagusta: 14 bales cotton dyed yarn S J David.

For Trieste: 110 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 165 bales cotton raw A Clayton.

For Byraute: 11 bales grey cotton yarn M A Alabdulrazzak.

For Alexandretta: 33 bales grey cotton yarn M A Alabdulrazzak.

S S Truenfels for Hamburg: 494 bags black pepper R S Tata; 28 bales cotton waste clean C Jairam.

For Antwerp: 1000 bags bone meal A Dawn; 2400 bags crushed bones A Dawn; 116 bags rape seed B Balwant; 50 bales coloured cotton twist waste B Karsondas; 54 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 1334 bags copra oil cake A Oomerbhoy

For Rotterdam: 33 bags kang grain B Balwant; 417 bags castor seed R Ratilal.

For Malmo: 20 cases cardamom A P Gupta.

For Istanbul: 100 bales grey cotton yarn T M Kaisha

For Suez: 75 bales cotton cold piece goods S J Futtal.

S S Aagtekerk for Sydeny: 587 bags myrabollam H Bagwandas; 124 bags myrabollam K Tricamji; 384 bags myrabollam P Mathradas.

For Melbourne: 510 bags myrabollam P Mathradas; 186 bags myrabollam K Tricomji; 1358 bags castor seed Rall Bross; 50 bales cotton raw A Clayton.

For Adelaide: 14 bales cotton twist waste B Ullainram.

S S London Maru for Kobe: 425 tons iron scrap M G Abdulhoosain; 231 tons iron scrap G Gabriel.

For Osaka: 80 ton iron scrap M G Abdulhoosain

S S Castalia: 1400 bags g nut oil cake F H Kassam; 2800 bags g nut il cake Mantri.

For Manchester: 4000 packets myrabollams R S Tata.

For Islam: 1750 tons manganeseore James Finlay.

S S Tokus Ima Maru for Yokohama: 7 tons old steel scrap G Gabriel.

S S Mayebashi Maru for Kobe: 100 bales cotton raw J G Shah; 1250 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

For Osaka: 50 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

S S Mantai Maru for Kobe: 1000 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, May 26.

S S Truenfels Agents L Edwards from Hamburg: 964 pcs aspenlogs; 49 cases machinery; 553 pcs iron tubes; 68 pkgs iron work for tanks; 37 pkgs iron sheets; 297 dms asphalt; 100 bdls copper sheets; 261 cases beer; 15 bdls sewing machines; 144 cases padlocks; 198 cases globes; 146 cases hurricane lanterns; 1104 cases wire nails; 60 bags powder clay; 125 cases hardware and cutlery 127 cases slate pencils; 25 caboys farnic acid; 350 cases school slates; 50 bags glauber salts; 178 cases heel tips; 30 cases bonee powder; 170 cases common spirit; 20 cases common wine; 25 bdls plywood; 833 cases iron chains; 35 dms lub grease; 737 dms lub oil; 38 cases unevposed films; 396 bales boad (not containing envelopes) 606 bdls m s hoops; 24 cases cycle parts; 169 bales paper; 2037 bales paper; 2037 bales paper (not containing envelopes; 75 kgs chlorate of potash; 107 dms dyes dry 65 cases hemp twine; 50 bales eath colours; 43 cases envelopes; 37 cases hurricane lanter globes; 98 cases buttons; 29 cases lyralamps; 20 dms aluminiam powder, 722 cases balts and nuts; 87 cases camphor powder; 450 dms mercury atlas flag oil; 30 cases lamp parts; 43 pcs bar steel 18 cases tools; 25 cases textile machinery parts; 28 dms sulphide of sodium; 27 cases standard expeller; 225 bdls steel; 72 dms magnesium chloride; 300 cases window glass; 35 cases grinding mills and spares; 130 pcs steel poles; 300 cts tiles; 20 cases insulting wire; 61 pcs earthenware; 28 cases aluminium foils; 381 cases y m steels; 381 cases y m sheets; 40 cases iron wire netting; 238 bds brass round rods; 53 cases iron ware; 34 cases lamps cheap tin iron; 20 cases black forest clocks; 256 cases y m circles; 67 bdls tubes; 161 bdls steel tubes.

Moderate Cancellation Of Textile Orders

Liquidation And Mills Selling In Cotton

Favourable Weather And Fresh Labour Troubles In U. S. A.

BOMBAY: May 26.

On Tuesday the New York Cotton Market was again easy on increased selling, particularly by Mills as a result of moderate cancellation of Textile orders.

Fresh labour troubles in Steel factories of U. S. A. created nervousness on the New York Stock Exchange.

The New York cotton futures market reacted on Tuesday to favourable weather and crop advices, with trade interests especially the Japanese the best buyers on the decline, sellers were cautious however owing to the firm technical position and fears of unforseen developments in Washington.

The market opened steady and declined on easier Liverpool advices with long liquidation and Mills selling. Spot cotton demand was dull and textiles were inactive. There was some report of moderate cancellation of textile orders. Later on the market however showed resistance at the decline. Prices declined further on local and New Orleans selling and weakness of wheat. Stocks and Wall Street and Mills were selling.

Weather for the cotton crop was reported favourable with clouds and showery conditions. The progress of the crop is promising but as said previously the technical position of the market being healthy, sellers are not enthusiastic but textile demand is falling off and Mill production is decreasing. There is more disposition to cancel orders and mills which covered their requirements of raw cotton were selling out.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton futures market opened at a decline of 4 points with October 12.68. Prices improved 2 points from the opening level and October was quoted 12.70 which was the highest level for the day and later on under general selling prices declined with a marked absence of any support. October reached the low point 12.57 and the market closed at a net decline of 14 to 17 points. Spot cotton prices declined 14 points at 13.16c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also easy on increased selling and closed at a decline of 14 to 16 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 14 points at 12.95c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened unchanged at 7.09 for October. Following scattered buying on firm Alexandria prices, the market eased on Continental liquidation owing to favourable weather. The offtake was poor. Later on there was local covering and trade calling against straddle selling. The market closed at a net decline of 2 to 4 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices declined 8 points at 7.29d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

There was scattered buying in this section. Sakels futures closed unchanged with Spot cotton 2 points up at 11.35d. Uppers futures closed 4 points up to 2 points down with Spot cotton 8 points lower at 9.70d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

There was active buying in the Alexandria market which resulted in steady improvement. Sakels futures closed 44 to 9 points up but Ashmouni futures declined 21 to 8 points.

LOWER PRICES

Messrs. M and B Stern state:—

At night despite easier New York advices the market was firm on buying by jobbers. In face of somewhat pessimistic advices from America the local market exhibits remarkable steadiness due to scarcity of contracts and reluctance of operators to make short sales.

The New York Market eased on generally favourable weather. Trade interests especially Japan were the principal buyers on the decline. Sellers are cautious owing to the strong technical position and critical weather months ahead.

Wall Street eased on possibility of fresh labour troubles in the steel industry.

The following cable is to hand from one of our New York friends:—

"Weather generally favourable, with weakness July inclined expect lower market."

PRIVATE CABLES

—New York October highest 12.70 —02 (10-16 a.m.)
New York October lowest 12.57 —15 (2-28 p.m.)
Liverpool October highest 7.11 plus 02
Liverpool October lowest 7.05 —04

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Liquidation and further selling on rains in Texas. For East bought on scale.

Market influenced by favourable crop and weather news. Mills are hedging part of present stocks with sales of futures. Textile prices all unsatisfactory to buyers. Weakness in securities and grain discouraging speculative support in cotton and further liquidation seems likely.

Weather continues favourable. Some selling by American mills attributed to cancellation of orders. Decline may go somewhat further pending change in weather.

Daily weather report:—
Eastern: Partly cloudy
Central: Partly scattered showers
Western: Partly cloudy.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 25

July	12.66 —14
October	12.58 —14
December	12.53 —17
January	12.57 —15
March	12.63 —14
May	12.67 —14
Middling Spot	13.16 —14

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, May 25

July	12.55 —14
October	12.56 —14
December	12.62 —16
Middling Spot	12.95 —14

NEW YORK

New York, May 25

11 A.M. RANGES—	
July	12.73/12.73
October	12.66/12.65
December	12.63/12.63
NOON CALL—	
July	12.74
October	12.67
December	12.64

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, May 25

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U S Ports	7,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's exports to the Continent	2,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	1,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, May 25

May	7.10 —02
June	7.11 —02
July	7.13 —02
August	7.11 —02
September	7.09 —02
October	7.07 —02
November	7.02 —03
Decemher	7.02 —03
January	7.02 —03
February	7.02 —03
March	7.02 —04
April	7.02 —02
Middling Spot	7.29 —08
	10-12 a.m. uotations
July	7.15
October	7.09

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, May 25

May	10.78
June	10.78
July	10.88
September	10.68
F G F SPOT	11.35

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, May 25

BROACH—	
Fully Good (good staple)	5.99
Fine (Good staple)	6.14
Superfine (good staple)	6.29
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.89
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	6.04
Choice (No. 1 staple)	6.19
BENGAL—	
Good	5.03
Fully Good	5.13
Fine	5.28

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 25

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£70
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£78 3/4
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£91 3/4
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£110 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£76 5/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£102 1/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£102
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 3/4
Victory bonds 4 per cent	£109 3/4
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£15 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£119
National Bank of India	£42 3/8
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/2

LONDON SEEDS

London, May 25

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f.	
May June sellers	£13-2-6
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f.	
May June sellers	£14-15-0
Linseed Bomb ay London c.i.f.	
May June sellers	£15-15-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f.	
May June sellers	£15-0-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f.	
May June sellers	£14-1-3

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 25

T T London on:—	
New York	4.94.30
Paris	110.48
Berlin	12.31 1/4
Madrid	85.56
Amsterdam	8.98 15/16
Brussels	29.30 3/4
Milan	93.90
Berne	21.61 3/4
Prague	141.87

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, May 25

Bank bills 3 months market rate Unchanged
Bank bills 6 months market rate Unchanged
Fine trade bills 3 months market rate Unchanged
Fine trade bills 6 months market rate Unchanged
Interest day to day loan Unchanged
Interest 7 days' market loan Unchanged

LINSEED OIL

London, May 25

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt June sellers	29/6
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt September December sellers	29/6

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 26

Following a decline of 14 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 236/12 for Broach J/A delivery and moved within a narrow range of annas eight with a restricted turnover. Low point reacted was Rs. 236/8 while high was Rs. 237. It appears that at the moment operators are not inclined to take any aggressive move and prices are likely to sag.

Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 3 points but it opened at a loss of 4 points. The local market was quiet with Broach J/A. quoted at Rs. 236/12. The market closed quiet but steady at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A	237 12 0
Broach A/M	241 4 0
Oomra July	227 0 0
Oomra D/J	220 4 0
Bengal July	197 4 0
Bengal D/J	183 8 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, May 26.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—					
Bengal U. P.		204	201	198	195
Punjab		204	201	198	195
Oomra No. 3	235	232	229	226	
C. P. No. 1	248	245	242	239	
C. P. No. 2	239	236	233	230	
Broach No. 2		241	239	236	233
Punjab-Ame.		249	247	244	241
Surat		300	298	295	292
Rajpipla		295	293	290	287
Navsari		310	308	305	302

eady Cotton Quotations

Bombay, May 26.

Bengal Superfine	205/207
Bengal Fine	201/203
C. P. 1	231/33
C. P. 2	226/28
Arvi	226/28
Ellichpur	224/26
Berar	221/24
Khamgaon	221/24
Mulkapur	218/21
Khandesh	214/18
Jalna/Sailu	214/18
Burwah Sanavad	221/24
Mathia	191/94
Broach Fine	237/42
Punjab/American	237/44
Punjab 289F.	307/17
Jagadia-Ankleshwar	287/92
Surat	297/302
Navsari	312/17
Kampala	429/32

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, May 26.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY. Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh		204,371
Central India	257	326,129
Barsi and Nagar	63	170,685
Hyderabad-Gaorani		98,313
Berar	419	558,799
Central Provinces	14	112,475
Total Oomras	753	1,470,772
Dholera	608	112,755
N.-W. Provinces		9,463
Rajputana	148	87,336
Sind-Punjab	2,249	323,303
Broach	1,856	326,450
Coompta and Dharwar	1,060	52,121
Westerns-Northerns	158	33,822
Cocoanada		141
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	300	11,955
Persian		14
American		11,437
Egyptian and African	67	318,061
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		22
Total	7,199	2,757,552

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY. 1st Sept. to 20th May.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year
Europe	1,812	408,111
Japan and China	5,803	1,161,237
Coast Ports		27,550
Up-country by Rail		211,584
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		80,743
Total	7,615	1,869,225

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, May 25

Broach July Aug opening 238 1/2; highest 239; lowest 237 1/2; closing 238
Broach A/M 1938 opening 241 3/4; highest 243; lowest 241 1/2; closing 242
Oomra July opening 227; highest 227 1/2; lowest 226 3/4; closing 227
Oomra D/J opening 221 1/2; highest 222; lowest 221; closing 221
Bengal July opening 197 1/4; highest 197 1/4; lowest 196 1/4; closing 197
Bengal D/J opening 184 1//2; highest 184 1/2; lowest 184; closing 184
Tejimandi for Broach July August (21-6-37) Rs. 6 1/2
Tejimandi for Broach July August (30-6-37) Rs. 8 1/4
Tejimandi for Broach April May (31-3-38) Rs. 29 1/4

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, May 26

May	271.90 plus 30
July	264.00 —190
August	261.80 —110
September	260 90 —100
November	258.00 —40

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, May 26

July	78.70
August	79.60

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 25-5-37	6661000	6864000
Receipts Yesterday 25-5-37	7000	12000
Exports to date 25-5-37	5294000	5684000
Stock at Ports 21-5-37	1427000	1684000
Stock at Interior Towns 21-5-37	1159000	1648000
Stock at Liverpool 21-5-37	928000	705000
Visible Supply 21-5-37	4125000	4508000
Quantity in sight 21-5-37	12544000	11857000
Quantity out of sight 21-5-37	11571000	10455000

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, May 26

Yesterday London gold prices declined 1/2d to £7-0-5 1/2. London Paris Exchange rate advanced 14 points at 110.48. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.94 5/32. London silver prices 1/8d. to 20 3/8d India and speculators bought. Offerings were small and the market was quiet but steady. Later the market was easy at 1/16 under fixed prices on Indian realising. Buyers were reserved. New York silver was 1/8 cent up at 45 cents and Montreal silver prices improved 5 points. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 1/2. The local market was quiet with scattered liquidation in silver but gold was steady with restricted turnover.

GOLD—	
Ready	34 10 6
Vaishakh	34 10 3
Jeth	34 7 9
Ashad	34 5 9
SILVER—	
Ready	52 7 6
Vaishakh	52 8 0
Jeth	52 10 6
Ashad	52 13 0

Montreal Silver

Montreal, May 25

May	45.25 plus 05
July	45.10 plus 05
September	45.20 plus 05

LONDON SILVER

London, May 25

Spot	20 3/8
Forward	20 7/16

LONDON GOLD

London, May 25

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-0-5 1/2

LONDON METALS

London, May 25

Copper	£ 60 15 0
Spelter	£ 24 5 0
Lead	£ 24 16 3
Tin	£252 10 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, May 26

London market quotations—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£63-0-0
Standard copper 3 months	£60-17-6
Electrolytic copper	£67-0-0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 43-0-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 59-4-0
Tone: Steady.	

U. S. Cotton Crop

Liverpool, May 26

Slightly warmer, light rains in Memphis district, weather very favourable. Forecast—Eastern Belt generally fair, all balance entire Belt partly cloudy.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, May 26.

Yesterday Liverpool wheat market ruled steady on reports of sales of Australian cargoes to the Continent but both Winnipeg and Chicago markets declined on increased selling influenced by reports of beneficial rains in U. S. A. and Canada. Australia and Argentine show favourable rains with prospects of increase in acreage. It is learnt that Russia is planting 124 3/4 million acres against 86 3/4 millions last year. Locally arrivals are fairly large and the offtake continues restricted. The market was quiet with a small turnover and quotations were as under:—

Linseed September	8 5 0
Wheat September	5 9 9
Wheat January	5 13 0

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, May 26

Groundnuts August	41 4 6
Castorseeds September	36 2 6
Cottonseed May	19 7 0
Cottonseed September	20 12 9

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, May 25

May	122 3/8c.
July	116 3/4c.
September	116c.

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, May 25

May	116 1/4d.
July	114 1/4d.
October	107 1/4d.

New York Sugar

New York, May 25

July	2.45 —03
September	2.47 —01
December	2.50 —01
January	2.41 plus 01

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, May 26

Ready Java	14 6 0
May June shipment	5 6 0
July September shipment	5 5 0
Oct Dec shipment	5 5 0
Kesar ready	10 15 0
Spot Java	F 5.90

Tenders For Sterling

On Wednesday, the 26th May 1937, tenders to the amount of £50,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d. were received and accepted in full.

£.1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 2nd June 1937 on the same conditions as previously announced.

LONDON RUBBER

London, May 25

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb. Sellers	10 3/16

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, May 25

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	6 1/4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, May 26

2 3/4 per cent	1948/52 100
3 per cent	1951/54 101/2
3 per cent	1941 Bonds 103
3 1/2 per cent	G P N Cash 95/15
3 1/2 per cent	1947/50 Loan 106
4 per cent	1943 Bonds 107
4 per cent	1960/70 Loan 110/10
4 1/2 per cent	1955/60 117/10
3 per cent	U P Bonds 97
3 per cent	1939/44 105/6
5 per cent	1940/13 108/2
5 1/2 per cent	1938/40 Loan 104/14
	TAX FREES
3 per cent	1945/55 119/6.
4 per cent	1953/63 111/8
5 1/2 per cent	1938 Mysore 104/12
5 per cent	1935 Mysore 122
	CORPORATION DEBENTURES
4 per cent	B P T 1974 107/8
4 per cent	M Deb 1974 106/8
5 per cent	M Deb 1949 117
5 per cent	1954 129
6 per cent	K P T 1956 129
6 1/2 per cent	B I T 1937 101/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes opened at Rs. 95/15 and closed steady at Rs. 95/13. Cash quotes about two annas higher.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, May 26

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—	
Bank's selling	T T D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying	T T 1/6 1/8
Bank's buying	D D 1/6 3/16
Bank's buying	3 months 1/6 7/32
NEW YORK:—	
Bank's selling	T T 269 1/4
Bank's buying	T T 267 1/8
PARIS:—	
Bank's selling	T T 826
Bank's buying	T T 841
JAPAN:—	
Bank's selling	T T 77 1/2 (1/8 lower from July.)
Bank's buying	T T 77
AMSTERDAM:—	
Bank's selling	D D 67 3/8
JAVA:—	
Bank's selling	D D 67 1/8
HUNGKONG:—	
Bank's selling	D D 83
SHANGHAI:—	
Bank's selling	D D 81 1/8
SINGAPORE:—	
Bank's selling	D D 156 1/4
BERLIN:—	
Bank's selling	D D 91 1/2
CROSS RATE:—	
New York London	4.94 1/4 25th instant
Japan London	1/2 26th instant
Hongkong London	1/2 29/32 26th instant
Shanghai London	1/2 1/2 26th instant
Java London	8.96 3/4 26th instant
London Paris	110.48 25th instant
London Belgium	29.30 3/4 25th instant
London Switzerland	21.61 3/4 25th instant
London Berlin	12.31 1/4 25th instant
London Stockholm	19.39 1/2 25th instant
London New York	4.94 30 25th instant
London Amsterdam	8.99 25th instant
London Italy	93.90 25th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—	Steady.
Gold	£7-0-6 24th instant
Gold	£7-0-5 1/2 25th instant
Silver London Ready	20 1/4 24th instant
Silver London Ready	20 3/8 25th instant
Silver London Forward	20 5/16 24th instant
Silver London Forward	20 7/16 25th instant
Silver New York Ready	45 24th instant
Silver New York Ready	45 25th instant
London Discounts 3 months	9/16 per cent 24th instant.
London Discounts 3 months	9/16 per cent 25th instant
London Discounts 6 months	11/16 per cent 24th instant
London Discounts 6 months	11/16 per cent 25th instant
Reserve Bank Rate	3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate	2 per cent
MONEY:—	
Call	3/4 per cent.
3 months	1 1/4 per cent.
6 months	1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—	Steady

Indian Sterling Loans

London, May 25

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	78 3/4
3 1/2 per cent	91 3/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	102
4 per cent 1948/53	106
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	110 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	114
5 per cent 1942/47	111
3 per cent 1949/52	98 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	76 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	102 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	102

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 23rd/24th May	6,470
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	2,750,353
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,621,392
Increase	128,961

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: July 196 October 191 at cross rate 4.94 5/32

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1937 237 Liverpool July 7.10 Rs. 72 1/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 241 Liverpool May 1938 Rs. 63 3/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach J/A 1937 237 New York July 12.66 Rs. 47 3/4 at cross rate 4.94 3/8

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1938 241 New York May 12.67 Rs. 44 at cross rate 4.94 5/32

LONDON PRODUCE

London, May 25

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe— May June sellers	45/9
Wheat Barletta Russo— May June sellers	45/9
Wheat South Australian— June sellers	46/6

PROFESSIONAL SUPPORT IN STEEL SHARES

Narrow Trading Session

Grinding Market Awaiting New Development

BOMBAY: May 26.

The Chairman's speech at yesterday's meeting of the Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., was very clear and informative without any reservations. Several ardent Bulls who counted on ad-interim dividends were disappointed. It is true that at present our Steel Industry is enjoying most satisfactory state, and if things continue as they stand at present, our industry will stand alright without any Government protection, but one sparrow does not make summer. A large portion of prospective profits will be required to meet additional need of capital for extension purposes. Thus chances of receiving multiple dividends are less, but this will be in the best interest of the company.

The local Share Bazar opened quiet to-day and declined few points on liquidation by disappointed bulls, but later on prices recovered on increased demand and short covering. On the whole the Market was steady with a fair amount of business in Tata Steel shares, but other Sections were dull with a restricted turnover and narrow fluctuations.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened to-day at Rs. 1,660 and declined to Rs. 1,630, but later on prices advanced to Rs. 1,680 on improved demand while Ordinary shares rallied to Rs. 361.

There was considerable nervousness among holders of B. B. Petrol shares. Extensive unloading forced down prices to Rs. 5/-. It is said that agency is changed but on enquiries we understand that the London chairman has resigned and the prospects of the Company are not considered satisfactory by the local shareholders. It was also rumoured in the market that the new venture in Africa does not indicate very good prospects. These rumours unnerved the holders and prices dropped owing to utter absence of buyers.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, May 26.

	Rs. as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	296 4
250 BOM DYEING (Rs. 25)	892-8
100 CENTURY	131-4
100 CEN INDIA (Rs. 4) XD	267 8
100 Cooria (Rs. 5.)	107 8
100 Cooria	107 8
250 David	75 0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	375 0
I. E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0-8-0
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	137 8
100 GOKAK (Rs. 2-8)	192 8
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1725 0
100 Indore	51 4
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	82 8
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	305 10
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	570 0
250 Madras United	11 0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	1,100 0
250 Model	56 4
50 MYSORE (Rs. 3)	118 12
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	231-4
100 Oosmanshahi (Re. 1)	51 0
100 Phoenix (10)	312 8
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	77 8
1000 Sholapur (Rs 50)	2,300 0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 1-2)	88 12
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 4)	241-4
100 Swan (nil)	103 12
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1300 0
1000 Western (Rs. 40.)	805 0
BANKS.	
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	109 8
25-500 Central (As. 12)	34-0
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1527 8
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	375 0
50-100 Indian (Rs. 2-8)	138-0
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-8)	129 8
6 Union (As. 4)	5 10
CEMENTS	
100 Associated	158 12
10 BUNDI (As. 10)	38-8
100 Coimbatore (Rs 10)	221 4
70 Gwalior (Rs. 4)	133-12
60 INDIAN (Rs. 24)	501-4
40 Katni Def (Rs 83-8-9)	2322 8
100 KATNI ORD. (Rs. 10)	382 8
75 Okha (Rs. 12)	298 12
10 PUNJAB (As. 12)	28-4
100 SHAHABAD (Rs. 15)	487 8
70 United (Rs. 5)	165 0
INSURANCE	
80-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	1635 0
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	15 0
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	43 2
20 Mercantile	55 0
200 Oriental (125)	5500 0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7 10
ELECTRIC.	
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	170 0
1,000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 45)	1655 0
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13 8
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	151 9
100 Bom. Suburban (Rs. 6)	190 0
10 Broach	14 4
100 Karachi (4)	267 8
100 Poona (4)	285 0
100 Surat (Rs 6)	208 12
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	178 2
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 40)	1433 12
RAILWAYS	
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	910 0
100 C. Province	96 0
100 Dhond Baramati	102 0
100 Gujarat	93 8
100 Mandra Bhon	97 8
100 Pachora Jamner	97 8
100 Sara Sirajgunj	101 0
500 Tapti Valley	766 4
MININGS	
10 SHIVRAJPUR (s. 8)	63 0
30 TATA STEEL DEF (Rs. 7-8)	1685 0
75 TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 6)	360 0
MISCELLANEOUS.	
100 ALCOCK (Rs 5) XD	300 0
50 B. SUGAR (Rs. 7)	163 12
200 B'bay Safe Dep (Rs 40)	900 0
250 BOM. STEAM (Rs 13-12)	276 4
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-8)	720 0
50 Do Conty (Rs. 6)	235 0
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5 1
50 B TELEPHONE (Re. 1-8)	116 0
9 Burma Corp (As. 8)	11 7
2sh. Indian Copper	3 5
10 Indian I. and Steel XD	44 0
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 3)	132 8
50 I. Invest. Trust (Rs. 2)	49 0
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	610 0
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	530 0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	616 8
15 Scindia (Re. 1)	26 8
30 PREMIER CON.	92 0
25 Tata Oil (nil)	25 8
PREFERENCE.	
7 p.c Andhra Valley	1510 0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	300 0
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (TF)	83 0
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	530 0
7 p.c Katni 1st	136 4
7 p.c Katni 2nd (2 Rs.)	146 4
7 1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	14 0
6-1/4 p.c Prem Const 1st	104 8
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const 2nd	99 0
7 p.c Tata Hydro	150 0
7½ p.c Tata Power	1515 0
6 p.c Tata Steel 1st	200 0
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	177 8
7 p.c Vishnu	692 8
DEBENTURES.	
3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101 0
6 p.c Andhra Valley	110 0
4 p.c. Bom Telephone	51 12
7 p.c. Sholapur	81 4
6 p.c Tata Hydro	110 0

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward List.)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, May 26

Century (182/8) 180 181
Bombay Dyeing (897/8) 890 880 886 888 892/8
Kohinoor (306/14) 305 303 305 303 305
Central India (273/12) 267 262 267
New Great (231/4) 228 231
Simplex (88/12) 87 88
Swadeshi (240) 240 237
Bundi (38/12) 37/10 38
I Cement (500) 495 500 492 500
Punjab (28/12) 28/12 28/4
Shahabad (482/8) 477 470 481 480 487
Andhra (1652/8) 1660 1655
Tata Hydro (179/6) 179 178
Tata Power (1435) 1430 1432 1430 1437 1430 1437
T Steel Defd (1665) ,660 1630 1645 1630 1645 1615 1672 1667 1685
T Steel Ord (355) 351 349 351 350 351 348/8 360
Tata Steel 2nd pref (177/8) 177/4 177/8
Bellapur (163/12) 160 164 165
B Steam (277/8) 273 276
B Burma (715) 710 715 710 720

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, May 25

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Ame Power and Light Com	9
Ame Power and Light Pfd 5 per cent A	47
Ame Forn Power Pfd 7 per cent	48
Electric Power and Light	17
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	80
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	36
Columbia Gas	12
American Tel and Tel	168
Western Union Telg	58
Baltimore and Ohio Railway	32
Chesapeake and Ohio Railway	56
Erie Railway	18
Great North Pfd Railway	54
New York Central Railway	45 1/4
Pennsylvania Railway	43
Southern Pacific Railway	53
Union Pacific Railway	142
Amr Tob B	79
R. C. A.	9
Delware and Hudson	43
St Regis Paper	9
U S Steel Pfd	135
Bethelehem Steel	88
Republican Steel	36
United States Steel	98
Anaconda Copper Mining	54 1/4
Int Nickel of Canada	60 1/2
Thompson Products	26
Chrysler	111
General Motors	56 1/2
Packard Motor	9
Consolidated Oil	15
Socony	19
Chase Bank	52 1/2
National City Bank	46 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	860
Crucible Steel	62
Youngstown Sheet	85
Amerex	27 3/4
National Steel	79
Ludlum Steel	31
United Gas Corporation	10

Market developed weakness, U. S. Steel leading. New and serious labour difficulties have risen in the steel industry and a strike appears inevitable in the Inland Steel Co. Turnover 840000 shares. U. S. Steel Pfd. has declared a dividend of dol 2 per share ex dividend on June 3rd.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MAY 27, 1937

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U.P Bye-Elections & Ministerialist Doubts

CAN THEY CAPTURE CONGRESS SEATS?

Sensational Disappearance Of Revenue Department Records

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, May 26.

"Constitutional Principle" is being upheld by the U. P. Governor not only by refusing to summon the Assembly but also by sitting tight over the election petitions arising out of the last elections despite public clamour.

About 27 election petitions are still hanging and the Government passed no order for their disposal yet. One petition is against Minister Raja Maheshwardyal Seth.

PUPPETS' FEARS

Apparently, the puppet Ministry is afraid of suffering further reverses in its thinning ranks through result of election petitions and bye-elections.

Election petitions have been filed against a number of Congressmen also, but even if these petitions are successful the Ministry does not hope to capture a single Congress seat.

It appears that the Governor is giving time to the puppet Ministers to win over the electorate for the impending bye-elections and to test the strength of the Congress.

It is reported that there has been sensational disappearance of some old records from the Revenue Board Office at Allahabad. Authorities of the Board are reported to have received an anonymous letter disclosing the fact and a Vakil from a Mofussil court also drew attention to these tamperings.

The Registrar is making urgent enquiries and is said to have been in telephonic communication with Nainital where the senior member of the Board is staying.

STUDENTS MUST QUIT SCOUT MOVEMENT

At the last urgent meeting of Executive Committee of the All-India Students' Federation (Bombay), the following resolution was passed unanimously:—

"This meeting is of the opinion that Lord Baden Powell's statement that "Indians lack in health, character, unity," is a gross insult to and deliberate misrepresentation of the Indian nation. It further opines that the Scout Movement, which after 25 years has not inculcated character and unity among its votaries, is a miserable failure; and hence calls upon the Indian youths and students, in the name of self-respect and their country's honour, to quit the movement and organise themselves into a National Volunteer Corps."

"Advance" Editor On Sedition Charge

CALCUTTA, May 25.

A summons to answer a charge under section 124-A (sedition), I.P.C. has been issued against the Editor, Printer and Publisher of the "Advance" in connection with a leading article entitled "India and Coronation" which appeared in its issue of May 5 last.

It may be recalled that the office of "Advance" was raided by the Special Branch police last Saturday when the manuscript copy of the alleged offending article as also several copies of the paper of May 5 were seized.

This is believed to be the first instance in India of prosecution of a newspaper editor for views expressed in regard to the Coronation.

The case is fixed for hearing on May 31.—United Press.

STATE PRISONER'S GOOD WISHES TO SUBHAS

DALHOUSIE, May 26.

The following telegram has been received by Sjt. Subhas Chandra Bose from Mr. Satindranath Sen, a State prisoner in Ambala Jail:

"Please concentrate on recouping your health which is a great national asset No worries over my troubles. These will retard your recovery, and may aggravate even."—United Press

BUDDHA, GREATEST SPIRITUAL FORCE

Presidential Address At Celebrations In Calcutta

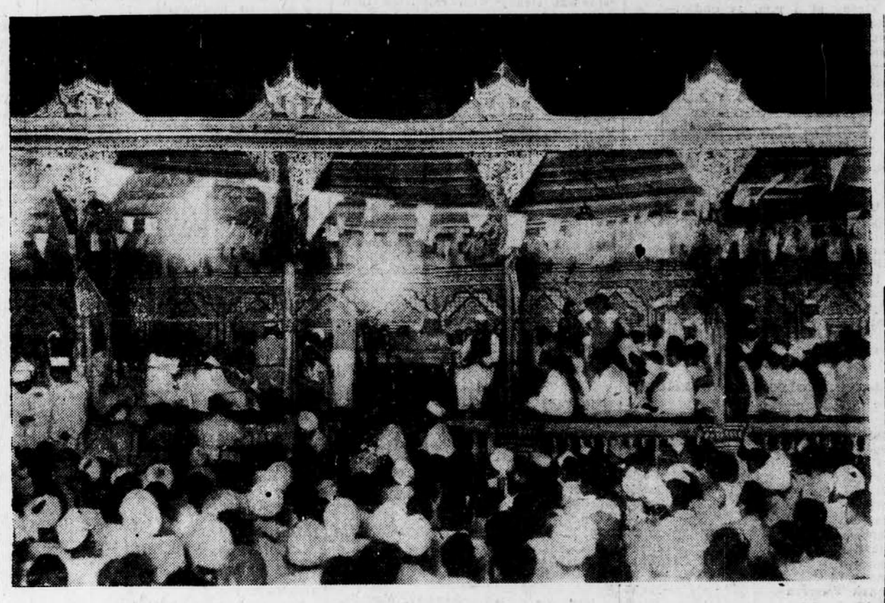
CALCUTTA, May 25

Dr. R. C. Majumdar, Vice-Chancellor of Dacca University, presided at the festival in commemoration of the birth of enlightenment and the passing away of Lord Buddha, which celebrated in the Mahabodhi Socity's Hall to-night.

Sir Manmatha Nath Mookerjee, Mr. Ramananda Chatterjee and the Dowager Maharani Mayurbhanj addressed the gathering.

Mr. Wordsworth, the acting editor of the "Statesman", said that a man, whatever might be his profession, must be in ignorance if he lived in India and yet did not feel what Lord Buddha did for the human race.

The President observed that he regarded Buddha as the greatest spiritual force in India and the ideal religious teacher.—A.P



Pandit Jawaharlal (seated on the dais) was given a civic reception at Mandalay. The President of Mandalay Municipality is seen reading the welcome address.

TRAIN SERVICE RESTORED

After about ten hours' traffic disorganisation, due to derailment of down goods train at 11-30 p.m. on Monday night near Jalgaon, the train service to and fro is now restored to normal condition.

The cause of derailment, it now appears, was due to dislocation of an axle in one of the wagons and the trouble developed between Mhasavad and Shirseli stations.

Eight wagons were stated to have been hooked up and when the axle trouble started and developed, two wagons were wrenched asunder from their "draw-ups" and overturned on the up line, while the remaining six completely blocked the down-line.

Information was immediately flashed to the Transportation Department at V. T. and a rescue train with a complement of engineers and a wagon of implements was hurried to the scene where operations immediately were taken in hand.

For nearly ten hours, men worked on the rails and ultimately whistles shrilled, green flags were waved, the guardsman gave the signal, spectators collecting on the railwaylines after boarding down from passenger trains to and fro, Bombay, were asked to stand back.

All the down and up trains were then, on the run again.

One by one, trains dribbled at V. T. The first train to arrive was the Calcutta Mail via Nagpur. It arrived at 4-45 p.m. It was due at V.T. at 7-30 a.m. Then the Calcutta Mail via Jubbulpore steamed in at 5-10 p.m. and hardly half an hour was over, the Punjab Mail whiffed in and drew up along one of the platforms, followed by the Nagpur Express.

As the down trains were also held, there was a traffic jam on the main platform of the V. T. Station, in the evening.

In the morning friends of the arrivals from Calcutta via Nagpur and via Jubbulpore waited for hours together and barricaded the "Enquiries Office" making anxious enquiries about the up trains. They were informed that due to derailment of a goods train at Jalgaon, both the down and up passenger trains were held up.

Those leaving Bombay also collected at the Victoria Terminus Station, as the down line had not been cleared up for a considerable time. In the evening there was a mix-up of jaded passengers.

One of the passengers told our representative that due to sultry weather and very little amenities at that out-of-the way station they had had a hard time.

Both the Calcutta Mails, the Punjab Mail, the Nagpur Express and the Lucknow Peshawar Express left Bombay on Tuesday night and the Calcutta Mails, the Punjab Mail and the Nagpur Express were subjected to this delay.

No one was injured, although some damage to the goods was incurred.

SUBHAS' CONGRESS FUND

Rs. 15,000 Collected So Far

CALCUTTA, May 25.

At a crowded public meeting to-night, the Mayor of Calcutta presiding an appeal was made for subscriptions to the Subhas Congress Fund.

It was emphasised that by subscribing to the fund they would strengthen the Congress movement in Bengal. It was announced that Rs 15,000 has now collected so far.

Mrs. Nellie Sen-Gupta and Mrs. Amrit Kaur were present.—A.P.

THE INDIAN SNAKE

No longer wants to dance to imperial tune —German Paper.

JAWAHAR LEAVES FOR CALCUTTA

Singapore Accords Rousing Reception

SINGAPORE, May 26.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was greeted by huge excited crowds on his arrival here and he had the utmost difficulty in leaving the station. He was taken in a procession all through the city and presented with addresses.

He is attending an open air meeting this afternoon.

He leaves on May 27 and has decided to go to Calcutta from Penang by steamer.—A.P.

Nominated M. L. C. And Wife Assaulted

CUTTACK, May 26.

According to a Parlikimedi message Mr. Harapani Jena, a nominated member of the Orissa Legislature was seriously injured and his wife slightly injured in a local disturbance, details of which are not available.

A Russelkonda report states that 500 houses were burnt in Gerada village, rendering three-thousand homeless.—A.P

6 Die In Pit Accidents

DHANBAD: May 25.

Two of the five miners injured in the explosion in Jinagora Colliery have died as a result of severe burns.

The condition of another is precarious, but the remaining two are recovering.

It appears that the men were injured while loading coal inside the mine when the explosion occurred.

Apart from the accident at Jinagora, four people were killed and an equal number injured in different collieries during the week ending May 23.—A.P.

UNEMPLOYMENT IN BIHAR

Deputation Waits On Premier

PATNA, May 26.

A deputation on behalf of the Bihar and Orissa Unemployment Association waited this afternoon on the Bihar Premier, Mr. Yunus. Among other things the deputationists suggested the creation of an unemployment portfolio and undertaking of an industrial and economic survey of the province. The Premier gave a sympathetic hearing and promised to give consideration to the deputationists' demands.—A.P.

WAZIR KILLED AT FRONTIER

ABBOTTABAD, May 25.

According to telephonic information received here a police head-constable accompanied by a village party located two armed Wazirs in Pezu area.

In a fight, which ensued one Wazir was killed and two rifles recovered from him. The other Wazir escaped, but was captured by another party. He was also carrying two rifles.—A.P.

Rustication Not To Be Removed Before Surrender

AMRITSAR, May 25.

Picketing outside the Khalsa College was intensified to-day, the eighth day of the students' strike. Picketers lay in front of Sir Sunder Singh Majithia, Revenue Minister, the Punjab and the President of the College Council when he was entering and coming out of the College leaving his car outside.

Students attending classes have formed an anti-picketing party.

The Principal has told the strike leaders that he is not prepared to withdraw the rustication order till the strikers apologise.

Orders of rustication against two strikers have been withdrawn on their tendering apology.—A. P.

Special Powers Can't Be Ignored

Haig's Reply To Deputation Against Abandonment Of Naini Exodus

NAINI TAL: May 26.

"It is true that there are certain special responsibilities of the Governor in connection with which it may, in the last resort, be his duty to differ from the advice tendered to him by his Ministers. But in the first place, I should like to emphasise that these special responsibilities are strictly limited in scope. They are in the main three:

First is to prevent any grave menace to peace or tranquillity of the Province; second, to safeguard the legitimate interests of the minorities and third, to secure the rights of members of Public Services and to safeguard their legitimate interests," said His Excellency Sir Harry Haig, replying to the deputation of representatives of the citizens of Naini Tal, requesting His Excellency to reconsider the decision of Government not to move its Headquarters this year to Naini Tal.

His Excellency said that he was aware of the decision that caused considerable disturbance in the expectations of trade which was regretted greatly by his Government and himself personally. His Excellency felt sure that they fully understood the constitutional principles that governed the decision in a case like this.

His Excellency said "The New Constitution must always be difficult to understand until it has been working for some time. Old ideas and habits of thought die slowly and, amidst great flood of discussion on constitutional issues that has been poured out in newspapers during the past two months, I feel that there is a great deal of misunderstanding of the position which has been established by the New Constitution.

I trust, therefore, before I deal with your specific request, you will bear with me while I state that seems to me to be the sum of the basic facts of the constitutional position and try, if I may, remove certain prevalent misconceptions".

Constitutional Key

The constitutional key to the Government of India Act is to be found not in the Act itself, but in the Instrument of Instructions which has been issued to the Governors. This Instrument has a special validity of its own for it has been submitted to the British Parliament and approved by it.

Paragraph eight of the Instrument defines in clear terms the responsibility that the constitution places on the Ministers and the responsibility it places on the Governors It is in virtue of this paragraph of the Instrument of Instructions that Minister exercise their powers over the whole field of policy and administration.

In the Act itself all executive powers of the Government are attributed formally to the Governor. The Instrument of Instructions explains to what extent it is obligatory that these powers should be exercised on the advice of the Council of Ministers, and in what circumstances the Governor is authorised to differ from such advice.

No Question Of Rejection

The general principle plainly stated in that paragraph subject to certain clear exceptions, is that in all matters within the scope of the executive authority of the province, the Governor shall in exercise of the powers conferred upon him be guided by the advice of his Ministers. In a case like the decision which we are considering this morning of the move of the Government to Naini Tal it is quite plain that the Governor is bound to accept the advice of his Ministers. This in fact is the normal case throughout field of policy

I see that from time to time the Governors have been commended for their liberal outlook in accepting the programmes and policies that have been put forward by their Ministers. Now it is seldom that the Governor in these days receives any commendations of this kind, and should be sorry indeed to discourage those who are disposed to think well of the Governors. But I am constrained to confess that so far at any rate as it concerns the comprehensive and liberal programme put forward by my own Council of Ministers, no question of acceptance or rejection arises.

BOUND BY INSTRUMENT OF INSTRUCTIONS

I am plainly bound by my Instrument of Instructions to be guided over the whole of this field of policy by the advice of my Ministers. Such experience as I may have in administration generally, or knowledge of the details of particular problems are always at the service of my Ministry. But in our discussion I am sure that there is not present in the minds of any of us the idea that I have had to be persuaded to accept a particular policy. Responsibility for policy is recognised by all of us as being that of the Ministers.

SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITY

"It is true that there are certain special responsibilities of the Governor in connection with which it may in the last resort be his duty to differ from the advice tendered to him by his Ministers. But in the first place I should like to emphasise that these special responsibilities are strictly limited in scope are in the main three. The first is to prevent any grave menace to the peace or tranquillity of the Province; the second, to safeguard the legitimate interests of the Minorities, and the third to secure the rights of members of the Public Services and to safeguard their legitimate interests.

GIVE AND TAKE.

"Nw we may reasonabily assume that the ministry would not deliberately wish to take action which would have any of the results thus guarded against, and that such objects woudd not form part of their settled policy, if, therefore, any difference of opinion were to arise between the Governor and his Ministers on any such matter, it would presumably be a difference as to the probable effect of certain measures proposed, or perhaps a difference in the line of approach to some problem. My experience is that when such differences of opinion are talked out frankly, in many cases agreement is reached without difficulty, as the difference is found to rest on some misunderstanding or lack of appreciation on the one side or the other. In more difficult cases I should hope that each side would remember the responsibilities, and in consequence the limitations on action, of the other. While I hope that by ministers will bear in mind the difficulties of my own position, I shall continually bear in mind theirs.

"If difficulties are approached on both sides in this spirit, I see no reason why we should anticipate reaching a position that would lead to a serious political crisis.

LIGHT-HEARTED TALK.

"There is a tendency I would suggest, to talk much too lightheartedly of such a crisis arising. I am sure that it would be the main endeavour both of the Governor and his ministers to avoid such a misfortune. Finally I would say again that while I have considered the possible results of differences of opinion where the Governor's special responsibilities are involved, there is no obvious reason why these responsibilities should arise at all over the wide

(Continued on page 9 Col 5.

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